"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Unsettled, warmer today; showers Friday; moderate to brisk south winds.
For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,585. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

SAYS MELLEN DAZED NEW HAVEN BOARD

Rushed His Deals Through, J. S. Elton Testifies in Interstate Commission Inquiry.

ELLIOTT'S WAYS DIFFERENT

And Directors Now Direct—William Skinner Tells Why He Would Not Beard Morgan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—James S. Elton of Waterbury, Conn., and William Skinner of Holyoke, Mass., Directors of the New Haven Railroad, were examined today before Interstate Commerce Commissioner McChord in the investigation of the system's financial operations authorized by Congress. The questions put to them were mainly for the purpose of testing the accuracy of the statements made by former President Charles S. Mellen two weeks ago.

The proceedings were enlivened by the appearance of William Nelson Cromwell as attorney for the witnesses. He endeavored to demonstrate that Chief Counselor Folk had made the large transactions of the New Haven system in compassing the consolidation of steam lines, trolleys, and steamships in New England appear as a gigantic wrong when in fact they had been justified by circumstances and every effort had been made to avoid violation of the anti-trust law.

Chief Counselor Folk presented a series of telegrams sent from unknown persons in Boston to President Wilson, Secretary Bryan, Attorney General McReynolds, various Senators, Congressmen, and newspaper correspondents, charging that Mr. Folk was concealing large payments to Boston newspapers by the New Haven for the purpose of creating sentiment in favor of legislation desired by the New Haven, permitting the consolidation of the Massachusetts trolley lines and the acquisition of the Boston & Maine Railroad. The consideration alleged for the course imputed to Mr. Folk was newspaper support in his Presidential candidacy.

Mr. Folk denounced the author of the charges as guilty of falsehood, and denied that he had been influenced by the motive imputed to him. He said that every effort had been made by the telegraph company to discover who had written and sent the dispatches, but beyond the fact that they were brought to the telegraph office in New York by a woman, and that the man whose name was signed to one set of dispatches denied all knowledge of them, nothing could be learned as to the charges.

Member of "Damn Fool Family."

Mr. Elton confined his testimony largely to monosyllables, either affirming or denying statements made by President Mellen, but now and then he expressed himself with startling frankness.

"What was it you told your son after you had voted for some of these deals?" queried Mr. Folk toward the end of the examination.

"Oh, I told him I had lived 76 years, only to find out that I belonged to the Damn Fool family," replied Mr. Elton.

Mr. Elton said he was a Director of the New England Navigation Company as well as of the New Haven road. Asked if he could tell the difference between a meeting of one board and a meeting of the other, he replied:

"Well, the same men were on both boards. One was called the New Haven meeting and the other the Navigation Company. We just passed from one to the other."

"Were you confused at times and unable to tell which board meeting you were attending?" asked Mr. Folk.

"I was always confused. I am hard of hearing and they went so fast I could not keep up."

Mr. Elton said he did not know the subsidiaries of the New Haven numbered 336, and that when he sought information as to the operations of those companies and other matters in connection with them he did not meet with much success.

He was unable to throw any light on the Billard deal by which it is asserted that John L. Billard took the stock of the Boston & Maine road when it was found the New Haven could not hold it and when the law was remedied and the clouds had rolled by refused to give up a difference in price of the stock amounting to $2,700,000.

Meeting Moved Too Fast.

"I talked with Mellen about it," said the witness. "The meetings moved along so fast when the Directors met that I couldn't keep up and understand everything. I talked with Mellen about the Billard deal, which I never did understand. Mellen said my head was too thick to understand it at all."

Asked as to the transactions involving 160,948 shares of Boston & Maine stock, in which there was a profit of $2,748,700, Mr. Elton testified it was his understanding at the time that the profit belonged to the New Haven Road and not to Billard.

Mr. Folk read the minutes of a meeting of the Directors on Oct. 8, 1909, which showed the New Haven was to get the profit from the deal, except a reasonable compensation to Mr. Billard for his services. Mr. Elton said he thought the meetings were correct and that they expressed his understanding of what took place.

"What was your understanding as to what Mr. Billard was to get and of the transaction?" asked Mr. Folk.

"Only that he was to have a reasonable profit."

"Was there any discussion of the amount of the profit by the board?"

"That was left to the Executive Committee."

"The board would then leave such matters to the Executive Committee?"

"Yes, practically."

The witness volunteered the information that the Directors had learned a good deal since those rapid times of one-man rule.

"They are not taking one man's word now," he said. "The Directors direct. Then the head of the road is a very different man. Mr. Mellen's ambition ran away with him. Mr. Elliott is a much more deliberate man than Mr. Mellen. He doesn't go with such a rush. He doesn't carry members of the board off their feet."

He said that in common with other Directors he had disapproved of many deals that had been made on authority of the late J. P. Morgan's advice and direction. Mr. Morgan dominated the New Haven Board of Directors, and although the Directors discussed the reports of the committee recommending the purchase of various roads, no one had the courage to take up the question of the wisdom of such investments with Mr. Morgan himself.

Angry, but Wouldn't Beard Morgan.

Mr. Elton told how he and others in the board were astonished when they were told by President Mellen that Mr.

Continued on Page 3.

ICE DELAYS AQUITANIA.

She Practically Stops for Three Hours—A Very Fast Vessel.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON BOARD THE STEAMSHIP AQUITANIA, June 3, via Sable Island.—While passing the ice region last night the Aquitania practically stopped for three hours. The day's run was 527 knots.

A pretty compliment was paid to the ship by the Right Hon. Lord Eversley, who is nearly 82 years old and who presided at tonight's concert. Lord Eversley, who was a well-known Minister under Gladstone, said an old man could have no better holiday than to cross in such a vessel as the Aquitania.

F. W. Whitridge of New York proposed a vote of thanks to Lord Eversley, who will return to England on the Aquitania.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON BOARD THE STEAMSHIP AQUITANIA, June 3, via Cape Race.—The Aquitania is developing speed that was scarcely expected. Yesterday's run was 602 knots. The average so far is better than what the Lusitania accomplished on her maiden trip.

Several friends on board sent wireless messages to Col. Roosevelt, who passed on the Olympic, but the ex-President had apparently retired and did not answer.

The first dance on board is now in full swing on a deck as steady as any ballroom floor on land.

A wireless dispatch received by the Cunard Company's agents in this city yesterday from Capt. W. T. Turner, commander of the Aquitania, read as follows:

"Excellent progress so far. Everything is working smoothly. The steadiness and absence of vibration are phenomenal. There is dancing at night as if in harbor. The highest speed in twenty-four hours has been 24.24 knots. The average throughout the voyage has been 23.51 knots."

HALIFAX, N. S., June 3.—Icebergs are still numerous in the west-bound transatlantic steamer lane off the Grand Banks, according to Capt. Quinan of the United States revenue cutter Miami, which returned today from the ice patrol. The icebergs are now melting rapidly, he said, and early disintegration is in sight. Some of the icebergs traveled at a rate of eighteen miles a day, going east as far as the forty-eighth meridian, then south.

SHE PUTS BAN ON SPOONING

Bayonne's Policewoman Won't Permit It in Public Parks.

Although she became a policewoman by accident, Miss Ruth McAdie of Bayonne, N. J., has taken up the task of enforcing the law within her jurisdiction in earnest. The jurisdiction comprises the parks of Bayonne, which are under the supervision of the Bayonne Playground Commission, of which she is Secretary.

Miss McAdie began her police career by going after the careless persons who throw trash on the grass, the children who pull the flowers, and the boys who "shoot craps" on the walks. Yesterday she issued this new edict:

"There must be no spooning in the parks under penalty of the law."

She says she will enforce this order, and that those who think park benches were made for spooning will fare badly under her administration. To remove temptation as far as possible Miss McAdie first had electric lights put up in the darkest corners of City Park. Those who are determined enough to seek out the few remaining dark spots in the park or who are brazen enough to spoon under the glare of an electric light, she says, will be regarded and treated as incorrigible offenders and made to appreciate the full extent of her police powers.

Miss McAdie has had these powers since April 24 last. At that time Mayor Albert Daly of Bayonne appointed every one named on the list of the Playground Commission membership to the police force, and Miss McAdie's name as "R. McAdie" was at the foot of the list. Mayor Daly thought the name was that of a man, but when he had discovered his mistake he refused to revoke Miss McAdie's appointment. He rather liked the idea of having a policewoman on the force, he said.

OLD ACTOR HIT BY AUTO.

H. W. Everett Knocked Down While Crossing Upper Broadway.

While crossing Broadway at 142d Street yesterday afternoon Henry W. Everett, 70 years old, a retired actor, who at one time was stage director for Mme. Modjeska and who now lives at 411 West 145th Street, was knocked down by an automobile owned and operated by Dr. David Friedman of 808 West End Avenue. After treatment at Washington Heights Hospital Mr. Everett was removed to his home. His injuries, though painful, were not regarded as serious.

Mr. Everett had been walking on Riverside Drive and turned into 142d Street to go home. He waited for an automobile to pass, and then started to run across the street, but ran directly into the path of Dr. Friedman's auto. Dr. Friedman took Mr. Everett into his car and drove with him to the Washington Heights Hospital.

WILL HECTOR DR. BUSTARD.

Club Women's Protest Against Rockefeller Pastor's Colorado Attitude.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 3.—"What is the relation of Christ to the unions? Are the Colorado mines conducted as Christ would have them?"

These are the questions 1,450 members of the Home Protection Equal Suffrage Club plan to ask Dr. W. W. Bustard, pastor of John D. Rockefeller's Euclid Avenue Baptist Church, during church services. The questions were drawn as a protest to the recent sermon in which Dr. Bustard defended the action of John D. Rockefeller in refusing to act in the Colorado mine trouble.

Mrs. Albert H. Gilbert, President of the club, today issued a call to the wives of all Cleveland union men to join the mass meeting of protest at the church. Twenty members of the Suffrage Club have volunteered to debate with Dr. Bustard. A meeting of the Executive Committee is to be held at the home of Mrs. Gilbert tomorrow to decide on how Sunday the club shall march on Dr. Bustard's Church.

500 WAIT TO DUCK I. W. W. MEN IN RIVER

Tar Laid in Tarrytown Square to Balk Agitators for Whom Guards Watch Station.

RECTOR WITHDRAWS OFFER

Mr. Cates, Submitting to Trustees, Cancels Berkman Invitation to Church—Row in White Plains.

The people of Tarrytown were so stirred up yesterday against the I. W. W. that they spread fresh tar an inch deep in Fountain Square, where the agitators had declared they would make a "free speech stand." They also gathered 500 strong at the Tarrytown station last night to watch for incoming I. W. W. members.

Agitators were expected for the reason that Alexander Berkman, their leader, and twenty followers spent the afternoon in White Plains, attempting to visit the thirteen prisoners confined there, circulating handbills defaming the Tarrytown authorities and shouting up messages of encouragement to the prisoners, who could be seen through the narrow windows of the jail.

While waiting for the agitators to arrive the people at the station made no secret of their plans to seize them and throw them into the Hudson River, a little distance away. They disbanded only when the last of the evening trains had arrived.

Members of various church congregations urged their pastors to take action against the Rev. J. E. Cates, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, a Harvard graduate, who invited Alexander Berkman and the other agitators to state their case either in his church or in the church yard, adjoining it, next Saturday.

In the village besides Mr. Cates there were nine clergymen, and without a single dissenting vote they expressed themselves at a special meeting as heartily against the plan to welcome the I. W. W. to a Tarrytown church. They held that this action on the part of the Rev. Mr. Cates, who is the youngest clergyman in the village, both in years and in service, was not showing a proper spirit of co-operation with the efforts of the Tarrytown police and other officials to keep the village free from I. W. W. invasions.

Mr. Cates at first held that it was much wiser to permit the agitators to have their say than to try to prevent them. With this view, some of the other clergymen expressed sympathy, but they urged that the village had committed itself to a policy which it would be advisable to carry through to the end, whatever might be the cost. Those who voted asking their brother clergyman to withdraw his invitation to Berkman were the Rev. Messrs. Charles H. Ashmead, Lucas Boeve, E. L. Kaiser, Arthur T. Brooks, who is pastor of the church which John D. Rockefeller and John D. Rockefeller, Jr., attend; J. J. Henry, R. C. Hatch, Samuel Darnblyn, and J. K. Allen.

Mr. Cates gave the clergymen partial promise that he would withdraw the invitation. He said he did not feel, as the youngest clergyman in the village, that he ought "to fly in the face of the common sentiment of his brother clergymen." He would submit the question to the trustees of his church, he promised, and if they were opposed to him he would withdraw the invitation.

Rector Withdraws Invitation.

The church trustees were called together at night, and in a long and stormy session they debated the action of the Rev. Mr. Cates in issuing an invitation for a meeting of a non-religious character without consulting them. Those present were Robert E. Hopkins, whose father was a notable business foe of John D. Rockefeller; John A. Miller, Michael J. Lynch, Edward G. Gieberson, Anson Dolen, and J. S. Sydal. They voted unanimously against welcoming the I. W. W. men both on the grounds that it was discourteous to the village authorities to do so, and on the grounds that "you cannot reason with such wild-eyed people."

Mr. Cates announced at the conclusion of the trustees' meeting that he would bow to the will of those voting against him and would withdraw the offer to meet Berkman. His decision brought a distinct feeling of relief to the village officials and to most of the members of his congregation.

The I. W. W. men did not risk appearing in Tarrytown, but were represented by three squads who passed 5,000 handbills around the village. The handbill passers, it turned out, were women who worked so quickly through the outlying sections before they approached the centre of the village, that their presence did not become known until it was too late to arrest them.

Here is a sample of the bills they left on doorsteps:

A DEMAND FOR FREE SPEECH.

Our forefathers fought and bled to establish liberty in this country.

Shall we allow policemen to rob us of our heritage? Shall President Pierson of Tarrytown be allowed to usurp powers denied to Congress and the Legislature of New York State?

The Constitution of the United States declares: "Congress shall make no laws abridging the freedom of speech or the press or the right of the people peaceably to assemble."

The Constitution of the State of New York declares: "Every citizen may freely speak, write, or publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right; and no law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press."

Yet, in spite of these clear and uncompromising declarations of our National and State Constitutions, free speech has been trampled under foot in Tarrytown.

The law-breakers are not the anarchists, but the authorities of Tarrytown.

We appeal to the public through this manifesto to assist us to reinstate the right of free speech in Tarrytown.

FREE SPEECH LEAGUE.
ANTI-MILITARIST LEAGUE.
FRANCISCO FERRER ASS'N.

Rally at White Plains Jail.

In White Plains Berkman and his associates gave Sheriff Doyle and a large force of deputies a busy afternoon. Berkman went to White Plains, he announced, primarily to test the prison rules regarding visits to prisoners. He asked to see Becky Edelson, and was admitted to the jail. Others who trailed behind him asked to visit a list of persons, which indicated that nearly all the conspicuous I. W. W. leaders were among those confined under John Doe aliases.

A pale and worn young woman asked to visit Arthur Plunkett, a Cornell graduate, who had become one of the wildest of the I. W. W. leaders. She was

Continued on Page 3.

Realism Has Had Its Day; Romance Is Coming Back.

But, adds Justin Huntly McCarthy, the improbably wicked villain and the impossibly virtuous heroine will never return.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

Also Wm. H. Taft on "The Rule of Reason," and rotogravure pictures of the little known Mexico of peace.

TOLLS ARBITRATION WINS IN COMMITTEE

President's Views Are Disregarded and the Senate Must Now Decide Question.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—For the first time since he entered the White House President Wilson's views were disregarded today by the formal vote of a Congress committee on an important subject, when the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations ordered a favorable report on Senator Sutherland's amendment to the Tolls Repeal bill referring the whole controversy to arbitration.

Except for the President's known opposition to the amendment, the committee's action was not particularly significant, as several opponents of repeal voted with the minority, not because they favored the President's contention, but because they thought even arbitration involved a surrender of American international rights.

Senator O'Gorman of New York, Chairman of the Committee on Interoceanic Canals and leader of the fight against repeal, was one of these. He said afterward that he did not believe the committee's action would change the course of the bill through the Senate, though it was probable that extended debate on the amendment would be encouraged by the favorable vote of what was regarded as one of the most important committees of the Senate.

Those voting against the Sutherland amendments were Senators Stone of Missouri, O'Gorman of New York, Pomerene of Ohio, Swanson of Virginia, and Smith of Arizona, Democrats, and Smith of Michigan, Republican. Senator Borah of Idaho was not present, but later notified Senator Stone, Chairman of the Committee, that he wished to be recorded as having voted against the resolution.

Those voting for the amendment were Senators Hitchcock of Nebraska, Williams of Mississippi, and Saulsbury of Delaware, Democrats, and Lodge of Massachusetts, Root of New York, McCumber of South Dakota, Sutherland of Utah, and Burton of Ohio, Republicans.

An amendment providing that the President may impose additional tolls on foreign vessels using the Panama Canal to offset the amount of subsidy paid by foreign nations was introduced by Senator Norris of Nebraska, a Republican, but the proposal is not expected to receive much consideration.

An effort will be made to dispose of the tolls controversy in the Senate without proceeding to night sessions. Some irritation has been manifested at the suggestion, and it is possible that an effort to force night sessions would consume quite as much time as would actually be devoted to the question at after-dinner sessions.

Much amusement was occasioned this afternoon when Senator Simmons of North Carolina, a Democrat, to whom President Wilson deputed the task of putting the Tolls Repeal bill through the Senate, made an extended answer to the critics of the bill. Mr. Borah, a Republican, replied by simply reading from The Congressional Record of Aug. 6, 1912, to show that Senator Simmons then worked assiduously in behalf of tolls exemption. At that time Mr. Simmons laid stress on an argument that where doubt existed respecting the meaning of an international contract the doubt should be resolved in favor of the United States. Senator Simmons said today that he had not studied the question as carefully in 1912 as he had since, and that in recent months a flood of light had illumined his perception.

Violently taking the other side, Senator Vardman, of Mississippi, a radical Democrat, said that while the Democratic Party was in the hey-day of its existence President Wilson resolved upon a new policy of his own, formed without consultation with his party, and proclaimed without the consent of the people who elected him, so far as the canal tolls question was concerned. This policy, he said, involved a direct and complete repudiation of that part of the platform which exempted from the payment of tolls American ships in coastwise trade.

"I believe that if this bill is driven through the Senate," said he, "the day the President signs it, if he does not sign the death warrant of his party, it will be the warrant which will remove the party from power for years to come."

NO SEAT, NO FARE WINS.

High Jersey Court Upholds Passenger's Refusal to Pay.

TRENTON, N. J., June 3.—A passenger who refuses to pay a fare on a railroad train unless provided with a seat is not a disorderly person within the meaning of the act of 1911, according to an opinion filed today in the Supreme Court by Justice Swayze, setting aside the conviction of Calvin Burns.

Burns boarded a crowded car of the Atlantic City & Shore Railroad at Pleasantville. He refused to pay his fare on the ground that he had no seat, and remained on the car, although he might have alighted at two regular stops.

There was no declaration that Burns entered the car with the intention of traveling without paying his fare, nor was there proof that he had violated any rule of the company. Upon these, two grounds primarily Justice Swayze held that the conviction should be set aside.

The act of 1911 was passed to protect railroads from trespassers. Justice Swayze held that to come within the offenses covered by the law it must be shown that the alleged trespasser was on the property of the railroad in violation of its rules and with the intention of traveling without paying fare or of committing larceny, violence, and destruction, or of threatening, intimidating, or assaulting travelers or other persons.

The various kinds of misconduct enumerated in the act, Justice Swayze said, are such as might naturally be expected from trespassers, but not such as might naturally be expected from passengers.

BIG FINANCIERS QUIT SMALL LOAN BANKS

Astor and Carnegie Among Opponents of Plans for Concern Which Will Reorganize.

The Industrial Finance Corporation, which was formed last February with Vincent Astor, Andrew Carnegie, Oscar S. Straus, and W. D. Sloane, on its board of Directors to establish throughout the country a chain of banks to lend money to reputable workmen and small merchants so as to drive out loan sharks, will be reorganized under new management at a meeting in the Guaranty Trust Company building to be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

It was learned yesterday that some of the Directors, including Mr. Astor, Mr. Carnegie, Mr. Straus, Julius Rosenwald of Chicago, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, Mr. Sloane, Theodore P. Shonts, L. S. Fuller, Edwin S. Marston, President of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, have withdrawn from the corporation. Their places will be filled at the meeting today.

According to the first announcement of the plans for the organization given to THE NEW YORK TIMES last January, by Dr. E. R. L. Gould, the chain of banks was to be established after the model of the so-called Morris banks, founded in about fifteen Southern cities by Arthur J. Morris, of Norfolk, Va. Mr. Morris became President of the Industrial Finance Corporation, which was incorporated in February under the laws of Virginia to supervise these banks and to extend them throughout the country.

The banks were to lend to reputable workmen and small merchants sums ranging from a minimum of $50, at 6 per cent. interest, with no other security than the character of the applicant, but his note was to bear two indorsements. In addition the borrower was to make small weekly deposits in the bank to pay off his note. The profit of the bank was to come through the interest charged, and through the use of the money deposited by borrowers.

The first two persons to withdraw from the original list of Directors were Dr. Gould and Joseph S. Auerbach. They were opposed, it was said, to the plan of management set forth in the articles of incorporation, whereby the voting control was to be shared equally between the common stockholders and the preferred stockholders. They felt that the voting control should be on a basis of dollar for dollar invested, and that since there was to be $2,000,000 of preferred stock and only $800,000 of common stock, it would not be fair to allow the holders of the common stock, who had invested little, to have the same voice in the management as the preferred stockholders. The common stock, it was said yesterday, was subscribed for largely by the Southern interests, and the preferred stock by men in New York.

According to one of the Directors who withdrew, the original plan to which he subscribed contemplated, first, a philanthropic undertaking, conducted on business principles. Dr. Gould, as Chairman of the Directors, felt that the new plan of control tended to emphasize the business aspect of the undertaking and to make the philanthropic feature subordinate. It was said yesterday by one of those connected with the new management that Dr. Gould and Mr. Auerbach were among those who signed the articles of incorporation, containing the new plan of voting control. The plan was adopted largely in order to allow the interests already connected with the existing banks in the South to maintain a voice in the new corporation.

Among the members of the former Board of Directors who stayed in the corporation, it was said yesterday, were Stephen C. Millet, one of the Vice Presidents; Charles H. Sabin, Temporary Treasurer, and Arthur J. Morris, the founder of the Morris plan banks. E. H. Outerbridge, who had been one of the Vice Presidents of the organization, left in the corporation the money he had pledged as his subscription. Bishop Greer, another of the original Directors, was said yesterday to have withdrawn with Dr. Gould, but it was asserted that he rejoined the enterprise when the fact that it was to continue under new management was brought to his attention.

The Executive Committee as it now stands, includes Mr. Sabin as Chairman, Willard D. Straight of J. P. Morgan & Co., Arthur Hagen, and Arthur J. Morris, Raymond Du Puy, President of the Virginia Railways; Herbert L. Satterlee, and W. R. Craig, a Southern cotton merchant. Other leading business men of the city and country will be added to this committee at the meeting today.

Clark Williams, ex-Superintendent of Banks and formerly Vice President of the Columbia Trust Company, it was said yesterday, would be elected President today.

PUJO BILL TOO DRASTIC.

Committee Members Hesitate to Report Stock Exchange Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Senator Owen of Oklahoma, Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, is having trouble in getting the needed signatures from members of the committee for a report he has prepared on an amended form of the Pujo bill regulating stock exchanges. That bill would bar from the mails and from interstate wires all accounts of transactions on exchanges not regulated according to the provisions of the bill.

This drastic regulation, with the autocratic power it would vest in the Postmaster General for its enforcement, has aroused widespread opposition in committee. On the Democratic side Mr. Hitchcock of Nebraska, who is a newspaper proprietor, feels that the bill tends heavily toward a censorship of the press and opposes it on constitutional grounds. Mr. Bristow of Kansas, a radical Republican, also a newspaper proprietor, opposes the measure, too.

It looks now, as it has looked for a long time, as if the bill might die in committee.

HAZELTON PIANOS—Favorite of 50 New Yorkers. (Circ. 1846.) 60-62 University Pl.

SUFFRAGIST PLOT AGAINST A PRINCE

Third Son of the King, a Student at Eton, Menaced—Detectives Guard Him.

WOMAN WOUNDS SHOPMAN

Attacks Employe of Art Gallery with Hatchet—Belfast Editors Assaulted—Doctor Horsewhipped.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 4.—The militant suffragettes are becoming more of a menace than ever before. Not only has the comfort of King George been seriously interfered with, but, according to The Daily Mail, information of a plot against the safety of Prince Henry, the third son of the King, who is now at Eton College, was communicated to the police yesterday.

After a consultation at Scotland Yard the police authorities, who took a serious view of the threat, sent to Eton two detectives specially charged with the duty of watching over the safety of the Prince.

The series of outrages by militant suffragettes yesterday included an assault with a hatchet on an employe of the Doré Gallery after the woman had used the hatchet to destroy valuable pictures. The Deputy Governor and physician of Holloway Jail was assaulted violently. Two women, one dressed as a man, were arrested at Belfast while setting fire to a mansion. Two other women violently assaulted the editors of two Belfast newspapers. In the police courts the usual scenes were witnessed.

Intense public indignation has been aroused by the militants' campaign of wanton destruction. Many letters of protest are appearing in the newspapers, and there is a growing disposition on the part of the public to take matters into its own hands and inflict punishment on the furies.

It is stated that the patience of the Government has at last been exhausted and that the law officers of the Crown are considering what action shall be taken against subscribers to the funds of the Women's Social and Political Union, a complete list of whom was discovered in the recent raid on the London headquarters.

Legal opinion is that the Government will have no difficulty in indicting the subscribers on charges of conspiracy. The Union is avowedly militant and proclaims the acts of arson and damage committed by members. The subscribers know well for what purpose their money is being applied.

"If the Government succeeds on a criminal charge," says a legal expert, "then every person who has suffered damage will have the right of civil action for compensation against subscribers jointly or severally. There is little doubt that the authorities, who are now stated to be in possession of the list of subscribers, will afford every assistance to those who have suffered harm."

Mrs. Pankhurst, it is stated, has been removed to a house in Grosvenor Place, from which she is able to overlook the grounds of Buckingham Palace. This causes considerable anxiety to the police. Special officers watch the house night and day, with a motor car at hand should an opportunity present itself to remove Mrs. Pankhurst to Holloway to serve another day or two of her three years' sentence. The force of police within the palace grounds has been increased.

The King has discontinued his morning canter in Rotten Row.

LONDON, June 3.—A savage attack with a hatchet was made today by a young militant suffragette on an attendant at the Doré Gallery in New Bond Street, who tried to prevent the woman from destroying valuable pictures on exhibition there.

The suffragette who thus abandoned the principle of the sanctity of human life hitherto held up as one of the chief assets of the militants had already bound two paintings in the gallery, which is in the heart of the fashionable quarter of London. She was proceeding to hack a third picture when an attendant named Bouriet seized her arm.

The vandal turned on the man furiously and rained a shower of blows on his body, severely wounding him.

Other attendants rushed to the spot and quickly overpowered and disarmed the woman. She kicked, struggled, and screamed for some minutes until she was handed over to the police.

The woman is evidently of good education, and she was very stylishly dressed. She left a letter in the Doré Gallery in which she asserted that militant suffragettes had heretofore been "too ladylike."

Suffragettes today again wreaked their vengeance on Dr. Francis Edward Forward, Deputy Governor and Medical Officer of Holloway Jail. Two women armed with stout horsewhips sprang on the doctor as he left the prison this morning and were thrashing him severely when a policeman came to his rescue and arrested his assailants.

An "arson squad" of suffragettes last night set fire to and destroyed a large cricket pavilion at Earlsfield, to the southwest of London.

"I will lie on the steps of the House of Commons without food or water until Asquith consents to receive a deputation." This threat was uttered by Sylvia Pankhurst at a meeting at Limehouse tonight, and she declared that she would carry it into effect should the suffragettes fail in their endeavor to see the Prime Minister on June 10.

BELFAST, June 3.—Militant suffragettes today committed serious assaults on the managing editors of two of the leading newspapers of Belfast, which had expressed criticism of the militant campaign.

Two well-dressed women, one of them a giantess, went to the office of The Belfast Telegraph and were ushered into the editor's room. Without speaking a word the giantess walked straight up to Mr. Stewart, the managing editor, and with her clenched fist knocked him out of his chair. At the same time her companion hurled a mucilage bottle at his head.

The women then proceeded to the office of The News Letter and made a similar attack on Mr. Anderson, managing editor of that newspaper, with the result that he has since been confined to his bed, and is under medical treatment.

W. W. DUKE DROWNED.

Youth, Said to be J. B. Duke's Son, Meets Death in Utah.

Special to The New York Times.

PARK CITY, Utah, June 3.—W. W. Duke, aged 22, said to be a son of James B. Duke, the tobacco manufacturer, was killed today when his big automobile, in which he with four companions was touring the country, skidded on a muddy road eighteen miles from here and plunged over an embankment into a creek, swollen by recent rains. The force of the plunge carried the machine into the bed of the stream, where it turned turtle, pinning young Duke beneath it.

With Duke were J. L. Burt and Joseph H. Baird of Los Angeles and Ivan Bliss of Ventura, wealthy Californians, and Edward Whiteside, a mechanician. The quartet escaped by jumping when the machine started to slide over the embankment. Duke, who was steering, remained at the wheel in a vain effort to keep the machine to the road.

Though severely crushed, Duke was seen struggling in the bed of the stream by his companions. The four, in water up to their shoulders, tried to release him. Finding this impossible, they tried to lift the heavy machine, but in vain.

A few minutes later a passenger train was flagged, and with twelve men struggling in the creek the car was moved sufficiently to permit the release of Duke's body. The train was hurried to Park City, where a surgeon worked over Duke to revive him, but in vain. The surgeon said death was due primarily to drowning.

Attempts to get in communication with J. B. Duke's residence at Raritan, N. J., last evening were unavailing. Mr. Duke, according to biographical accounts, was not married until 1904.

LAWYERS FIGHT A DUEL.

Encounter in Mexico City Results in Wounding of One.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 3.—Manuel Vidaurrazaga, a lawyer, formerly private secretary to War Minister Blanquet, and Lawyer Juan Gamboa, fought a duel with pistols today.

Gamboa was wounded slightly.

JAPANESE LINES COMBINE.

Three Big Concerns to Amalgamate, The Shipping Gazette Says.

LONDON, Thursday, June 4.—The Shipping Gazette learns that an agreement has been reached for the amalgamation of three great Japanese steamship lines, the Nippon Yusen, Osaka Shosen, and Toyo Kisen companies.

FLETCHER WINS BY 10,000.

Florida Senator Renominated Over Stockton.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., June 3.—With about 90 per cent. of the returns from yesterday's State-wide primary elections in, indications tonight were that Senator Duncan U. Fletcher had received a majority of more than 10,000 votes over John N. C. Stockton. Mr. Stockton late today conceded Senator Fletcher's renomination.

Returns received up to tonight gave Senator Fletcher a majority of 6,890 votes.

SHOT BY SUICIDE'S PISTOL.

Tourist Who Found Body Tried to Release Fingers from Trigger.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Switzerland, June 3.—A remarkable accident occurred yesterday near Wildegg. Some tourists were walking through the forest, when they came upon the body of a man who evidently had committed suicide by shooting himself. The right hand still clutched tightly a revolver.

One of the tourists attempted to remove the weapon, and while he was releasing the dead man's fingers from the trigger the revolver went off. The bullet pierced the tourist's chest, and he is so badly wounded that a fatal result is feared.

30,000 BOOKS TO ROOSEVELT

Argentina's Social Museum Sends Present to Commemorate Visit.

A library of 30,000 volumes relating to Argentine sociology, commerce, industries, and customs reached the home of Theodore Roosevelt in Oyster Bay yesterday.

It was the gift of the Social Museum of Argentina, which forwarded the collection, together with 100 museum bulletins dealing with the progress of the Roosevelt explorations in South America, to Alejandro Jascalevich, an Argentine newspaperman in this country.

Jascalovich, who was appointed by the museum to see that the library reached Oyster Bay in good condition, accompanied Col. Roosevelt to Washington and back after the former President's arrival from South America.

FOSTER IS INDICTED.

Accused Under White Slave Act on Delilah Bradley's Testimony.

MOBILE, Ala., June 3.—Joel M. Foster, a wealthy resident of Brown Mills, N. J., and Scranton, Penn., who was arrested in Mobile last January with his stenographer, Delilah Bradley, charged with violation of the Mann White Slave act, was named today in a Federal indictment charging him with that offense.

The Bradley girl, her father, and mother came from their home in Pemberton, N. J., to testify.

CYCLE MOWS DOWN CROWD.

Wild Machine Kills Two and Hurts Ten Seriously at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, June 3.—A spectator believed to be Charles F. Marzolf was killed outright and ten other persons were injured seriously tonight when a motor cycle driven by Arthur Armstrong of New York became unmanageable at the Pittsburgh Motordrome and crashed through the railing into the crowd.

Of the injured, Benjamin Kernochan, aged 29, a spectator, died tonight.

Armstrong's back, right leg, and left arm were broken, and he is in a critical condition. The others who were injured, three of them women, had broken bones, cuts, and bruises.

The accident occurred in the final lap of the nine-mile race when Armstrong was running his machine at high speed.

REBELS DEFIANT AFTER RECEIVING MEDIATORS' NOTE.

No Compromise and No Intervention by Outsiders Is Their Position.

DIRECT WIRE TO CARRANZA

Washington Junta Leaders in Telegraphic Conversation with Supreme Chief.

EXPECT HIS BLUNT REFUSAL

Administration Inclined to Side with Villa Against Constitutionalist Commander.

CHIEFS REPORTED AT ODDS

Villa, in the Field, Said to Resent Carranza's Opposition to Our Proposals.

NEW MUDDLE OVER ANTILLA

Bryan's Failure to Prevent Sailing Violated Tacit Agreement with Envoys.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—No compromise, no mediation, and no intervention. This, in a nutshell, is the attitude of Gen. Carranza, as Supreme Chief of the Constitutionalist cause, toward the reply he has now received from the A B C mediators to his letter dealing with the right of the Mexican Constitutionalists to representation at the Niagara peace conference.

The mediators' reply was received by the Constitutionalist junta in Washington to-day. It arrived by mail at noon, being addressed to Señor Rafael Zubaran, Acting Minister of the Interior of Gen. Carranza's unofficial Cabinet.

Señor Zubaran, Señor Urquidi, and Señor José Vasconcelos at once undertook the task of setting the answer of the mediators into cipher for transmission to Gen. Carranza at Durango. Arrangements were at the same time made for putting a wire through from Washington to Durango, both for the purpose of transmitting the cipher message and of affording Señor Zubaran the opportunity of holding telegraphic conversation with Gen. Carranza concerning the latest developments in the situation. After the receipt of the mediators' reply John Lind, the intermediary for Secretary Bryan in the latter's dealings with the junta here, had a conference with the Secretary of State. Tonight Mr. Lind participated in a conference with the Constitutionalists in the office of Charles A. Douglas, the spokesman for the Constitutionalists in their communications with the State Department. Señors Zubaran and Urquidi were participants in the night conference.

Refuse Text of Zubaran Letter.

The Constitutionalists declined tonight to give out the text of the original Zubaran letter to the mediators and the reply of the latter. They also refused to say anything respecting the character of the reply that came from the mediators.

While the Constitutionalists refrained from saying what the response of Gen. Carranza would be, pointing out that they could not usurp his right as supreme chief to make any reply that he wished, there was no hesitancy on their part in asserting that the reply received from the mediators had made no change in the situation that existed before the delivery of the Zubaran note.

It was pointed out that Gen. Carranza had already gone on record as unalterably opposed to any armistice. In his note of May 3, 1914, to the A B C envoys, the last communication that he sent to them before the delivery of the Zubaran note, Gen. Carranza said:

"The civil war in Mexico between the usurper Huerta and the army under my command—that is to say, the people of Mexico in arms—must continue with all activity so as to re-establish the interrupted constitutional régime as soon as possible, and consequently to obtain peace."

Constitutionalists here assert that Gen. Carranza has not budged from his determination to consent to no armistice, and that he is also unalterably opposed to the consideration by the Niagara conference of any of the internal problems of Mexico. The Constitutionalists are willing to be represented in the conference only for the purpose of aiding in a solution of the international questions pending between the United States Government and the Mexican people. They are willing to allow their delegates, if representation is accorded, to explain the attitude of the Constitutionalists respecting the handling of the internal problems in Mexico, but insist that there can be no compromise—either through mediation or otherwise—with the Huerta Government, or with the old Cientifico régime.

Defines Carranza's Attitude.

From a trustworthy source the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES tonight obtained a statement of the attitude of the Constitutionalists. This stat

address Señor Urquidi set forth concisely the attitude of the Constitutionalists toward the points that have since been developed by the Niagara conference.

Señor Urquidi's address had the sanction and full approval of Gen. Carranza before it was delivered. It was prepared very carefully and deliberately, and is all the more remarkable because it shows clearly that as long as two months ago Gen. Carranza and his advisers anticipated the very situation that now confronts them.

It shows that for at least two months the Constitutionalists have been expecting that proposals of compromise would be made, and that Gen. Carranza and his advisers were aware as long ago as April that suggestions for a commission plan of government, such as has been proposed at the Niagara conference, might be made. The statement is made here that there has been no change in the attitude of Gen. Carranza and his followers from that attitude and purpose, as outlined in the statement prepared by Señor Urquidi.

Here is Señor Urquidi's statement:

"As the war progresses, and as the Constitutionalist forces, increasing both in number and power each day, press their campaign upon the City of Mexico, there will be heard suggestions of compromise, the selection of some personage not identified with either side, to assume the Presidency pending an election, or, maybe, the establishment of a Government by commission or junta de gobierno, or some other suggestion discreetly calculated to delay or avoid the establishment of the headquarters of the victorious army in the national palace as a prelude to the restoration of Constitutional Government.

"Indeed, the influence of certain of the European powers may be exerted to this end. Save in the days of Juarez, practically every revolutionary movement in Mexico intended to wrest the control of the Government from the clergy and the aristocracy has, with victory in its grasp, failed in purpose because of some cunningly devised compromise. Such was the cause of Madero's downfall—the temporizing with the reactionaries—by which bitter experience the Constitutionalist cause will nevertheless profit.

"Therefore any suggestion of compromise with an element identified with the treacherous overthrow of Constitution Government can or will under any circumstances be considered. That element must be crushed, and those who have directed its destinies must answer before the law for their crimes.

"Such is the unalterable determination of the First Chief of the Constitutionalist forces, in which he is supported to a man by his subordinates, and the present war will not, therefore, cease until the end, of such transcendent importance to the future, is assured. Then there must be a period of national purification and house-cleaning, to be followed by the election of members of a Congress, which body upon its organization will, in accordance with the Constitution, fix the date for the election of a President and Vice President.

"This done, and the successful candidates inaugurated, constitutional government will once more reign supreme.

"But meanwhile Mexico will be governed in a manner prescribed by the First Chief of the Constitutionalist forces, and not be a compromise provisional Government like that of de la Barra.

"No compromise means as much to the people today as the old cry of Liberty and Constitution."

The Junta has numerous communications from Gen. Carranza in its archives here that confirm the statement of the position of the Constitutionalists as set forth in the Urquidi statement. Should the American delegates and those of Gen. Huerta at Niagara Falls sign a protocol providing for a provisional Government, along the lines of a commission or otherwise, they say it will not be acceptable to the Constitutionalists.

Against Commission Government.

Constitutionalists here point to the Urquidi statement of the refusal of Gen. Carranza and his followers to compromise on any provisional or commission form of government as a direct rejoinder to the A B C answer to the Zubaran note. They say they will not recognize any Provisional Government set up without their consent in Mexico City as a result of the Niagara deliberations. Their plan is to sweep such a Government aside the moment they reach the capital.

After tonight's conference of Messrs. Lind, Douglas, Zubarun, and Urquidi it was explained that the text of the informal note from the A B C mediators and the letter of Señor Zubaran, to which it was a reply, would not be made public yet, because those two communications, standing alone, would not "complete the chain." The intimation was that it could not be completed until Gen. Carranza's further reply was given, if he should decide to make one.

Señors Zubaran and Urquidi went from their conference with Messrs. Lind and Douglas to the telegraph office at 11 o'clock for a second telegraphic conference with Gen Carranza. In this conference they informed him of the attitude of the United States Government to the extent that it was disclosed by Mr. Lind in tonight's conference.

NO HALT AT NIAGARA.

Envoys and Delegates Busy While Waiting to Hear from Rebels.

Special to The New York Times.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., June 3.—While the peace envoys waited today for an answer to the communication they sent yesterday to Gen. Carranza, First Chief of the Constitutionalist movement, they did not permit a halt in their efforts to bring about peace to Mexico.

No formal meetings were held with either the American, or the Mexican delegates today. However, there were chance conversations between some of the parties to the negotiations that had to do almost entirely with the important matter of selecting the five men who, under the proposed pacification plan, would compose the provisional governing commission of Mexico after the retirement of Gen. Huerta.

It became evident today that the mediators were seeking to bring the Mexican and the American delegates into accord on a list of names that would leave little room for Constitutionalist objection. The mediators themselves have refrained from suggesting names, and they have let it be known to the delegates that they would not undertake to determine who should be chosen then the Americans and the Mexican representatives failed to agree on any man suggested. The plan is to consider for the proposed commission only such men as probably will be acceptable to the leaders of the revolutionary movement, or, to put it another way, men of such high standing that no real objection can be urged against them.

All Factionists Excluded.

To obtain such men it is necessary to exclude all those who have been in any way active in Mexican politics during the present disturbances there. Neither Huertistas, Maderistas nor Carranzistas would be eligible under that plan. The whole purpose of the Niagara Falls negotiations appears to be to select men who will measure up to the critical exactions of the Constitutionalists rather than to those of Gen. Huerta and his advisers, and it may not be going too far to say that this line of procedure seems to suit Gen. Huerta's delegates.

Although the terms of the note sent by the mediators to Gen. Carranza yesterday through Rafael Zubarn, his agent in Washington, have not been made public, it was said today, that the communication was so worded as to open the way for Carranza to make further representations looking to the admission of Constitutionalist delegates to the conference. This appears to mean that the door has not been closed to the Constitutionalist participation. It is gathered that the proposal of further exchanges between the mediators and Gen. Carranza is based on the fact that the response of the mediators to the Carranza note was in the form of a positive and cordial invitation to the head of the revolutionary party to send delegates to Niagara Falls. It is true that the mediators set forth in their note that the conditions of participation in the conference would be a suspension of hostilities by the Constitutionalists and an acceptance of the agreements heretofore reached by the American and the Mexican delegates at Niagara Falls.

Hope for Change of Front.

These conditions have been rejected in advance by Gen. Carranza, according to dispatches here, but it was pointed out today that he has never formally indorsed the sentiments expressed in the unofficial statements attributed to him, and this led to the belief in some quarters that he might be persuaded to meet the mediators half way in the opportunity given by them for a further discussion of the subject of Constitutionalist participation.

The formal announcement of the Mexican delegates yesterday that Gen. Huerta was willing to resign as soon as the country was "politically pacified," was regarded as another reason for hope that the Constitutionalists would not immediately repudiate the peace movement. For the present, however, the mediators must wait for Gen. Carranza's response to their note. But in the meantime they will proceed with their work in the hope that a full agreement for a settlement of Mexico's troubles may be reached between the delegates here.

STILL OPPOSE ARMISTICE.

Rebels Along Texas Border Say Carranza Will Reject It Again.

LAREDO, Texas, June 3.—Gen. Jesus Carranza, brother of the Constitutionalist leader, at Nuevo Laredo today refused to be interviewed on Huerta's announcement last night that he was willing to resign.

Other prominent Nuevo Laredo Constitutionalists, however, expressed emphatic opinions. They believed the certainty of their victory over Huerta would not warrant them in accepting the mediators' terms. They said they believed their leader would refuse an armistice and would be willing to treat only on the Tampico incident and other differances between the United States and Huerta.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., June 3.—Constitutionalist officials in the State of Coahuila said today that they would resent any interference by the mediators in the internal affairs of Mexico. They also said they would refuse to agree to an armistice and would not suspend hostilities until Huerta was driven from Mexico.

TO BLOCKADE TAMPICO.

Federals Talk of Preventing Landing of Rebel Arms.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 3.—Minister of War Blanquet said tonight that the Federal Government would establish a blockade of Tampico in order to prevent the rebels in control there from receiving the cargo of arms and ammunition reported en route for them at that port.

The Governor of Michoacan informs the Interior Department today that Col. Ezequiel Pena has defeated Cecilio Garcia's rebel band, 1,500 strong, at La Pareja, in the Huetamo district of that State, killing eighty of them and taking some prisoners. Among the prisoners were Garcia himself and his son.

Señor Esteva Ruiz, acting Foreign Secretary, conversing with callers, is said to have expressed himself hopefully on the result of the Niagara Falls conference. Señor Esteva Ruiz did not receive newspapermen this evening, but sent out word he had no news to communicate.

EXCUSES LOSS OF TAMPICO.

Zaragoza Says His Men Fought to Their Last Cartridge.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 3.—Gen. Zaragoza and the remnant of the Tampico garrison have arrived safely at Villa Juarez on the border line between the States of Puebla and Vera Cruz.

In a telegram to the Minister of the Interior he says, referring to his evacuation of the Gulf port:

"The place was not evacuated until not a single cartridge was left to the brave defenders, who retired from the intrenchments with their cartridge belts empty. I can assure the Supreme Magistrate that, though the attacking rebels numbered 12,200, with twenty machine guns and two naval landing guns, served by Americans, they were always repulsed with heavy losses; for there were days when in killed alone the enemy's casualties were 300. The rebels themselves estimate their losses in killed and wounded during the fighting at about 4,000.

"I never received the ammunition for which I sent to Tuxpam. If any one is to blame for the evacuation of Tampico after a siege of more than five months and determined attacks for one month and seventeen days, in which the rebels were always victoriously repulsed by our troops, the blame is mine, for officers and men in general discharged their duty honorably.

"Please salute the President very respectfully."

Maehuala, in the State of San Luis Potosi, has been recovered from the rebel band of Eulario and Luis Gutierrez by forces detached from the main body of Gen. Maass' column.

TO PROTECT OIL CLAIMS.

England and Holland Agree with Us as to Tampico Transfers.

WASHINGTON, June 3. — The tripartite agreement between Great Britain, Holland, and the United States to prevent "jumping" of oil concessions at Tampico under pretext of forfeiture of the claims took form today as an interchange of notes between the three countries. They mutually agreed not to recognize transfers of concessions made during the era of disorder in Tampico and to consider as valid the holdings of their nationals prior to the outbreak of trouble.

A similar agreement to prevent claim jumping in mining properties throughout Mexico is being worked out by the United States and Great Britain. France and other nations whose subjects are interested are expected to become parties.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Señor Riano, the Spanish Ambassador, asked Secretary Bryan today to appeal for the protection of Spanish citizens in Tampico.

According to the Ambassador's advices, another forced loan of 137,000 pesos has been demanded by Constitutionalists. He fears that the Spaniards have been singled out and persecuted as a class and the money demanded from them in a lump sum.

MASS TROOPS NEAR VERA CRUZ

Mexicans in Strong Force Under Military Governor of State.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, June 3.—Gen. Eduardo Cause, Military Governor of the State of Vera Cruz, took up a position near the railway gap, fifteen miles southwest of Vera Cruz, this morning with a reinforced brigade, three pieces of mountain artillery, two detachments of cavalry, and several regiments of infantry.

He apparently does not intend to begin hostilities; but his presence has caused much comment. Among the rumors is one that an important personage is expected to pass through here soon. There is no news here to substantiate it, however.

ANTILLA SHIPMENT BROKE AGREEMENT

Mr. Bryan Admits Understanding with Envoys That Neither Side Should Get Arms.

HE STILL "KNOWS NOTHING"

Suggestion That Administration Was Not Averse to Letting Villa but Not Carranza Get Arms.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The departure of the Ward liner Antilla from New York yesterday, with tons of ammunition for the rebels at Tampico, was illuminated by Secretary Bryan today in a way that may influence the feeling of the A. B. C. mediators toward the Washington Government.

Mr. Bryan said that the mediators had an understanding that pending their efforts at Niagara Falls the United States would permit no arms to be shipped into Mexico either across the border or by water from an American port. In spite of this understanding, the Antilla, with arms billed to Constitutionalists at Tampico, cleared from New York yesterday without concealment and without opposition.

Mr. Bryan, however, said this afternoon that he knew nothing whatever about the sailing. That is still his attitude toward the landing from the Bavaria and Ypiranga at Puerto Mexico two weeks ago of arms for Gen. Huerta, although official bulletins on the subject have been plentiful from the War Department.

Although he did not know that the Antilla left New York yesterday, Mr. Bryan explained that the instructions to port officials to prevent such sailings might not have reached New York in time because they were sent first to Southern ports, where gun running into Mexico had been more frequent. In describing the terms of the instructions to port officers he volunteered the statement that airships as well as arms were under embargo. There were two airships on board the Antilla.

Presents Serious Problem.

As explained by Mr. Bryan, the understanding with the mediators, which presumably had been communicated by them to Gen. Huerta as supplementary to the informal armistices at Vera Cruz, was so definite that some days ago, on representations from his department, the proper orders were issued to all American ports to withhold clearance papers from ships bearing arms to Mexico. Weeks ago, before mediation was proposed, the same general instructions on orders from President Wilson had been issued to the army along the Rio Grande.

The A B C mediators have tried from the first to preserve the military status quo in Mexico pending their negotiations. From this purpose, it is believed, arose the armistice between the United States and Gen. Huerta, the understanding that arms and ammunition would not be shipped from the United States to either faction in Mexico, and their insistence that the Constitutionalists must declare an armistice before they could participate in the peace conference. The United States has tried vainly to persuade the mediators to adopt a more flexible position in regard to the rebel armistice, and it is feared that the clearance of arms for a rebel port will accentuate the divergence on that point between the mediators and Washington.

Villa's Plea to Bryan.

The Constitutionalists, it is known, have set great store by their plans for landing the Antilla's cargo at Tampico and rushing it inland to Monterey for immediate use in the pending campaign. It was understood here to-day that recently a rebel agent in the capacity of personal representative of Gen. Villa made a strong plea to the Department of State to let this one cargo pass undisturbed to its destination. He is said to have told the department that Gen. Villa was short of ammunition and would be seriously retarded if the Antilla's cargo was delayed.

None of the friction that Gen. Carranza's recent utterances have aroused between his wing of the Constitutionalists and the Administration here has disturbed the relations of the United States with Francho Villa. Gen. Villa has been more bitterly denounced in the Senate here than any man in Mexico, but for the last six months he has been the warmest advocate south of the Rio Grande of American policies. It was reported that Gen. Villa would reach the border from Juarez today on a mission connected with ammunition. News of the safe clearance of the Antilla is not expected to surprise him.

How Villa Gains Favor.

The willingness with which the Washington Government would see Gen. Villa fully equipped for battle naturally grows out of the strong irritation caused by Gen. Carranza. Gen. Villa has consistently sought to restrain Gen. Carranza's expressions of independence toward the United States. Indications have not been lacking that the substitution of Gen. Villa for his immediate superior as First Chief of the Constitutionalists would be far from displeasing toward Washington.

It is not going too far to say that President Wilson was furious yesterday when he read Gen. Carranza's sharp comment upon the work of the mediators at Niagara, and that feeling does not appear to have died down today. Especial offense was taken at Gen. Carranza's remark that the Government of the United States, like the three South American envoys, was ignorant of Mexican affairs and did not understand the Constitutionalist point of view. The feeling of the Administration was expressed by a very high official, who, after withholding general discussion of the situation, gravely asserted:

"Carranza is the damndest fool in Mexico."

The particular importance of the Antilla's cargo to Gen. Villa is explained by political developments below the surface in the Constitutionalist ranks. Many of the Generals in independent command are reported as jealous of the prominence accorded to both Gen. Carranza and Gen. Villa. Gen. Obregon, on the west coast, is particularly mentioned in connection with a report that he wished to swoop down on Mexico City and close the gates both on Gen. Villa and the First Chief.

These reports may be exaggerated, just as the report that Gen. Villa aspired to the Provisional Presidency undoubtedly has been exaggerated. But there is reason to believe that Washington wants Gen. Villa to be the first to enter the capital city. The feeling is that he would prevent a massacre, which a weaker officer might not be able to do. It is also thought that his presence might restrain Gen. Carranza from at once assuming the Provisional Presidency, unless, indeed, he proclaim himself in that position at Saltillo, where he is expected to arrive soon and make important announcements.

Arms Order Withdrawn.

Mr. Bryan's statement that an order of some sort had been sent out, in accordance with the understanding with the mediators, directing customs officials to hold up ships with cargoes of arms for Mexico, was technically correct. That was an order sent out by Mr. Hamlin, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, then in charge of customs, and under it one unnamed ship was held up. But after a conference on Monday with Secretary Redfield and Mr. Chamberlain, Commissioner of Navigation, Mr. Hamlin withdrew his order because he found he had no authority of law unless the President should renew the embargo by a formal order.

Today the Department of Commerce sent telegrams to customs officials asking them to report to Washington any ship loaded with arms desiring clearance for Mexico. That is where the situation stands tonight. Marine lawyers here were extremely doubtful that Mr. Bryan, if he wished, could make good in court his understanding with the mediators. So far shippers of arms over the Texas borders have not appealed to the courts for writs of replevin, and it is hoped that the same friendly arrangement may prevent shipments by sea.

Should contests reach the courts, each would be settled by itself. Such contests may arise soon. It is understood that the Morgan steamers, El Mundo and El Siglo, are approaching Galveston with arms for the rebels and intending to take on other arms that have been stored there.

The difficulty about the situation grows out of the failure of the President to issue a proclamation under the joint resolution of March 14, 1912, putting an embargo on the shipment of arms to Mexico. So long as the Constitutionalists were without a port of entry and their arms shipments had to be made across the Texas border the situation could easily be handled by "temporarily" holding up the shipments. This was done by the President's order, issued through the War and Treasury Departments at the request of the Department of State.

Shipments by water to Mexican ports are governed by the American navigation laws. These laws are precise and explicit. Nowhere do these laws prohibit the shipment of munitions of war. Under decisions by the United States Supreme Court, such shipments, when regularly made, are just as lawful as shipments of merchandise. The only section of the navigation laws that can be invoked to prevent such shipments is embraced in the joint resolution of March 14, 1912

Proclamation Needed.

That resolution allows the President, by proclamation, to place an embargo on the shipments of war munitions to any American country, when he is satisfied there is a condition of violence in that country that may be promoted by such a shipment. But the joint resolution of 1912 is only operative when there is a Presidential proclamation issued under it. There is now no such proclamation. President Taft issued such a proclamation, but recently President Wilson, by executive proclamation, rescinded it.

President Wilson may at any time issue such a proclamation, and his reluctance to do so has not been explained. Constitutionalist agents here say that the moment any of their shipments is interfered with at any port the matter will be taken into the courts. They may arrest, they say, any Collector who refuses to grant clearance papers, in the absence of an embargo, and the official may be sued in the Federal courts for damages for exceeding his authority under the law.

CALDERON JOINS CARRANZA.

Local Representative Says Liberal Will Be Taken Into Cabinet.

Francisco Urquidi, the local representative of the Carranza Government, received a telegram yesterday from Gen. Carranza telling of a conference between the leaders of the Constitutionalists and Fernando I. Calderon, the leader of the Liberal element. The conference was held at Durango, and it was announced that Señor Calderon was to be taken into the Carranzo Cabinet.

HUERTA GREETS GEORGE V.

Cables Him Congratulations on His Birthday.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 3.—President Huerta today sent the following cable message of congratulation to King George of England on the occasion of his birthday:

"May it please your Majesty to accept the very cordial felicitations of the Mexican people and Government, together with my own personally, on the anniversary of your birthday, and very sincere wishes for your happiness.

VICTORIANO HUERTA."

There were some callers this afternoon at the British Legation, as the postponement of the formal celebration of the King's birthday was not generally known. The British colony did not celebrate the day, though some members of the Diplomatic Corps left cards at the legation. According to instructions received from the Foreign Office in London the celebration in Mexico, as well as at other places, has been postponed until June 22.

SAYS MELLEN DAZED NEW HAVEN BOARD

Continued from Page 1

Morgan had bought the Westchester Road and that they were to vote to approve the payment of $11,000,000 for a property which had not been constructed and had a value of hardly over $5,000,000 and was, at best, only potential. He confirmed Mr. Mellen's account of how the Directors went into Mr. Mellen's office after the meeting at which the deal was approved and protested against the great price that had been paid for the Westchester and how Mellen tried to get one man after another to go straight to Morgan and tell him the thing was wrong.

"There wasn't a Director," said Mr. Elton, "who dared do it."

"Would you," asked Mr. Folk, "sit silent now and let Mr. Morgan carry out such a deal as the Westchester purchase?"

"No, I wouldn't," replied Mr. Elton. "I have more experience now."

The details of the affair, Mr. Elton said, he knew little about.

"Some of the arrangements with Police Commissioner Byrnes or Oakleigh Thorne, by which the co-operation of Tammany Hall was obtained and the Westchester and the Port Chester lines brought into harmony in preparation for the sale to the New Haven. He expressed the opinion, however, that the idea was a good one from a business point of view.

The New Haven needed better terminal facilities in New York, he said, and the deal promised to insure what was a great necessity. He voted for the committee's report, and he knew of Account No. 2, from which the large payments were made to Byrnes and Oakleigh Thorne during the various steps required to obtain the Westchester.

When Gov. Folk tried to get from him a clear explanation as to how the acquisition of the Westchester improved the New Haven's terminal access to New York, the witness was unable to make headway. It was brought out that as a matter of fact the New Haven nowhere connected practically with the Westchester, and that at New Rochelle the only point where they came together the tracks of one passed under those of the other, and he did not know, as a matter of fact, whether or not a train had ever passed from the New Haven to the tracks of the Westchester.

Mr. Elton admitted reluctantly that he had been opposed to the purchase of the Rhode Island trolleys, for which $20,000,000 were paid, although they were worth but half that amount, and this mainly on the value of leases, as after the deal was consummated the New Haven owned only thirty-seven miles of track and leased 217 miles.

Took Their Word for It.

"I disapproved of the purchase in the meeting," declared the witness, "but I voted for it. I didn't know anything about railroad management and when Morgan and Mellen said it was a good thing I took their word for it."

Mr. Elton complimented Mr. Skinner, who followed him on the witness stand as being the only man on the board who had the nerve to speak out against Mr. Morgan's plans, but even Mr. Skinner, he said, did not go to Morgan when Mellen dared him to go as a committee of one to protest against the Westchester deal.

"What do you know about the purchase of the Massachusetts trolleys?" asked Mr. Folk.

"They were bought before I became a Director of the board," the witness explained.

"But after you went on the board the question of the legality of owning those trolleys came up, didn't it?"

"Yes."

"Wasn't the New England Investment and Security Company formed then to hold those shares?"

"There was some talk about it."

VILLA AND CARRANZA AT BREAKING POINT

Soldier's Friends Say He Rebuked the Chief for His Slight to the United States.

HURRYING TO THE BORDER

Warrior Wants to Explain His Position and Get Some More Ammunition.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, June 3.—Villa and Carranza are again at outs and an open break is feared by the mutual friends of the two Constitutionalist leaders, who have patched up the differences between the First Chief and the Commander-in-Chief twice in recent months. This time the friction is the result of Gen. Carranza's opposition to the United States in its efforts to mediate the Mexican problem. Gen. Villa's friends say that he deeply regrets that the United States was put in an embarrassing position by Carranza's fita refusal to treat with the Huerta delegates.

They assert that Villa considers it a lack of appreciation on the part of Carranza of the efforts the United States has been making to care for the Constitutionalist cause at the mediation conference. Because of this Villa sent a sharp rebuke to Carranza and started for the border to explain in person to his friends that he had no part in the affair. He says he will force Carranza to accept the good offices of the United States, and will rebuke the First Chief for his actions toward the American Government.

Villa has called upon all of his advisers from the border to go to Chihuahua on a special train for a conference to be held there early in the morning. Alberto and Ernesto Madero, brothers of the late President; Lazaro de Lagarza, Villa's representative on the border; E. Calzado, his Superintendent of trains, and Edward Henry Grey, his American representative, have all received the summons.

It is believed that Villa is contemplating a course of action regarding the mediation proceedings entirely at variance with the one pursued by Carranza in the East. Villa has been watchfully waiting for Carranza to make a definite proposal or to be as frank in stating his position to the United States Government as the latter has been in declaring openly for the Constitutionalist cause.

Gen. Panfilo Natera has been made Commander in Chief of the Central Division by Gen. Carranza, and the Arrietas, Domingo, and Marano have joined Natera, making a strong force unfriendly to Villa in the south. Because of these moves Gen. Villa stopped in Chihuahua to confer with his loyal men and ascertain how far Carranza had gone in his efforts to assume control of Constitutionalist affairs.

In the meantime Villa's troops are preparing to attack Zacatecas. The Federal commander there, Gen Barron, has asked for quarter from the rebels. While at the border, it is said, Villa will arrange for the smuggling of large quantities of ammunition. His supply is very low.

MRS. SILLIMAN IN TEXAS.

Wife of Consul Tells of Her Experiences at Saltillo.

Special to The New York Times.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, June 3.—For six weeks Mrs. John R. Silliman, wife of the United States Consul, who was arrested and held by the Mexican Federals at Saltillo, lived under the British flag within a few blocks of the jail where her husband was locked up, but was unable to do anything in his behalf, or even to communicate with him. Mrs. Silliman was one of a party of refugees arriving here today from Saltillo.

Mrs. Silliman said that after several unsuccessful attempts to see her husband she resigned herself confident that something would happen that would result in his release. She carefully avoided many details or her husband's arrest, but in telling of her own experience said:

"I was at my home at the Consulate one mile from the business district on the day of the landing of troops at Vera Cruz. Two Mexican Federal army officers knocked at my door, and when I appeared they told me I was wanted at the Palace. I told them that before going I would like to speak to my servants in the rear of the house, and thinking perhaps they feared I was attempting to escape, I invited them to go along. They told me in a very gentlemanly manner to go alone.

"I was escorted to a carriage, and on reaching the palace went into the reception room, where I found many of the leading citizens of Saltillo, and I gathered from their conversation that they were discussing intervention. I waited for several hours until night drew on, and, fearing to wait any longer, I asked to see Gen. Maass. He saw me and told me to return to my home, and I again was accompanied to my carriage by officers, who offered to escort me home, but this offer I refused.

"At this time I did not know that Mr. Silliman had been arrested, but had been told that his clerk, Marchini, was in the penitentiary. I went to the British consulate to ask one of the ladies to spend the night with me, but they persuaded me to remain there, and I spent the following six weeks at the British consulate, not leaving it until two days before coming to the border.

"On the day after I went to the British Consulate I was informed of Mr. Silliman's arrest and made an effort to communicate with him, but this the Mexicans would not permit. I finally gave up and decided to await events. We knew absolutely nothing of what was happening outside of Saltillo, not having received a single message for eleven days before the Vera Cruz occupation.

"The only means I had of hearing from Mr. Silliman was through a Mexican woman who was permitted to enter the penitentiary where he and several other Americans were confined. She could tell me only that he was there and that he was being cared for in his illness by a Mr. Evers, a Presbyterian missionary. Mr. Silliman suddenly disappeared and a week later we learned that he had been taken to Mexico City."

In telling of the robbery of the Consulate, Mrs. Silliman said that Marchin, the Consulate clerk, was taken from the penitentiary to the Consulate and ordered to open the safe, but refused to do so. He was returned to the penitentiary and asked Consul Silliman what he should do. He was told to obey the order and upon being returned to the Consulate opened the safe. This was on the day of the Vera Cruz occupation. The following Sunday the safe was robbed of its contents including the State Department code book and such valuables as it contained.

Mrs. Silliman said she was treated with the utmost courtesy at all times by the Federals, and that she was never uneasy for her own safety at any time. She left here today for San Antonio, where she will spend a day or two before going to Chautauqua, N. Y., where she expects to be joined by her husband.

Miss Jennie Wheeler of New York, who has been a Presbyterian missionary at Saltillo twenty-five years, was among the arrivals from there. She left here today for New York.

HUERTA TO SETTLE QUESTIONS

Parks's Death to be Investigated and Silliman's Books Returned.

MEXICO CITY, June 3.—The Brazilian Minister had a long conference with President Huerta this afternoon. The President was most cordial, and at the conclusion of the Minister's statement said:

"All pending questions shall be settled without delay, and hereafter when you have any matter to present, instead of submitting it to slow official processes, come directly to me."

The War Department has issued orders to have delivered to the French Consul at San Luis Potosi the documents, money, and code which were taken from the American Consulate at Saltillo.

The War Department also issued orders for a thorough investigation of the killing of Private Samuel Parks of the Twenty-eighth United States Infantry, with instructions to punish those responsible for his death.

FIGURES HUERTA ARMY AT 60,000

Capt. Burnside of the United States Army Puts Rebel Forces at 70,000.

HARD WORK BEFORE VILLA

Doubts If He Can Succeed in the South—Zapatistas Must Stay Near Home, Too.

VERA CRUZ, June 3.—Capt. W. A. Burnside, formerly military attaché at Mexico City and now Intelligence Officer of Brig. Gen. Funston's force, submitted a memorandum today on the strength and disposition of Gen. Huerta's troops and summarized the territorial division between the Federals and the Constitutionalists. He estimates the total number of Huerta forces, including police, students, and civil service employes at 60,000.

The memorandum says that the statements are liberal, although the newspapers controlled by the Huerta Administration are claiming considerably more. As to the Constitutionalists, the note says:

"Practically the entire country is in sympathy with revolution, and the pacified condition in many places is due to intimidation or indifference. For the purpose of robbery and the appropriation of property probably 150,000 armed men claim themselves to be revolutionists. However, the armed revolutionists having an organization and being actually under fair control of their leaders are estimated at about 70,000.

Of the Huerta forces the reports indicate that about 8,000 are scattered along the territory between Vera Cruz and the capital, and that the garrison at Mexico City numbers 15,000, including students and Government employes. The estimate is made of only 3,000 regulars in the capital.

The strongest Federal garrisons, of 6,000 each, are at Sana Luis Potosi and Aguascalientes, with 5,000 at Guaymas.

The estimates show no considerable Huerta forces in the immediate vicinity of Vera Cruz.

Referring to the situation at Tampico and Tuxpam, now in Constitutionalist hands, the memorandum states that the officers there are deliberately deceiving the men in the ranks regarding Vera Cruz, declaring that that city is held by the followers of Carranza. To the direct question as to whether this was being done, the rebel officers replied: "Yes. At the present time it is not convenient to let the men know that Vera Cruz is in the hands of the Americans."

The memorandum states that little activity or efficiency can be expected from the Constitutionalists at Tampico and Tuxpam because they are not led as those directly under Villa.

According to the reports received, Guaymas, Mazatlan, San Luis Potosi, and Zacatecas are the only Federal garrisons north of the Twenty-second Parallel. They merely hold the towns, controlling little of the surrounding territory. The routed garrisons of Torreon, Saltillo, Monterey, and Tampico are believed to be concentrating at San Luis Potosi.

"Outside of holding the points mentioned," the memorandum continues, "there can be no basis for the claim of Federal control north of the Twenty-second Parallel."

Capt. Burnside points out that it is impossible that any sweeping advance of the Constitutionalists on Mexico City will be made, saying: "It must be remembered that the northerners would then be getting away from the home territory the only part of Mexico they really understand, and it would not be at all surprising if the leaders experienced difficulty in inducing the men to make a further southern advance. It is only recently that the Mexican revolutionists have shown capacity for organizing in one section of the country, and operating away from their 'tierra,' and even now this progress in the art of war is confined to the northerners led by Villa."

The memorandum asserts that the Government reports printed in the capital of a garrison numbering 10,000 men at Guadalajara indicate fear that the Constitutionalists on the west coast, now holding Tepic, are threatening to invade the Guadalajara Valley.

Capt. Burnside discounts the reported number of this garrison by 60 per cent.

Discussing the probable next movements of Villa's troops on the capital, Capt. Burnside sees no possibility of the success of that campaign for many months. He says that even with San Luis Potosi taken, which they have not as yet accomplished, the Constitutionalists will have 315 miles to fight their way across to the capital through the concentrated forces of the Federals, which are now fully supplied with arms and ammunition. In his own opinion, the battle would be apt to result in "the usual Mexican fashion—a draw."

He points out that of first importance after San Luis Potosi are Gonzales Junction and Celaya, which dominate the railroad lines supplying the capital with the bulk of the native food supplies. It is certain, he says, that desperate resistance to the advance would be encountered there.

The memorandum says that the Constitutionalists have made an important advance in the capture of Tampico, because it cuts off much of the Federal fuel oil supply, and also opens a route for arms and supplies to the Constitutionalists. They control the Tampico-San Luis Potosi road sufficiently for this purpose.

Capt. Burnside dismisses the Zapatistas as "not able successfully to operate except in the immediate vicinity of their home." He declares that the bandit arms supply comes from the defeated Federals sent out from the capital. He estimates the Zapata forces at 15,000 in scattered bands.

SALTILLO FEDERALS CAUGHT.

Bottled Up in Town 120 Miles South —Revolt in Sonora.

DURANGO, Mexico, June 2 (via El Paso, Texas, June 3).—The Federal force which evacuated Saltillo and fled southward is bottled up at Vanegas, 120 miles south of Saltillo, according to advices received today by Gen. Carranza.

Gen. Eulalio Luis Guiterrez, who, with his brigade, was ordered to cut off the Federal retreat, checked the movement toward San Luis Potosi and forced Gen. Maass and his men to take refuge in Vanegas. Guiterrez, whose home in near Vanegas, through his knowledge of the country, was enabled to outwit the Federals completely.

Word was received that a large force of Federal soldiers, including many Federal officers, had deserted from the San Luis Potosi garrison and had joined Gen. Torrez. Carranza appointed Gen. Panfilo Natera, now before Zacatecas, Commander in Chief of the first division of the Army of the Centre.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., June 3.—It is understood that Gen. José Maytorena of Sonora and his supporters are planning to oppose by force of arms, if necessary, any attempt to unseat him. Rumors that Maytorena might be deposed have been current for some time.

It was reported here last night also that a junta was formed in cities along the border for the purpose of recruiting and arming men to take the field in his behalf should the Pesqueira faction in Sonora decide not to abandon an attempt to overthrow him. Strict military censorship of telegraph lines has increased the difficulty of obtaining reliable news from the interior of the State.

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BANQUETS A SPECIALTY.

SOME MOOSE WOULD DRAFT THE COLONEL

Up-State Leaders Say Progressives Must Nominate Him for Governor.

TO MEET PERKINS TODAY

Davenport Says Roosevelt May Run — Colby Would Follow Erie in Circulating Primary Petitions.

Bull Moose leaders who hold membership on the Advisory Board of the Progressive State Committee will assemble this afternoon for a conference at the political headquarters of George W. Perkins in the Forty-second Street Building. According to a statement emanating from Theodore Douglas Robinson, Chairman of the State Committee, the conference was called for the purpose of "discussing campaign matters in general." Judging from the frame of mind of many of the prospective conferees, it seems more than likely that the all-absorbing topic of discussion will be whether Col. Roosevelt should or should not be the Progressive candidate for Governor this Fall.

A majority of the Progressive leaders have awakened to the realization that the only hope of a Progressive victory is bound up with the Roosevelt candidacy. On the other hand, it is realized also that should the Colonel be defeated it would play havoc with the Progressive hopes of a Presidential campaign in 1916 with Col. Roosevelt the candidate of the reunited Republican and Progressive parties. As a result the Bull Moose leaders are greatly worried.

Since the Colonel returned from South America, the Progressive leaders have been taking an inventory. They have found that, while the membership rolls of their party contains the names of many men of ability and distinction besides that of Col. Roosevelt, there is not one among them with the exception of the Colonel sufficiently well known to lead the Progressive fight this Fall with any hope of success, or even of making a respectable showing, should the Republicans nominate District Attorney Charles S. Whitman.

Realizing that it would mean a terrific blow to the prestige of the Progressive Party if in Col. Roosevelt's own State the Progressive vote this year should fall below the vote cast under the Bull Moose emblem by Oscar S. Straus in 1912, the leaders have been studying with considerable anxiety the following symposium of figures from 1912 and 1914:

	1912. Vote for Governor.	1914. Enrollment.
Republican	444,105	626,000
Progressive	393,183	111,000

Some of the conservative members of the Progressive Party council have reached the conclusion that no candidate the Progressives would put up this Fall with the exception of Col. Roosevelt himself could hope to poll more than about 100,000 votes in the campaign, provided District Attorney Whitman is the Republican nominee. The fact that William Sulzer is to enter the field as an independent candidate has not helped matters any. While Mr. Sulzer will draw his principal strength from among the Democratic voters, it is believed that should the Progressives nominate a candidate for Governor not sufficiently known throughout the State Mr. Sulzer would cut into the Progressive strength also.

The membership of the Advisory Board includes State Chairman Robinson, Francis W. Bird, Chairman of the Progressive County Committee; ex-Senator Frederick M. Davenport, who is Chairman of the Progressive Legislative Committee; Chauncey Hamlin, Progressive leader in Erie County; H. S. Wilkinson, the Progressive leader of Onondaga, and Bainbridge Colby. Mr. Perkins, who is Executive Chairman of the National Committee, will also sit in at the conference this afternoon.

Mr. Colby, who has just returned from a visit in the Western part of the State, said that there was universal demand for the Colonel as a candidate in the sections he had traversed, not only among the Progressives, but among progressive Republicans and Democrats as well.

"If I have my way we will follow the example of Mr. Hamlin in Erie County and at once begin to circulate petitions for Col. Roosevelt's nomination," said Mr. Colby yesterday. "In that manner we may be able to convince the Colonel on his return from Spain that it is his duty to assume the leadership in the fight this Fall."

So far the chief obstacle to putting the Colonel forward has been the Colonel himself. Col. Roosevelt, in resisting what some of the Bull Moose leaders insist on terming a "call," has been backed by Mr. Perkins, who is in constant touch with Progressive leaders from other States and knows their views. These leaders, with an eye on 1916, with few exceptions, have maintained that the Colonel should make a country-wide campaign this Fall in the interest of the Progressive candidates for United States Senate, the House of Representatives, and for Gubernatorial candidates in some States. This, they point out, would place the Colonel in no jeopardy of a defeat that would blast their hopes of running him for President in 1916.

Ex-Senator Frederick M. Davenport who arrived in this city yesterday for the conference, essayed an explanation last night of the cryptic statement issued by Col. Roosevelt prior to his departure for Spain last Saturday.

"Does the statement mean that the Colonel will become a candidate for Governor?" ex-Senator Davenport was asked, with particular view to his knowledge as to what was discussed at the Sagamore Hill conferences.

"It certainly does not mean that he would not be a candidate for Governor," Mr. Davenport replied. "But the answer to that question cannot be given at present, because it has not been determined. Developments during the next few weeks will determine that."

H. S. Wilkinson of Syracuse said that he was irreconcilably opposed to the indorsement of District Attorney Whitman should the Republicans name him for Governor, and to any fusion with or return to the Republican Party by the Progressives.

"I believe Col. Roosevelt will be the Progressive nominee for Governor," Mr. Wilkinson said. "He does not wish to run, but I believe he can yet be shown that the demand for him is so widespread that he must not decline."

William Church Osborn, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, will issue a call today for a conference of the Democratic State Committee, the State Executive Committee, and the Democratic County Chairmen, to be held at the Hotel Knickerbocker in this city on June 18 and 19. It is believed that the State Committee at this conference will select fifteen prominent Democrats, who will be recommended to the party as candidates who should receive the nomination for delegates at large to the constitutional convention next year at the primaries.

MRS. BROWN FOR CONGRESS

Colorado Suffragists Urge Her Candidacy and She Has Fusion Support.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, June 3.—Suffragists of Colorado have selected as their candidate for Congress Mrs. James J. Brown of Denver and this city. Mrs. Brown returned from Colorado a few days ago, where she went to nurse sick and wounded miners and their families.

The preliminary Congressional campaign is on in Denver, and the Progressives and Democrats have selected Mrs. Brown as their candidate for Congress on a fusion ticket. Primaries will be held next September.

Judge Benjamin B. Lindsey of the Juvenile Court of Denver is coming to Newport to confer with her about the campaign. Mrs. Brown has not yet decided whether she will make the contest, but perliminary arrangements have been made with the idea of having her enter the contest.

Mrs. Brown will leave for Denver in September and will entertain the Duke of Westminster, who writes that his object in visiting Denver is to obtain polo ponies.

PALMER ATTACKS PENROSE.

Opponent Denounced as Interests' Tool by Senatorial Candidate.

HARRISBURG, Penn., June 3.—Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, Democratic primary nominee for United States Senator, addressing the Democratic State Central Committee today, pointed with pride to the legislative achievements of the present National Administration and invited "the co-operation of all progressive, forward looking men in the work yet to be accomplished," adding:

"We would rid this State and the country of the block in the path of progress which the continuance of a Penrose in the United States Senate implies. Penrose is the political remnant of a régime that has gone, never to return. He is out of harmony with the spirit of the times, out of sympathy with the present aspirations of the people, out of touch with the awakened conscience of the nation.

"From his entrance into the Senate of the United States to this hour he has bitterly opposed every forward step; he has gladly supported every backward movement. His voice has been raised at Washington, as his hand has been felt at Harrisburg, always in the interest of special privilege.

"In the first session of Congress of which he was a member he came to the rescue of one of the most offensive trusts in the country when he voted against the proposed investigation into the methods of the American Sugar Refining Company to control legislation and the charge against Senators of speculating in sugar stocks. In his last session he dropped the manipulation of his machine in Pennsylvania long enough to make a trip to Washington and oppose the President in his effort to defend the national honor in Mexico without resort to arms; cast a cynical slur upon the volunteer soldiery of the nation then offering to support the President, if necessary, and publish an interview showing his willingness to vote for a subsidy for the shipping trust, coolly reversing his own position for political effect.

"Between these extremes of his Senatorial career is the record of nearly eighteen years marked by repeated service to the great interests. His greatest forensic effort was expended in an unsuccessful attempt to overthrow the will of the people of Pennsylvania by seating a Senator whom they had repudiated in the Legislature, only to find a pliant Executive willing to undo their work; his frankest alliance with special interests was exhibited in his condonation of fraud and crime to hold a place in the Senate for his co-laborer in the field of corrupt politics, Lorimer of Illinois."

ORDERS ALL BALLOTS KEPT.

Court Preserves Evidence of Constitutional Election.

On the application of William Jay Schieffelin, Chairman of the Citizens' Union, Justice Philbin of the Supreme Court yesterday granted an order directing Boards of Elections in New York City and in all counties of the State to preserve intact all the ballots cast in the special election held on April 7 to determine whether a Constitutional Convention should be called next year. Under the law governing the special election, the ballots could have been destroyed at any time after June 6 in the absence of a mandate to the contrary from a committee of the Legislature, the District Attorney of a county, or a court of competent jurisdiction. Mr. Schieffelin said there was reason to believe that a majority of the qualified electors voted in the negative.

The Citizens' Union, the Honest Ballot Association, and District Attorney Whitman, acting in concert, are conducting an investigation with a view of asking the courts to determine whether the returns from the April election favored or did not favor a Constitutional Convention. The majority in favor of the convention on the face of the returns was only 1,353. The investigation conducted by Mr. Whitman in connection with alleged frauds in the district of Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy has already led to the arrest and indictment of twenty-four election officials.

Winfred Earl Yoker, Secretary of the Citizens' Union, said last night that he would be glad to receive information indicating that the election was not honestly conducted from any part of the State.

"Unquestionably gross frauds were accountable for the large vote in New York County in favor of the convention," said Mr. Youker. "It has been intimated that in other parts of the State frauds were perpetrated to defeat the convention."

George W. Kessler, Secretary of the Honest Ballot Association, who some time ago sent a request to all the District Attorneys in the State to direct the preservation in their respective counties of the ballots, announced yesterday that twenty-seven of the sixty-two District Attorneys had not even acknowledged receipt of the request. In a letter to Gov. Glynn on May 28 Mr. Kessler asked the Governor to order an investigation in all up-State counties.

"The Governor has not intimated as yet what action he will take in the matter," said Mr. Kessler last night.

SULZER DENIES IN PART.

No Barnes Aid Because Reilly Wouldn't Act.

Assemblyman William Sulzer of the Sixth District denied yesterday "that I or any one representing me or the 'Sulzer nominators,' directly or indirectly, saw Mr. Barnes or requested Mr. Barnes or any one representing Mr. Barnes to aid in my campaign for Governor on an independent ticket." Mr. Sulzer declared that the report was made out of whole cloth, "and, in fact, has absolutely no foundation."

The story as printed in THE TIMES did not state that Mr. Sulzer or any one representing him had seen or requested Mr. Barnes or any one representing Mr. Barnes to aid in his campaign. It did state that Mr. Sulzer personally had called on Hugh J. Reilly, a contractor, who has lent him money, and asked him to, if he could, get a personal friend who is close to State Chairman Barnes to ask the latter to give financial aid to the Sulzer Gubernatorial campaign on the plea that the bulk of Mr. Sulzer's vote would come from Democrats and Progressives, the opposition parties.

Mr. Reilly, according to the report, did not consent to act as Mr. Sulzer's go-between in the matter.

EX-GOV. OSBORN MAY RUN.

Back from 65,000-Mile Trip, He Hears of Michigan Boom.

Chase F Osborn, former Governor of Michigan, who arrived yesterday on the Hamburg-American liner Imperator with his wife from a two years trip around the world, was told by the reporters at the pier that he had been boomed as a Republican candidate for Governor in Michigan. "If my friends insist I will be a candidate for the nomination."

Talking about the Republican Party, he said it was time to quit kicking one another and being mad and throwing stones.

"I want to see united the Republican and Progressive Parties," he said. "I am a Progressive-Republican—a Republican first and a Progressive afterward."

To Run for Governor of California.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 3.—John D. Fredericks, Prosecuting Attorney of Los Angeles County, announced yesterday his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Governor, following the withdrawal of several other aspirants. Fredericks gained National attention as prosecutor of John J. and James B. McNamara, in connection with the dynamiting of The Los Angeles Times building in 1911.

STORSTAD CLAIMS $50,000 DAMAGES

Owners Start a Counter Suit Against the Empress of Ireland as Cause of Disaster.

DIVERS TO STUDY WRECK

Salvage Attempts Reported Under Way — Official Inquiry May Take Several Weeks.

1,027 Lost; 452 Saved

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, June 3.—The official record of the lost and saved on the Empress of Ireland, given out today, shows these figures:

First Class—Total sailing, 92; rescued, 36; dead, 56; identified dead, 22.

Second Class—Total sailing, 256; rescued, 47; dead, 209; identified dead, 31.

Third Class—Total sailing, 718; rescued, 136; dead, 582; identified dead, 30.

Crew—Total sailing, 413; rescued, 233; dead, 180; identified dead, 12.

Recapitulation—Total sailing, 1,479; dead, 1,027; rescued, 452; identified dead, 95.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, June 3.—An unexpected development came in the Empress of Ireland disaster this morning when the Storstad's owners entered a counter claim against the Canadian Pacific Railway for $50,000 damages due to the collision, contending that the Empress was at fault and alleging negligent navigation on her part. This will make the case still more complicated and counsel on both sides are busy searching for precedents in Canadian courts. There is a case, heard in Prince Edward Island in 1892, when the liability was limited to $8.92 for each ton of gross tonnage. On this basis the total liability of the Empress of Ireland would be $552,313 and of the Storstad $234,600.

The controversy continues unabated. Capt. Lange, agent for the Storstad, has issued a statement that the Storstad saved 255 and cared for 350 survivors and that her boats were used in the rescue work in addition to one Empress boat manned by Storstad men.

Inquiries at the Storstad brought the statement that Capt. Anderson himself was in command when the collision occurred. He had ordered the collier to slow down in the fog when the Empress loomed across her bow coming out from the shore after dropping her pilot. The collier struck the Empress square and the stern of the collier was swung round in line with the liner, so that the stem, sticking in the hole, was twisted like a crook. As soon as Capt. Anderson saw the Empress he rang full speed astern and when the collision occurred he rang full speed ahead. The Empress's way carried her beyond the collier, however. This is the statement of the officers of the Storstad.

The allegations against Capt. Kendall have been withdrawn on behalf of Mrs. Anderson, the explanation given being that her imperfect knowledge of English caused a misconstruction of her statement.

Dr. Grant, the Empress's doctor, made an emphatic denial this afternoon of the charges against the Storstad officers and crew made by Mr. Gosselin, the Montreal lawyer. Dr. Grant declared that they were without the slightest foundation and that all the men aboard the Storstad lent every possible assistance. Dr. Grant also defended Capt. Kendall against the charges of neglect.

Evidence of steerage survivors reveals terrible scenes of panic and frenzy among the foreigners when they realized that the ship was sinking. The truth of some of these stories will not be known until the inquest.

It is believed that salvage preparations have already begun. It is reported that three divers of the biggest New York salvage company will descend and survey the wreck tomorrow, form an estimate of the cost of salvage and the likelihood of success, and then submit an estimate to the Canadian Pacific Railway. The same men surveyed the battleship Maine after she had sunk in Havana Harbor. They believe the Empress is now resting on an even keel, and they do not think that the tide or the temperature of the water will hinder salvage operations. The disaster happened just at half tide.

A high official of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, who has intimate knowledge of all the details of the shipping department, discussing the salvage of the Empress of Ireland, stated tonight that the company had neither the equipment nor means of raising the great liner, and getting her to port, and left his hearers to draw their own conclusions.

This is taken to mean that the vessel will be abandoned to the underwriters, or that some firm which makes a specialty of wrecking and salvaging sunken ships will get the contract.

There is no doubt that some operations will be undertaken. Not only are there many bodies trapped in the ships, which the officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway state they will make every effort to rescue, but it is learned from an authoritative source that the amount of bullion in the strong room amidships on the upper deck amounts to close upon $2,000,000. It is all in bars of silver.

The official inquiry will await Lord Mersey's arrival. The scope of the investigation will be as wide as possible, and all parties will have legal representation. It is estimated that the inquiry will last several weeks.

A painful incident was the arrest of two members of the Storstad's crew, neither a Norwegian, on a charge of stealing money order from survivors.

A tabulated list giving the number of passengers on the Empress, the number of identified dead, &c., was issued from Quebec by the Canadian Pacific Railway last night. It was at first announced that the total was 1,367 passengers and crew. Today the total is 1,479, a difference of 112. Nothing has been said as to whether they were all in the steerage or not.

CHANGES IN DEATH LIST.

Three Musicians Found to be Alive, a Fireman Drowned.

Special to The New York Times.

QUEBEC, June 3.—Four changes have been made in the official list of the saved and the identified from the Empress of Ireland issued yesterday. Three of the ship's musicians, it has been discovered, were saved. They were A. Pemberton, S. Norman, and H. B. Childs. A name that was placed on the list of rescued must be changed to the roll of the dead. This is Michael McGuiness, leading fireman. This morning his body was identified by two of the firemen who were saved. McGuiness was one of the five brothers, all of whom were in the same department on board the Empress. Two of these brothers reached the boats, the others went down with the ship.

There remain in the morgue 122 bodies, and eleven of these are children. About half have been identified.

The bodies of three men, presumably victims of the Father Point disaster, have been recovered, according to a report which Chief McCarthy of the Provincial Police has received from Constable Gagner, who was sent from Rimouski along the south shore of the river.

SEEK FOR MORE BODIES.

Government Vessels to Patrol River —Salvation Army Services.

MONTREAL, June 3.—Government vessels were assigned today to patrol the St. Lawrence in search of any more of the Empress of Ireland's dead which the river's waters may give up. By Sunday officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company believe bodies should begin to appear. Special officers have been ordered to points along the coast. A beach patrol base has been established at Matane, Quebec, and descriptions of missing persons as forwarded to Matane will be tallied with recovered bodies and the authorities at Quebec will be notified of apparent identifications.

In sixty-nine countries and colonies on Sunday memorial services will be held by some 200,000 soldiers of the Salvation Army in memory of the 138 members of the organization who perished on the Empress of Ireland. Salvation Army officers here estimated tonight that more than 2,700,000 persons would gather in the army's citadels the world over to mourn. Services will be conducted in thirty-four languages, they said.

HAVE NO SALVAGE PLAN YET.

Underwriters Prepare to Pay Insurance of $1,400,000 on Empress.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 4.—The Times this morning says:

"On the strength of a report cabled from Montreal respecting salvage prospects, some underwriters yesterday were ready to reinsure the Empress of Ireland against the risk of total loss at 90 guineas per cent. Little business was placed at this figure. Then, on behalf of the owners, formal notice of the abandonment of the ship was tendered to the underwriters. Notice of abandonment is common after serious casualties have occurred, and does not preclude the possibility of an arrangement for salvage, but in the case of the Empress of Ireland there is no suggestion in the London market of any attempt to salve the vessel, and the London market would now have the casting vote in any big salvage scheme.

"It is proposed to begin the collection of the total loss claim within the next few days, and inquiries indicate there will be absolutely no disposition among the leading underwriters to delay the settlement. The Empress of Ireland is insured against all risks for about £280,000 ($1,400,000), and the market has had ample experience of the extent of the damage caused to a fine-fitted liner by submerging.

"Salvage operations would necessarily be costly, and then if, supposing they were successful, the cost of the work and the cost of rehabilitation of the ship exceeded £280,000, the vessel would be a constructive total loss, as the underwriters would then have to pay total loss plus cost of any bargain made with salvors.

"If the value of the silver reported shipped in the Empress of Ireland justifies the expenditure, an attempt will no doubt be made to salve the metal, but the London market has as yet only learned of silver worth about £5,000, besides a consignment of copper matte worth a few thousand pounds."

$900,000 Needed for Wreck Victims

LIVERPOOL, June 3.—In order to provide adequate relief for the dependents of those lost through the sinking of the Empress of Ireland the sum of $900,000 is needed, of which $400,000 should be allocated to the families of the crew. This is the estimate given to the Lord Mayor of Liverpool by Duncan Fraser, the actuary, who was connected with the Titanic fund.

MRS. EATON WEDS AGAIN.

Acquitted of Poisoning Rear Admiral, She Remarries First Husband.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Mrs. Jennie M. Eaton of Boston, widow of Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton, and her first husband, D. Henry Ainsworth of Morristown, Ariz., were married here today. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. L. Morgan Chambers, and attracted so little attention that nothing was known of it in Washington until it was announced that the pair had gone to a Summer resort for their second honeymoon.

Mrs. Eaton was acquitted in Boston in last October of the charge of poisoning her second husband. Rear Admiral Eaton died at his home in Norwell, Mass., on March 7, 1913, under circumstances that excited suspicion and resulted in the widow's arrest and imprisonment. After a long trial Mrs. Eaton was found not guilty.

Mr. Ainsworth was divorced from his wife eight years ago in Illinois. He gave his age today as 40 and that of his bride as 40 years.

THE TIMES FINDS HER RINGS

Gems of Waldorf Guest Recovered Through an Advertisement.

While the success of Detective John Watson of the Waldorf, in finding lost jewelry has long been recognized, when Mrs. W. Govern of 12 East Thirty-eighth Street came to the desk on Tuesday afternoon and reported that she had lost two valuable rings somewhere on the ground floor of the hotel, the detective, after asking the usual questions, decided that he needed help.

He learned that Mrs. Govern had been in the Marie Antoinette room, and that she had been in one of the dressing rooms. She thought she remembered taking off her rings. As more than one woman has taken off her rings while washing her hands at the Waldorf, and then walked out, leaving them on the wash-stand, Watson soon came to the conclusion that that was what happened in Mrs. Govern's case.

As the value of an advertisement in the Lost and Found columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES was known to Chief Sleuth Smith and the members of his force, an advertisement of Mrs. Govern's loss appeared in this newspaper yesterday morning.

Later in the morning a young man sought the chief clerk of the hotel. He said his wife had found two rings in the women's dressing room in the hotel the afternoon before, and seeing the advertisement in THE NEW YORK TIMES, he had brought them down to see if they were the two that had been lost. One of the rings was of platinum, the setting about an inch by five-eighths, and containing about twenty-eight diamonds, and the other was of gold, the set containing seven brilliants. The rings were worth $1,000.

Times Ad. Restores $1,000 Pin.

A diamond, gold, and platinum bar pin worth $1,000 was lost by one of the customers of E. M. Gattle & Co. An advertisement inserted by this firm in THE TIMES yesterday was answered later in the morning, and the bar pin returned, a reward of $400 being paid to the finder. Since the advertisement promised that no questions would be asked of the finder, it is not known where the pin was found nor under what circumstances.

Hid Her Jewels in a Dream.

Mrs. Adele Scott of 103 Bostwick Avenue, Jersey City, telephoned to the Ocean Avenue Police Station yesterday that her jeyelry, worth $235, had been stolen in the night. Then she remembered that she had dreamed burglars were in the house and that she had taken the jewelry from a bureau and put them in her husband's bathrobe in a closet. When Detective Daniel Noble arrived she had found the jewelry where she had dreamed of putting it.

Diamond Rings Seized on Pier.

George Wolf, a jeweler of Fort Worth, Texas, who arrived from Hamburg yesterday on the Imperator, failed to declare diamond rings and other jewelry amounting to $300. The articles were taken by the customs officials at Hoboken and Wolf was ordered to appear at the Custom House today before Gen. Barry, the Surveyor, and explain.

GROUP 3 INSURGENTS NAME A BANK TICKET

Ignore Action of Regulars and Nominate Two Federal Directors.

PLAN A VIGOROUS FIGHT

Will Canvass the 159 Banks of the Group—Regulars Select Head of the State Grange.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—An all-day fight here today between the insurgent Group 3 banks and the Nominating Committee appointed at the New York conference resulted in a split and the nomination of two tickets for the two Directorships in the Federal Reserve Bank that are to be filled by this group.

The Nominating Committee ignored the insurgents throughout, and the insurgents, after the Nominating Committee had filled its ticket, ignored it and announced its own choice. This choice settled down, after some balloting, on two members of the Nominating Committee itself. The two tickets, as finally completed, were as follows:

Director.	Regular.	Insurgent.
Class A	Franklin D. Locke,	D. Woodard.
Class B	William G. Vary,	Leslie R. Palmer.

Mr. Locke, who was nominated last week, is Vice President of the Manufacturers and Traders National Bank of Buffalo. Mr. Vary is President of the State Grange and lives in Watertown. Mr. Woodard is President of the Granville National Bank. Mr. Palmer until recently was President of the First National of Croton-on-Hudson, but now is engaged in commercial business, which makes him eligible for a Class B Director.

The insurgent meeting appointed a committee to push the candidacy of Messrs. Woodard and Palmer, consisting of former State Treasurer, Addison B. Colvin, whose bank is in Argyle, and Frederick A. Comtsock of South Glens Falls, who were respectively Chairman and Secretary of the meeting. They conferred with the candidates and decided to send letters to all the 159 banks in the group, which comprise those having each a capital and surplus of $70,000 or less. Advantage will also be taken of the annual convention of the New York State Bankers' Association at New London next week, when electioneering between the two factions will be at fever heat.

The Reserve Bank Organization Committee, consisting of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, Secretary of Agriculture Houston, and Controller of the Currency Williams, gave the insurgents its moral support through its counsel, Stuart G. Gibboney of New York, who assured the meeting that although the law did not specify that the directors elected by Group 3 should be directly representative of Group 3 interests, it was the spirit of the law that they should be. Mr. Gibboney also said that the banks on which the nominations, which must be made formally by individual banks, are to be reported to the Organization Committee were mailed from Washington yesterday, and must be returned within ten days. The ballots will then be sent out, and fifteen days is allowed by the law for voting them, so that there will be a good three weeks for the electioneering.

The Fight Against Locke.

The chief issue in the whole row has been over the fact that Mr. Locke, the regular nominee for the Class A, or banking director, is connected with a bank that is in Group 1, that of banks having each a capital and surplus of more than $190,000, while the insurgents want their representative to come from one of the small banks.

The Nominating Committee, which was chosen at the conference of Group 3 banks in New York, decided, after naming Mr. Locke, that it would take more time to select the Class B or non-banking Director, and arranged to meet in Albany this afternoon. The result of another conference of Group 3 banks was sent out by seven banks, mainly in and around Washington County, to be held this morning. The number in attendance was twenty-eight, just the same as at the New York conference, and they were largely the same banks.

The members of the Nominating Committee, of whom seven out of eight were in the Hotel Ten Eyck, where both meetings were held, kept away from the insurgent meeting, with the exception of Mr. Palmer. As soon as Mr. Colvin had been installed in the chair he suggested that George E. Merrill of East Aurora, Chairman of the Nominating Committee, be invited to explain his position.

E. G. Higley, President of the Hudson Falls National Bank, who was defeated four times for Chairman of the New York conference, and was the chief organizer of the insurgent meeting, was sent out to bring Mr. Merrill in. Mr. Merrill, who was in the hotel lobby with other members of the committee, evinced no eagerness to respond, but after Mr. Colvin had left the chair to add his persuasions to those of Mr. Higley, Mr. Merrill and the rest of his committee filed in.

Mr. Merrill said his committee objected to the call for the insurgent meeting as prepared by Mr. Higley, and objected to the meeting beind held. It objected to being characterized as the "so-called Nominating Committee," and to the statement that it had made no nomination, although it had nominated Mr. Locke.

Mr. Merrill concluded by saying that the committee had finished its work with regard to the Class A Directorship, and that he could take no part in the meeting so far as that was concerned.

Mr. Palmer explained that at the meeting of the Nominating Committee in New York he had urged delay in order to ascertain whether the banks he represented were willing to have a Group 1 man named for Director. This was overruled, and, as he was opposed to naming a Government employe, he had acquiesced in Mr. Locke's selection.

"I don't object to Mr. Locke or to the Standard Oil Company," he said. "Maybe John D. Rockefeller would make an excellent Director. But I do object to the method by which Group 1 selected a representative for the small banks."

Mr. Merrill gravely informed the Chairman that he would like to have permission to retire, as his committee had a duty to perform in the selection of a candidate for Class B Director. Despite Chairman Colvin's pacific pleadings, Mr. Merrill left the meeting, but the rest of his committee stayed. One of them, H. W. Dunlap, cashier of the First National of Holland Patent, objected to the insurgent movement.

Suspects Federal Manipulation.

"There has been a suspicion that the Government has been trying to get control of the Reserve Bank," he said, "by causing a split among the small banks. There is also a suspicion that some personal ambition has not been gratified. I hold to that suspicion and I'm not afraid to say so."

Mr. Dunlap looked right at Mr. Higley as he said this, and Mr. Higley took the floor. He said he had never had a thought of being a candidate himself. The statements in the call had been made on information from Mr. Palmer. No reflection had been meant by the expression "so-called nominating committee."

P. E. Wurst, representing the Citizens' National of Springville, came to Mr. Locke's defense, saying he had canvassed all of the eighteen small banks in his district and they were unanimous for Mr. Locke.

Mr. Higley brought the discussion to an end by offering this resolution:

Resolved, That this meeting recommends that a member for Class A and Class B Directors be a man representative of Group 3 and an officer of a Group 3 bank, or associated with the interests of a Group 3 bank in a financial and business way.

This was adopted, 18 to 4, and Roscoe G. Hays of the National Bank of Whitehall moved that the Nominating Committee be requested to put up an additional candidate for Class A and two candidates for Class B, the extra ones being selected by the insurgents in accordance with the resolution. This was unanimously carried, and a recess was taken for consultation as to the names to be suggested to the committee.

When it reassembled Mr. Woodard and Frederick Storm, President of the Bayside National, were put in nomination for Class A, Mr. Palmer and John J. Dillon, editor of The Rural New Yorker, were put in nomination for Class B. It remained to choose one in each case, and ballots were taken for this purpose, Messrs. Woodard and Palmer winning handsomely. A committee was appointed to advise the Nominating Committee of this action, and the meeting adjourned till 3 o'clock.

The pacific Mr. Colvin headed this committee. It was received courteously by the Nominating Committee, then in session upstairs, but its recommendations were heard in cold silence. The Nominating Committee went on for two hours, while the insurgent meeting marked time, waiting to hear from it. Finally Messrs. Palmer and Woodard came down, and the insurgent meeting was reassembled. Mr. Palmer reported that the Nominating Committee had refused to reopen the Class A nominations and was considering names for Class B.

"That doesn't preclude the possibility," suggested Chairman Colvin, "of those present forming an organization to bring about the nomination of the two chosen here. We might, however, await an official communication from the Nominating Committee."

"There won't be any official communication," said Mr. Palmer.

After a long pause Charles Tracy, cashier of the First National of Philmont, moved that Messrs. Woodard and Palmer be the candidates of the insurgent meeting, and this was agreed to unanimously. The meeting adjourned, subject to the call of the Chairman.

Half an hour later the Nominating Committee adjourned and announced that it had chosen Mr. Vary for class B.

The members of the Nominating Committee, besides Messrs. Merrill, Palmer, Woodard, and Dunlap, are M. S. Sandford of Ovid, W. E. Leffingwell of Watkins, Elmer G. Story of Bayside, and A. B. Potterton of Tottenville. Mr. Potterton was the only absentee, but Messrs. Woodard and Palmer had left the meeting when Mr. Vary was nominated.

Those present at the insurgent meeting not already named were Adam L. Sitterley, Jr., of Altamont; H. H. G. Ingalls of Carleton, Guvin E. Foster of Cato, F. Eldred Pruyn of Corinth, Hiram L. Bostwick of Frankfort, Oscar S. Munson, and F. W. Hewitt of Granville; R. Emmett Archibald of Lake George, S. M. Powell of Mineola, J. A. Crabtree of Montgomery, R. J. Martin of North Creek, Rufus W. Park of Remsen, J. A. Overton of Smithtown Branch, C. H. Mapes of Spring Valley, Arthur F. Bouton of Roxbury, and representatives of the First National of Hastings-on-Hudson, Mariners' Harbor National, National Union of Monticello, Pine Bush National, and Citizens' National of Springville.

500 WAIT TO DUCK I. W. W. MEN IN RIVER

Continued from Page 1.

Louise Berger, who was arrested ten days ago in front of the Jefferson Market Court, where she went, she said, to appear as a witness on behalf of those arrested for holding a Sunday street meeing in East Fourth Street. She insisted that she had written nine letters telling her friends that she was on a hunger strike in the Queens County Jail, but that all had been suppressed. Berkman told her he had written her six letters, but she said she had not received any of them.

Berkman launched into a tirade against Commissioner of Correction Davis, declaring that her public career was made possible through contributions from John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and through a position on the Social Hygiene Commission, to which Mr. Rockefeller appointed her, with Abraham Flexner and Raymond B. Fosdick. Berkman and his crowd held their rally directly under the jail windows.

Sheriff Doyle heard Miss Berger call to the prisoners and get a reply. He rushed down on the crowd with a force of deputies and threatened to arrest her if she again attempted to speak with prisoners. For answer the prisoners inside set up a prolonged howling. When they had worn themselves out they stamped their feet and after a time broke out in a chorus of "The Marseillaise."

To stop the noise, Sheriff Doyle drove the Berkman crowd a block away from the jail. They discussed a plan to invade Tarrytown, but returned to New York.

At a meeting in the Ferrer School at night Berkman addressed recruits gathered at Paterson, N. J., on Tuesday.

"We understand our companions arrested in Tarrytown have been refused a Grand Jury hearing, and will be taken back to Tarrytown from White Plains on Saturday," he told reporters. "We will be at the trial in Tarrytown in force, and will voice our protest against what is being done to disgrace the cause of justice. We will at the same time attempt to hold the Rev. Mr. Cates to his promise to receive us, and will send men into Tarrytown both on Saturday and on many other days to fight out the free speech issue. We will make our visitations when they least expect us. They had better keep their mobs on duty all the time, if they expect to fight us with violence, for we will be there to give them plenty of fight in return."

Berkman said that in the jail at White Plains Arthur Caron and four others were keeping to the hunger strike. One of the prisoners, he said, had collapsed, but had refused to eat.

Hastings and Dobbs Ferry took special precautions at night to keep off I. W. W. invaders, and their police turned back several men who arrived on trolley cars from New York.

A great triple play!!

¶ New—original—exclusive—triple stripe worsteds in six beautiful combination colorings.

Black with 3 white stripes
Blue with 3 green stripes
Black with 3 green stripes
Black with 3 greener stripes
Black with 3 red stripes
Black with 3 purple stripes

¶ In one button models and square cut models, with peak or new low gore lapels, turned cuffs and variations in slanting pockets and big patch pockets with small flap.

¶ And the tailoring is as delicately done as an etching—deft and deliberate in draughtsmanship—revealing in every stitch and seam the sure and sensitive touch of a master hand.

¶ As for the lining, all but an absurd fraction of it is gone—the interior coat seams being piped, and the garment entire is no more of a burden than a certified check.

Only $35.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

HOE JURY'S VERDICT TO BE KNOWN TODAY

Judge's Charge Warns About Wealth of Breach of Promise Defendant.

MAE SULLIVAN IN COURT

Hears Justice Gavegan Ask if Parts of Her Story Seem Probable.

The jury in the suit of Miss Mae A. Sullivan against Arthur I. Hoe, son of the millionaire builder of printing presses, for $150,000 for breach of promise, retired at 12:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Contrary to general expectation, there was no hasty verdict. At 6 o'clock the jury was still conferring, and Justice Gavegan of the Supreme Court ordered a sealed verdict at 10:30 o'clock this morning. The great interest in the case was shown by the crowd that waited patiently in the corridor leading to the courtroom for several hours after the jury had begun its deliberations. At midnight the jury had not reached a verdict.

The charge of Justice Gavegan dealt severely with the length of time it had taken the lawyers to try the case. Mr Hoe and his wife, who was an actress before her marriage, sat with elbows touching during the entire charge, listening intently. Miss Sullivan was near by with her dimpled chin in the palm of her left hand and with her eyes upon the face of the Justice.

Justice Gavegan told the jury that perhaps Miss Sullivan learned how easy it was to get money from the defendant, and that it was for the jurors to determine whether the plaintiff chose that way of getting money rather than to earn it. He charged that the jury might consider whether it was probable that a man of Mr. Hoe's wealth and station in life would make a proposal of marriage to a girl like Miss Sullivan in a public place. He said that a verdict for Mr. Hoe would be a certificate of chastity for Miss Sullivan.

"You may consider," said Justice Gavegan, "what was in Miss Sullivan's mind. Consider the crew by which she was beset, the financial difficulties, the pressure under which she was living, the loss of her parents, and her estrangement from her living relatives."

Justice Gavegan said that the only evidence in the case submitted to show that Mr. Hoe had been guilty of improper conduct with Miss Sullivan came from her own lips. He said that perhaps Mr. Hoe had intended to cultivate improper relations with the plaintiff, and then he said:

"If that is true it may have been an act of Providence or kind fate that withheld him in time."

The court warned the jurors to guard against passion, prejudice, and sympathy, and especially not to let the wealth of the defendant influence them in any way. Justice Gavegan read part of the letter written by Miss Sullivan shortly after the death of her parents in which she said:

"You know now I can go wherever I please, as I am my own boss."

The jury was told to consider whether the letter was that of a wayward girl. The justice also charged:

"You are entitled to ask yourselves whether Miss Sullivan was telling the truth when she said she could not remember the day the most unfortunate thing that could happen to a young girl happened to her. Does it strike you a girl of such high spirit and of such respectable antecedents would truthfully be unable to name the day on which such a horrible thing occurred?"

The point of this was that if Miss Sullivan had named the day and the approximate time it might have been possible for the defence to prove an alibi for the defendant, or to disprove the charge in some other way.

These goods not on sale till Friday.

Franklin

Loeser's

The Brooklyn Store

June Sales

June begins at Loeser's with most notable merchandise offerings to save the money of our customers:

The White Sale
The China Sale
The Needlework Sale

are three of the very important events now in full swing.

The White Sale offers an immense variety of excellent Undermuslins and kindred wear in the new fashions for a fraction of ordinary prices.

The China Sale (called the "Brides'" Sale) offers over $100,000 in China, Cut Glass, Lamps, Clocks, etc., at reductions of a fourth to half.

The Needlework Sale offers exquisite embroidered linens and table laces and a great variety of stamped articles for summer needlework at a fourth to half less than customary prices.

"Minimum Cost" Summer Dresses

Dresses with an air of fashion and with good quality never before achieved in dresses at similarly low prices.

The low prices come about because of these price-modifying facts: The materials are bought in huge quantities. Hundreds of dresses are made at once. Every economy of material, time and selling is practised.

There are ginghams and other good wash materials at $2.25. Voiles, crepes and batistes, trimmed with laces and embroideries, at $5.75. Fine French linens in all the fashionable colors at $6.50. And lovely French sponge crepes in Cossack tunic styles at $8.95.

See them in the "Minimum Cost" Section.

Boys' Bathing Suits In Correct School Colors

If your boy needs a new Bathing Suit get him one in his high school colors. It will cost no more than another kind and if it comes from Loeser's it will be an exceptionally good quality.

We can furnish finely made two-piece Bathing Suits for boys of about 15 years in the colors of Boys' High, Polytechnic, Erasmus Hall and Commercial. Priced $3.50.

Also Bathing Suits for littler boys at 75c, 98c and $1.50.

"Shoes—The Craze Of The Season"

One sentence from our Paris correspondent's last letter.

She tells of the French vogue of Pumps partly made of rich fabrics. New "Combination" Pumps at Loeser's made in this fashion are priced $3.50.

Exactly the right styles and so well made that only an acute eye can distinguish them from the $5 Pumps of which they are copies.

First time at so low a price.

MEN

Shirts That Say "Luxury" at Prices That Say "Economy"

Shirts of silk and silk mixtures of the famous "Girard" make, reduced because the makers went out of business and sold us their remainders in the best styles and patterns.

$5 and $6 Shirts, $3.85
$3.50 Shirts, $2.95
$2.50 Shirts, $1.85

Pure silk and silk mixtures in every lot except those at $3.85, which are all pure silk.

Patterns and colors are the latest. Sizes are complete.

Please note that this is not a mark-down of odds-and-ends but new Shirts in a full variety.

Frederick Loeser & Co.
BROOKLYN—NEW YORK
Subway to Hoyt Street—17 Minutes from Grand Central Station.

DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

AMERICAN COLLEGE IN TURKEY OPENED

Five New Buildings at Arnautkeuy for Women's Education Are Dedicated.

MRS. SHEPARD A DONOR

Gave $200,000—Miss Olivia Stokes and Mrs. Russell Sage Other Contributors.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 3.—The splendid $750,000 home of the American College for Girls on the European slope of the Bosphorus was dedicated today with fitting ceremonies.

United States Ambassador Morgenthau presided and gave an eloquent address. Other speakers were George A. Plimpton and Walter B. Walker, trustees of the college, and Dr. Mary Mills Patrick, its President.

After the exercises charming dances were given by Armenian, Bulgarian, and Greek students in native costumes.

According to dispatches received in New York from Constantinople, a new era in the higher education of women in the Near East was marked yesterday by the dedication of the five new buildings on the property of Constantinople College at Arnautkeuy, on the European shore of the Bosphorus.

W. B. Walker represented Mrs. Helen Miller Gould Shepard, the donor of Gould Hall, one of the group of new buildings.

The five buildings dedicated form a semi-circle on a hilltop overlooking the village of Arnautkeuy and the Bosphorus. The campus of fifty-four acres was acquired in 1908, and the construction of the buildings was begun in 1910. The late Mrs. Henry Woods of Boston was the first subscriber, with a gift of $50,000.

The other contributors were Mrs. Helen Gould Shepard, who donated $200,000 for the construction of Gould Hall, the main administration building; Miss Olivia Phelps Stokes, for the erection of the refectory known as Mitchell Hall, and Mrs. Russell Sage, for the construction of Russell Sage Hall, a dormitory. The two remaining buildings are the School of Education Hall and the general academic building. The total cost of the plant up to date approximates about $750,000.

The work of construction was superintended by foremen from America.

During the forty years of the history of the school of which Constantinople College is the outcome, the attitude of the Ottoman Government toward the education of girls has entirely changed. The Minister of Education yesterday represented the Sultan, while local Government officials, representatives of the civil and ecclesiastical bodies, and members of the foreign Diplomatic Corps were also present.

NOW HAS SCOTT TREASURES

M. Seligmann Takes Possession of the Famous Paris Collection.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 3.—Jacques Seligmann today took possession of the art treasures that belonged to the late Sir John Murray Scott, which he has purchased from Lady Sackville. The collection is now being transferred from the Scott house in the Rue Laffitte to an annex recently built to the Sagan palace, M. Seligmann's residence in the Faubourg St. Germain, where it is to be sold privately.

M. Seligmann told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that the price paid was over $1,400,000. He would not state the exact amount owing to a promise to Lady Sackville.

The first article transferred was Boucher's "Venus," for which M. Seligmann once offered Sir John Scott $120,000. He had since then tried several times to obtain it, and considers it the gem of the collection.

LOOTED BY "WHITE WOLF."

Another Town Pillaged and Fired—Missionaries Safe.

PEKING, June 3.—A dispatch from Lan-Chow, Province of Kan-Su, reports that "White Wolf," the notorious brigand, has looted and set fire to the town of Ning-Chow.

All the missionaries and Americans are safe, but the Christian Alliance station was burned.

RIVA'S SLAYERS SENTENCED

Twelve Years for Men Who Killed Havana's Chief of Police.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, June 3.—The sentence of the Supreme Court, made public tonight, sends to prison Ernesto Asbert, former Governor of Havana Province, and Eugenio Arias, a former member of the House of Representatives, to terms of twelve years and one day each for the killing of Gen. Armando Riva, Chief of Police of Havana, last Summer. Senator Vidal Morales, who was a companion of Asbert and Arias at the time of the killing, was sentenced to pay a fine of $30 for firing his revolver in the air, without pointing it at any person in particular, and $30 more for carrying a weapon without a license.

Emilio Campina, the police Captain who defended Gen. Riva, was freed.

The sentences have created no excitement, as they were practically known two days ago. The seven Supreme Court Judges were unanimous in imposing the sentences.

VIVIANI FORMING CABINET.

It Is Believed He Will Be Successful —Good Progress Already.

PARIS, June 3.—President Poincaré today requested René Viviani, the retiring Minister of Public Instruction, to form a new Ministry to replace that headed by Premier Doumergue, which yesterday resigned office.

M. Viviani, as is customary, asked for time to consult with his friends, promising a formal reply tomorrow. It is almost certain that he will accept, and it is considered likely that he will at the same time be able to submit a list of Ministers. Three have already definitely promised to take portfolios—Louis J. Malvy for the Interior, Joseph J. B. E. Noulens Finance, and Adolphe Messimy War. It is probable that either Leon Bourgeois or Jean Dupuy will take the Foreign portfolio. M. Viviani plans to retain his present portfolio of Public Instruction.

The new Ministry's programme has not yet been fully drafted, but it is known that while the three years' military service terms will be rigidly adhered to, an attempt will be made to conciliate the opposition by the introduction of a comprehensive system of preparatory military instruction, so that recruits prior to taking service will have been trained up to a certain point, with the object of diminishing the length of service when a modification of the international situation justifies such a step.

The prospective Cabinet also favors the early issue of a large loan, preferably at 3½ per cent., but carrying no guarantee of indefinite exemption from the income tax. It will seek to reach a compromise with the Senate on the proportional representation question.

English Noblemen on the Oceanic.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—The Duke of Leeds and Lord Brooke sailed on the Oceanic for New York today.

FOULC TREASURES BRING GOOD PRICES

First Day of the Sale in Paris Results in a Total of $48,690.

$200,000 NOW EXPECTED

Collection of Works by Jacques du Cerceau Sold for $10,200—No Prominent American Bidders.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 3.—The four-day sale of the Foulc collection of books on architecture and ornament, which belonged to the late J. Pierpont Morgan and is now being sold by an unknown owner through the Librairie Albert Besombes, was begun today at the Hôtel Drouot. The room was full, but there were no buyers from the museums, nor from the Bibliothèque Nationale; and no well-known Americans were in the crowd. Edmond Foulc, formerly the owner of the collection, was not present. The bidding was brisk throughout.

About one-third of the books were sold today, and the amounts received totaled $48,690. André Desvouges, the auctioneer, estimates from today's results that the final total will be nearly $200,000.

The principal item in today's sale was the collection of the works of Jacques Androuet du Cerceau, founder of the famous family of architects of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. This set embraces 1,276 engravings and sketches—designs of façades, gateways, chimney pieces, and articles of furniture; even baptismal fonts and medallions. It represents the greater part of Du Cerceau's work, and was considered one of the choicest treasures of the Foulc collection. The price obtained was $10,200. Other prices realized were:

"Works of Ornamentation and Examples of the Goldsmith's Art," by Etienne Delaune, known as Stephanus. Six volumes, containing 327 plates, $1,800.

Designs for watch cases and scabbards, by an anonymous French artist, $1,250.

The "Libro d'Anella Dorefici de l'Inventione di Piero Woeirioto di Oreno," by Pierre Woeiriot, printed by Guillaume Roville at Lyons in 1561. The only perfect copy of an extremely valuable work on gold ornamentation, containing thirty-nine copperplate engravings signed with the artist's monogram, with a richly ornamented binding in the style of Clovis Eve, $1,119.

"New Illustrations of Lace Work," printed by Jacques Foillet at Montbéliard in 1598, an extremely rare volume, $1,000.

"Works of Sir Daniel Marot, Architect of William III., King of Great Britain." Printed at The Hague in 1703 by Pierre Husson. With 229 plates. $870.

"Models of Locks, Gunmaking, and Goldwork," by Antoine Jacquard, printed in 1615, containing representations of most of the work of this master, $740.

"Ornamentation of Sword Hilts," by Pierre Woeiriot. 1555. A book comprising eight plates of Woeiriot's best work in this line. $660.

"L'Architecture a la Mode," a seventeenth century work, showing examples of most of the artists of the period, printed in Paris by A. Langlois, with 172 plates, $650.

"Models of Goldwork," by J. Toutin. 1619. $464.

"Ornaments by J. Berain." A collection of ornaments of the age of Louis XIV., with 136 plates; a portrait of Berain himself by Duflos. $450.

The sale will be continued tomorrow.

DIVORCE IN WAGNER FAMILY.

Frau Cosima's Daughter Obtains a Decree Against Prof. Thode.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 3.—Another chapter in the domestic affairs of the Wagner family was closed today, when a Court at Heidelberg granted to Frau Daniela Thode, daughter of Frau Cosima Wagner's union with the pianist, Hans von Bülow, a divorce on the ground of the infidelity of her husband, Prof. Henry Thode.

The latter was formerly Professor of History at Heidelberg University. He was long associated with his mother-in-law in the management of the Baireuth festivals.

ADDS GERMAN PLEA FOR U. S. RAILROADS

Von Gwinner Says Rates Should Be Even 50 Per Cent. Higher Than They Are Now.

DANGER TO OTHER NATIONS

"Economic Calamity" Will Follow Unless Increase Is Made, He Tells American Club.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 3.—"American railway rates should not be 3, 4, or 5 per cent. higher; they ought to be 25, 35, or 50 per cent. higher," said Arthur von Gwinner, managing Director of the Deutsche Bank, Germany's foremost financial institution, in a speech to the American Luncheon Club today.

Herr von Gwinner, who is the Fatherland's leading expert on American affairs, especially railway conditions, made a remarkable plea in favor of increased American freight rates, which he declared European bankers considered of primary importance for the continuance of American industrial prosperity.

In the course of his address Herr von Gwinner produced some amazing figures illustrating the difference between the rates of the leading systems of Europe. While the Pennsylvania, Baltimore & Ohio, and the Cheaspeake & Ohio in America charge per ton-mile respectively, .65 cents, .63 cents, and .46 cents, the Northeastern of England charges 2.45 cents, the Prussian State railways 1.33 cents, and the Chemin de Fer du Nord, France, 1.13 cents. These figures, Herr von Gwinner pointed out, were all the more remarkable because American railways were compelled to pay wages twice, sometimes thrice, as large as European systems.

"Such a state of affairs," continued Herr von Gwinner, "is utterly anomalous. It is more than that—it is a deliberate menace to the prosperity of the republic and because the prosperity of the rest of the world is closely bound up with that of America, it is a danger to all of us. Unless ways and means are found to remedy it, you are headed straight for an economic calamity.

"Meantime the natural development of your country will be sorely crippled. Your lawmakers ought not to waste time haggling whether railway rates can be raised, 3, 4, or 5 per cent., they ought to be increased ten times those percentages. Far greater issues are at stake than bigger dividends for the shareholders. Your whole industrial fabric must experience an unprecedented boom the moment the railways are placed in a position to make vast extensions to their existing plants.

"As for the railways themselves, they will find it increasingly difficult to supply themselves with needed capital as long as the law insists on limiting their earning power in the present arbitrary fashion."

Herr von Gwinner said that there was undoubtedly plenty of opportunity for legitimate reform in capitalistic abuses of the United States. He instanced the necessity for better laws for the protection of shareholders against the autocratic power of Boards of Directors, but said American lawmakers were inclined to go to extremes in regulation of big business in a manner that was likely to destroy it.

CENTEMERI—nothing but gloves since 1870. Forty-four years of constant improvement.

Centemeri Gloves

For The Bride
And The Attendants

SMART importations from our own factory in Grenoble, France. Choice of special embroideries, many exclusively our own designs. The season's most effective colors in a wide range of shades and sizes.

Wrist Length 1.50 - 2.00 - 2.25
8, 12 and 16 Button 2.50 - 3.00 - 3.50

We will rip the ring finger and resew it at your convenience—free of charge.

P. CENTEMERI & CO.
296 Fifth Avenue
Branch Stores Philadelphia, St. Louis San Francisco
One Door Below 31st Street
Sold in More Than 2000 Cities and Towns
Our Factory Grenoble, France

SILK GLOVES

Beware of Substitution

***Every pair* of silk gloves made by Julius Kayser & Co. has the name**

"The Kayser" in the hem

Look for and insist upon this *proof* of quality and genuineness.

When you ask for and pay for the genuine **"Kayser"** Silk Gloves, be sure you get them. There is one certain way to protect yourself and get the best—look for the name **"Kayser"** in the hem.

JULIUS KAYSER & CO., Makers
NEW YORK

Arnold. Constable & Co.

Summer Specials at Reduced Prices

Children's Clothing

Special Offering of Summer Garments for the Tiny Tot.

DRESSES—Hand made nainsook; two models; embroidered yoke or spaced tucking; 6 mos. and 1 year. *Regularly $1.75* 1.25
PIQUE COATS—Hand embroidered collar and cuff. *Regularly $5.00* 3.50
LAWN CAPS—Tucks and hand featherstitched. *Regularly $1.00* 75c
ROMPERS—White striped madras. *Regularly $1.00* 75c
SWEATERS—Coat model; 1 and 2 years. Colored sweaters; two lots.
No. 1—*Regularly $1.75 to $2.25* 1.45
No. 2— *Regularly $2.50* 1.95

Clearance Sale

Of 7,500 Yards High Grade

Colored Dress Goods

Comprising English mohairs, French and English serges, plain and fancy suitings, black and white checks, and other fashionable fabrics. *Formerly $1.00 to $3.00 yard* 65c, 95c, 1.15, 1.35

Summer Blankets

Fine California Blankets, light weight; cut and bound singly.
SINGLE BED SIZE—
Regularly $4.50 pair 3.25
Regularly $5.50 pair 3.95
DOUBLE BED SIZE—
Regularly $4.75 pair 3.65
Regularly $6.00 pair 4.50

To Close

Misses and Small Women.

Wash Dresses

60 DRESSES of gingham and Lorraine tissue; attractive simple models. Various colors on white ground. 14-16 years only. 2.95 *Value $6.00*

50 DRESSES of chambray, gingham, striped galatea, ratinet; a variety of styles and colorings; ideal for beach or mountain wear. 7.50 *Value $10.50 to $15.00*

40 DRESSES consisting of striped voile, dotted swiss and lace trimmed nets; several models suitable for graduation and class day. 9.50 *Value $13.50 to $21.00*

Bath Towels

A superior grade of large, soft, unusually absorbent Towels; hemmed ends. *Regularly $3.75, $6.50 doz.* 2.85 and 5.00

New Gloves

For Summer Frocks.

CHAMOIS LISLE — 16 button length; in white and champagne. *Value $1.25* 85c
GLACE—16 button length; white only. *Value $2.75* 1.95
CHAMOIS LISLE — 16 button length; also two clasp; white only. *Special value* 45c

Men's Pure Worsted Bathing Suits

Made from specially twisted yarns that do not hold the water and dry quickly on the body. All steam shrunk and fast colors.

SHORT SLEEVE SUITS—Plain black, navy and oxford, or with white and colored trimmings. *Value $3.50* 2.45
SLEEVELESS SWIMMING SUITS—Plain or trimmed suits; wellproportioned, jersey fitting. *Value $3.50* 2.45
HEAVY WEIGHT SUITS—Pure worsted and very tightly knitted. Plain or trimmed. *Value $4.50* 3.50
HEATHER MIXED SUITS—Made from all wool mixed yarns, with dark trimmings. *Value $4.50* 3.50
SOFT WOOL SUITS—Finest, softest and most comfortable of woolen suits. *Value $6.00* 4.50

Women's Stockings

High Spliced Heels, Double Soles, Toes and Garter Tops.

PURE THREAD BLACK SILK—Plain or with fancy colored tops. *Regularly $1.00 pair. (3 pairs for $1.95.)* 68c
SILK LISLE—Very lustrous or plain dull, lisle thread; summer weight; black, white and tan. *Regularly 50c pr. (6 pairs for $1.90)* 33c
MERCERIZED LISLE THREAD—Light weight; black, white or tan. *Regularly 35c pr. (6 pairs for $1.35)* 23c

Broadway & 19th Street

On June 15th the following schedule of business hours will become operative:

June 15th to June 30th:
9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Saturdays 12 Noon

July and August:
9 A. M. to 5 P. M. On Saturdays the Store will be closed all day

September 1st to September 15th:
9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; Saturdays 12 Noon

B. Altman & Co.

Women's and Misses'. Sports, Travel & Motor Garments

Every dress essential required by those contemplating attending the Polo Matches will be found in stock at reasonable prices.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Apartments For Bachelors

Near Fifth Avenue and University Club.
Exceptional Service.
Meals in rooms when desired.
Valet.

19 West 54th Street
Immediate possession.

16 West 54th Street
Ready September 1st.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
62 Cedar St.

52ND YEAR
T. M. STEWART
438-440-442 WEST 51ST ST.
RUG AND CARPET CLEANSING
In Fire-Proof Building.
FIRE PROOF STORAGE
For Household Goods.
Founded in 1863
TELEPHONE
5567 COLUMBUS

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-566-568 FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

Are closing out in June Sales

Fashionable Tailleur Suits in nobby checks and smart colors—formerly $65 to $95— at $35

Street, Afternoon & Dance Dresses formerly $45 to $95— $25, $35, $45

Of serge, crepe, voile and linen, silk and chiffon.

$45 to $95 Coats & Capes—$19 to $45
For steamer, outing, street and semi-dress wear.

$65 to $100 Silk Capes & Wraps—$35, $55
Beautiful styles of rich materials; for afternoon or evening.

Smart White Hats—$10, $12, $15
French felts, white satins, hemps, milans, leghorns, etc.

Roosevelt's Home Shown In Striking Pictures

Next Sunday's Picture Section of The Times will be one of the most interesting and attractive issued in months. Each one of the six full pages of pictures will present photographs of unusual appeal, importance, and pictorial value.

For the first time, and exclusively for reproduction in the Picture Section of The Times, Col. Roosevelt has permitted photographs to be made of the interior of his picturesque home at Oyster Bay, including his famous trophy room, library, dining room, an attractive exterior showing the cool veranda where the Colonel holds his political conferences, and last, the Colonel's favorite chair, a very modest, comfortable looking rocker.

Other pictures will show Mrs. Pankhurst suspended in air in the arms of a London Police Inspector in front of Buckingham Palace, Conan Doyle and Lady Doyle, G. A. R. Veterans in a wavering line on Riverside Drive, bathers dancing on the seashore, a striking cloud effect snapped by the camera on the Meadow Brook polo field, with players in stirring action; a beautiful portrait of Miss Willard, who weds Kermit Roosevelt next week, done by Paul Chabas, who painted "September Morn," and some exceptional views of the races at Belmont Park, as well as of other sports, including the yacht Vanitie, Cup Defender, under sail for the first time.

"Times Pictorial Section Supreme In Pictures."

Place your order today for next Sunday's Times.

Seal of the Manhattan Company Since 1799

Bank of the Manhattan Company

There are only nine banks in the United States which date back to the eighteenth century.

The Bank of the Manhattan Company is by far the largest of these eighteenth century banks, and during its long period of service as an independent commercial bank its traditions have been established along sound and conservative lines.

Capital $2,050,000
Surplus $4,100,000

We want your account.

114 Years at 40 Wall Street

FRANCE ANNEXES ISLANDS.

Takes Over the Wallis Group, the Native King Agreeing.

PARIS, June 3.—The Colonial Office today announces the annexation by France of Wallis Island,s, in the Southern Pacific Ocean.

The group, consisting of about forty square miles of territory, with 4,500 inhabitants, has been a French protectorate since 1887. It lies northeast of Fiji.

The cruiser Kersaint returned to Noumea, New Caledonia, on May 30 from a voyage to the islands. On board was the son of the King of the Wallis Islands, who had come to Noumea to thank the French Resident for the acceptance by France of the sovereignty over his father's kingdom.

Hand-sewn Seams and Soles

make our shoes adhere to the original "boot-mould" and insure lasting retention of their life and "give."

Our sales force will gladly explain in detail the value of hand-stitching in boots, which largely governs both shape and "wearability."

Ask for our English Cream—it softens and enlivens the leather, preserving the crisp newness of the shoe and reshading it as desired.

Custom Department in connection.

MARTIN & MARTIN
BOOTMAKERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN
1 East 35th St., New York

Dobbs & Co Hatters
242 Fifth Ave. between 27th & 28th Sts.
Seasonable hats for every occasion in exclusive shapes and materials.
Knapp-Felt Hats $4
Dobbs & Co's Fifth Av. Hats $5
Knapp-Felt DeLuxe Hats $6

Tobey-Made Furniture

VENEERING is a process never employed in the Tobey workshops. Every piece of Tobey-Made Furniture is built up from the solid wood, selected for its excellent body and richness of grain. The carving and the finishing are done in a manner to display the grain in all its exquisite, natural beauty.

The Tobey Furniture Company
Fifth Avenue at Fifty-third Street

HURLINGHAM

Correct for Summer 1914
Button-less back
Lion Collars
Oldest Brand in America
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N.Y.

EDISON TESTS COAL TO GET ELECTRICITY

Current Can Be Produced Directly for Commercial Uses, He Is Certain.

BATTERIES FOR AEROPLANES

A Possibility, He Thinks—Pointers on Aviation from the Wings of the Bumble Bee.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—Thomas A. Edison said tonight in an interview before the dinner of the National Electric Light Association, now in convention in this city, that he was working out a new problem—the derivation of electricity direct from coal. He is confident of success.

Mr. Edison came here by automobile from his home in Menlo Park. Immediately after his arrival he took a short nap, and then received a newspaper representative as he had promised.

"You want me to tell you the problem I am studying now," he said. "Well, it is to make electricity direct from coal. It has been accomplished twice, but not so that it can be applied commercially. It is a vast problem and too deep to attempt to explain except to say that it will be accomplished."

Mr. Edison displayed much interest in the application of electric power to flying machines, and in so doing disclosed the fact that he looked to nature for inspiration in his work. He said:

"Several days ago I was taking a walk in my garden, and I saw a bee flying among the plants. The bee was making wonderful speed through the air. This gave me a thought; nature often does. I had the bee captured and took its measurements. I found it had a wing about one inch long and a body that weighed approximately 7,000 times as much as the wing. This showed that the bee got the power to raise itself in the air only by the speed of its wings. The wings of the bumble-bee must beat the air more than 200 times a second. I am trying to get a battery of extremely light weight, and some day aeroplanes may accomplish the feat of the bee."

Mr. Edison intimated that the perfection of the storage battery would hasten the electrification of all railroads. He said that he was perfecting a battery that would stand the heavy work in a city. He had very decided opinions on the work of the wireless telephone across the ocean.

"But what's the use of a wireless telephone across the ocean?" he said. "I would hate to pay the call charges."

The Public Policy Committee of the National Electric Light Association, and the representative of about $3,000,000,000 in invested capital, condemned legislative tendencies toward public ownership of public utilities, in a report made public today.

The report included suggestions for giving all employes the opportunity for partnership by encouraging thrift and making it possible for them to buy utility securities on the instalment plan, and urged that the best interests of the public would be served when State water power and other franchises were administered by private capital under national and State supervision.

BLOCK DANISH REFORM.

Conservatives Leave the Upper House, Making a Quorum Impossible

COPENHAGEN, June 3.—The Conservatives succeeded today in blocking the passage in the upper house of the Electoral Reform bill, which is applicable to both houses. This measure provides for the abolition of all electoral property qualifications and for the enfranchisement of women.

Amendments to the bill, supported by the coalition majority, comprising the Socialist, Radical, and Moderate Parties, were adopted by a vote of 35 to 31. All those who voted in the negative were Conservatives, and the Conservative leader then announced that he and his followers would assume no responsibility for the adoption of the bill, would immediately leave the House, and would withdraw as often as the measure came before the House. After they had departed the amended bill was adopted by 33 votes, 32 members being absent.

The President informed the House that no vote was valid unless more than half the 66 members of the upper house participated in the division.

"Jewish Evening" in Pageant Week.

This will be "Jewish Evening" in the auditorium of Public School 63, where the Festival and Pageant of Nations began on Monday, to continue until Saturday. The exercises are intended to show how Jewish culture and tradition may find expression in the public schools of this city.

Addresses will be made by Leon S. Moisseiff and Dr. David de Sola Pool. Miss Anna Dolsen will read, and a musical programme of synagogue music will be given by Cantor Joseph Rosenblatt and the choir of the congregation Ohab Zedek.

CHAOS IN ALBANIA.

Control Board at Odds with Cabinet—Whole People Split Into Factions.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 4.—Dr. Dillon, correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, in a dispatch to that paper from Durazzo says:

"The Albanian imbroglio has grown more entangled than ever. The situation is again critical and the insurrectionary movement is spreading. Several towns around Durazzo have been captured by the rebels.

"The forces and parties of the authorities in and outside of Durazzo are crumbling. The Commission of Control is at loggerheads with the Cabinet. The Cabinet is not in complete harmony with the King. Numbers of gendarmes have deserted their posts and gone over to the insurgents. The peaceful population is divided into Austrophile, Turcophile, Italophile, and Nationalist sections, and the insurgents themselves are at sixes and sevens regarding their attitude toward Turkey.

"The result of these dissensions is chaos. The whole Albanian people, whose vital interest is order, tranquillity, and good government, now are split up into rebels and nationalist politicians, intriguers who spend days doing nothing useful, but planning how to destroy the little achieved by others. Altogether the present position is impossible.

"The deadlock must speedily end if Albania is to settle down to normal life. During laborious and painful transformation of a mediaeval people like the Albanians into an organized community there ought to be one man in supreme control, a real leader of untiring activity, iron will, and dauntless daring, who is not afraid to make a mistake."

COLONEL'S LECTURE JUNE 16

London Audience to be Small—Poincare's Car for Roosevelt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—Col. Roosevelt will lecture on his South American expedition before the Royal Geographical Society in London on June 16. He will deliver the lecture in the society's theatre, where the accommodation is limited, and only fellows of the society will be admitted.

Col. Roosevelt does not desire to address a large audience in a big public hall.

PARIS, June 3.—President Poincaré is desirous of showing Col. Roosevelt every courtesy during the ex-President's forthcoming visit to France.

He today ordered that the special Presidential railroad car be put in readiness for the Colonel on his arrival at Cherbourg. The car is to be attached to the special boat train for Paris.

It is understood that Col. Roosevelt will be received by the President at the Palace of the Elysée on Saturday.

MADRID, June 3.—King Alfonso and Queen Victoria will be guests at luncheon at the American Embassy tomorrow. The guests of Ambassador Willard include Kermit Roosevelt and the British and German Ambassadors.

The Imparcial prints an article on the approaching visit of ex-President Roosevelt, but it is of a disparaging character.

Senator Garcia Molinas interpellated the Government today on the subject of alleged insults to the Spanish flag in a public place at New York, as related in dispatches published by The Imparcial and Fais. The Foreign Minister promised to make an investigation.

BARS SHAW'S ADJECTIVE.

English Censor Who Passed It in One Piece Objects to It in Another.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 3.—The inconsistency of the English dramatic censorship is again demonstrated. George Bernard Shaw was allowed to use the adjective "bloody" in his play "Pygmalion," but the censor refused to license "The Supplanters," a new play by J. B. McCarthy, a rural postman in Ireland, whose dramatic talents were discovered by Lady Gregory.

The play was to have been presented at the Court Theatre tomorrow evening, but the censor took exception to the expression "Bloody brats" and withheld the license.

MAY LIFT BAN ON JEWS.

Czar Concerned by Suspension of Foreign Investments in Russia.

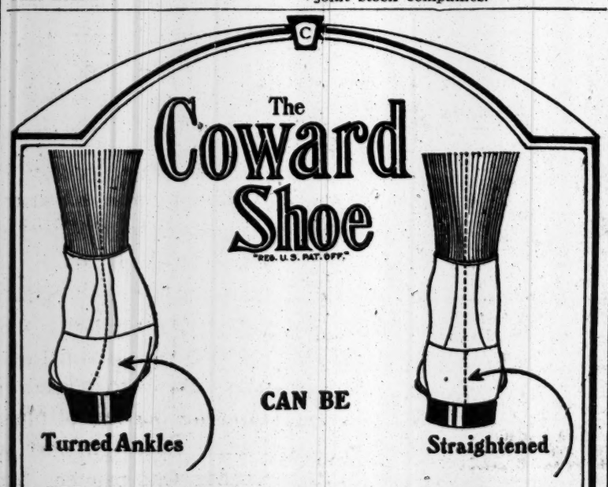
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, June 4.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of The Times says, in a telegram dated yesterday:

"Business on the Bourse is at a standstill owing to the suspension of foreign investments.

"In order to attract this capital, the Czar, it is believed, is in favor of the gradual removal of certain disabilities regarding the participation of Jews in joint stock companies."

The Coward Shoe
"REG. U.S. PAT. OFF."



CAN BE
Turned Ankles
Straightened

Weak ankles and arches walk uprightly and surely in Coward Arch Support Shoes, which ease strain and pain, help ankles, lift arches, improve the walk—bring rest, relief and comfort.

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel, have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Department, for over 34 years.

JAMES S. COWARD 264-274 Greenwich St. (Near Warren St.) NEW YORK
Mail Orders Filled SOLD NOWHERE ELSE Send for Catalogue

TO GIVE FILIPINOS SELF-GOVERNMENT

Projected Measure Will Aim to Grant Complete Independence in Time.

HAS WILSON'S APPROVAL

Will Be Introduced in House by Committee Chairman Jones to Fulfill Platform Pledge.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Limited self-government of a territorial character for the Philippines, with a view to complete independence of the islands in the indefinite future, when the natives have demonstrated their capacity, will be proposed in a bill to be introduced this week by Representative William A. Jones of Virginia, Chairman of the Insular Affairs Committee.

Mr. Jones announced his plan following a conference today with the President. Pending a further discussion of the subject with Mr. Wilson, Mr. Jones refused to divulge details. Probably tomorrow or Friday, when a tentative draft of the proposed measure has been prepared, he will again go to the White House, after which visit he expects to offer the bill in the House.

The President does not want to embarrass Congress by suggesting additional subjects for legislative action this session, and Mr. Jones's bill is regarded chiefly as a "feeler."

Mr. Jones, while hopeful that a lucky turn of events will make it possible for the legislation to be enacted at this session, would be glad to have the bill passed by the House alone. This would show the country that the Democratic majority stood ready to fulfill the pledge in its party platform adopted at Baltimore which says:

We favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Philippine Islands as soon as a stable government can be established, such independence to be guaranteed by us until the neutralization of the islands can be secured by treaty by the other Powers, in recognizing the independence of the Philippines our Government should retain such land as may be necessary for coaling stations and naval bases.

The proposed bill will be in strict accordance with the Democratic platform, Mr. Jones said. Several bills in the past have recommended the adoption of a definite date—the most popular being July 4, 1920—for granting independence. Mr. Jones would leave this to the natives themselves, stipulating that this Government should turn affairs over to them as soon as they had proved their ability to run a government.

The international obstacles in the way of Philippine independence are thought by some to have been exaggerated, though it is not expected that any large group of Democrats will attempt to set up an independent insular Government during the present Administration. The plan for freeing the islands, however, is inseparably wrapped up in the idea of their neutralization, as otherwise they would fall easy prey to Japan or some other power.

In President McKinley's time it was proposed that a world congress guarantee the perpetual neutrality of the islands and that their administration be consigned to the Netherlands, then considered the most successful colonizer in the world. While the proposal of independence contemplates that the islands shall handle their own affairs, it is expected that they would be protected by treaties of neutralization among the great powers.

JACK BINNS IS MARRIED.

Marconi Operator of the Republic Weds Miss Alice Macriff.

Jack Binns, who demonstrated the value of wireless telegraphy in shipwreck when he was operator aboard the White Star liner Republic, was married last night to Miss Alice A. Macriff at the home of the bride's brother-in-law, Fred A. Wernig, 1,722 Caton Avenue, Flatbush. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Charles W. Flint, pastor of the New York Avenue Methodist Church of Flatbush.

The bride was given away by her sister, Mrs. Wernig. The best man was Ernest T. Edwards, Superintendent of the operating department of the Marconi Company, who has been a friend of Mr. Binns for twelve years, during which they have traveled in all parts of the world. There were forty invited guests, among whom were Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Penney and their daughter, Miss Lizeta Penney, of River Edge, N. J., at whose home Mr. Binns met his bride three years ago.

HOUSEKEEPER SUES FOR RAMSEY ESTATE

Mrs. Cutler Asserts She Was the Common-Law Wife of Aged and Wealthy Jerseyite.

LIVED WITH HIM 12 YEARS

Counsel Asks to Have Administrator's Bond Increased, as He Says Property Is Worth $1,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., June 3.—Ex-Assemblyman August C. Streitwolf, a lawyer of 233 Broadway, New York, made a stir when he appeared before Judge Abram Klenert, in the Bergen County Court here, this morning, as counsel for Mrs. Emma Cutler, and asked that the bond of ex-County Clerk John R. Ramsey of Hackensack, as administrator of the estate of the late William D. Ramsey of Ramsey, should be increased from $30,000 to $1,000,000.

When asked how Mrs. Cutler figured in the Ramsey estate, Lawyer Streitwolf said he would show at the proper time that Mrs. Cutler was for twelve years the common-law wife and companion of the aged Bergen County millionaire, and that if her claim was upheld in court she would demand the entire estate.

"With this keen interest it is only natural that Mrs. Cutler should seek to have the bond of the administrator increased to at least cover the value of the estate," Mr. Streitwolf asserted.

William D. Ramsey died on July 18, 1913, at his home in Ramsey. He was 74 years old and left as his next of kin two first cousin, and about fourteen second cousins, one of whom is John R. Ramsey of Hackensack. At the time of his death and for twelve years before, it is alleged, he lived with Mrs. Emma Cutler. She asserted through her counsel that an appraisement of Mr. Ramsey's estate on file showed marketable stocks on the New York Stock Exchange aggregating $340,000, and dividend stocks of $48,000 in cash and a total appraisement of personal property of $440,000.

"Why, the papers on file in the Surrogate's office show that the administrator's petitions fixed the value of the estate at about $15,000," said the lawyer. He contends that the total amount of the personal property, together with the accumulations and the rents of 705-11 Washington Street, New York, would aggregate $500,000.

"Why did you wait so long to institute these proceedings?" Mr. Streitwolf was asked.

"There are fourteen second cousins living different parts of the country who figure in the estate, and we had to find many of them before we could proceed," he replied.

Moffat's New York Estate Small.

David Halliday Moffat, the Denver banker and railroad man, who died at the Hotel Belmont in this city on March 18, 1911, owned no property in this State except 175 shares of National Bank of Commerce stock, the net value of which was $15,877. His entire estate was estimated at $14,550,304.

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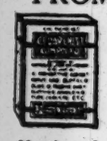

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TAR BAGS—To hang your garments up, instead of packing them away. Various sizes.

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TAR PAPER, per sheet, 5c; six for 25c; twelve for 45c.

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Trial size jar of Riker's IMPROVED COLD CREAM

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is a charming toilet luxury of delicate texture and subtle perfume as refined and fragrant as the violet itself.

It has rare antiseptic healing qualities. Sprinkler top tins..... **15c**

CORYLOPSIS TALCUM

A talcum of exquisite softness and refreshing Japanese fragrance. It is like a breath of sweetness from the Flowery Kingdom. Tin with beautiful Japanese decoration; sprinkler top..... **15c**

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A large assortment of dainty and serviceable cases, in canvas, silk and cretonne, in a wide variety of colors, with separate compartments for all the needed toilet articles.

Of cretonne, with separate rubber lining..... 59c

Of silk, in all the popular shades, rich plaids and Persian tones..... 98c up

SPRING TABS

Of sulphur and cream of tartar. Clears the complexion and purifies the blood. Pleasant to take. Of great benefit in skin eruptions. Box.. **15c**

FOOT REMEDIES

A little consistent care with the proper implements and lotions will keep the feet in good condition all the time. Only then can walking be really enjoyed.

Riker's Saniped—A simple and effective remedy for tired, aching, swollen feet. Combined treatment consists of antiseptic tablets, to be used in foot bath, and plasters for relief from corns. Box..... **25c**

Saniped Tablets, 15c.
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Riker's Foot Balm—A liquid preparation which affords immediate relief from inflamed joints, bunions, corns, callouses, chilblains and any soreness of the feet..... **25c**

Jaynes' Foothelpa—Powder to be sprinkled in shoes when feet are sensitive, perspiring, calloused. Especially recommended for soft corns, chafing, etc. Box..... **15c**

Witch Hazel Extract—Bottle, 15c, 25c, 45c.

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Of Far Western Subjects
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Paris Now Says---Pique-Trimmed Sport Blouses

This Model with pique vest and collar and crocheted link buttons, in
Georgette Crepe, $5
Coin-dotted Voile, $2.45
Plain Voile, $2

Double-breasted Model with pique vest and collar, in
Crepe de Chine, $6.95
Linon, $3.95
Coin-dotted Voile, $2.45
Voile—organdie vest, $2

Model with collar, revers, cravat and cuffs of pique, in
Crepe de Chine, $5
Linon, $2.95
Coin-dotted Voile, $2.45

First Reproductions in America, $2 to $6.95

This is the first time in our history that it has been possible for us to practically open a new Blouse Season as late as the beginning of June—but our Paris Representative hurried all the new models to us and we were prepared to have them immediately reproduced. So on this occasion, today, a woman may select all the blouses that are now presented by the exclusive shops of Paris—in one salon, and at less than Paris prices—for we shall present them in

An Extraordinary and Exclusive Sale

Paris, May 21, 1914.

Many of the blouses reproduce historic modes—some go back to the Dutch styles of the Sixteenth Century, with Franz Hals collars and revers; and some bear so close a resemblance to the styles of the Revolutionary Period that their wearers look as though they had stepped out of the Carnaval et Museum. The materials which compose the blouses are, if possible, still finer than those of last year, and cover, but do not always conceal, what lies beneath.

This letter, which we received from our Paris Bureau, confirms the fact that the blouses in this Sale are positively the last word of Paris. Then, too, we shall present—

"Meadowbrook" Blouses
with the new hemstitched collars and fronts, in
Voile, $2
Jap Silk, $3.95
Striped Tub Silk, $3.95
Crepe de Chine, $5

Famous "Forsythe" Waists in the Newest Styles by Charvet of Paris
$2.45 to $6.95
These blouses also introduce the new pique trimmings:
In fine Linen, $2.45
Handkerchief Linen, $5
Tub Silk, $3.95 and $5
Riding Shirts of Linen, $5
"Pussy Willow" Taffeta, $6.95
We are their exclusive agents in Manhattan.

1,000 Blouses
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and
Crepe de Chine
At $2.95
Third Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

Broadway and Thirty-third St.

COLUMBIA DEGREES CONFERRED ON 2,000

The Achievements of Seven Men Recognized with Honorary Diplomas.

COLORFUL CAMPUS PARADE

Classes of Past Years, Back to 1857, Represented in the Jolly Alumni Activities.

Columbia's campus was aglow yesterday with the splendor of its one hundred and sixtieth commencement. Two thousand degrees and diplomas were awarded and seven men of distinction and achievement were designated as worthy recipients of honorary degrees. Long before the time set for the academic parade to start candidates for degrees from all the schools of the university, including Barnard and Teachers' College, gathered at the Low Library in their gowns and mortar boards.

At the minute set for the candidates for the Bachelor of Arts degree from Columbia College to take their way down the library steps and across the quadrangle they appeared in the doorway under the massive pillars. Then for more than half an hour the line of students, two abreast, poured out of the halls.

When the Master of Arts candidates had passed out, the Faculty fell into line. As the professors appeared, the sombreness of the plain black gowns and caps was broken by the bright colored hoods distinguishing one degree from another.

The student band led the Faculty across the campus, and the candidates for honorary degrees brought up the rear of the procession. Aristides Agramonte, Professor of Bacteriology and Experimental Pathology in the University of Havana, who later became a Doctor of Science, wore a black hood with a gorgeous yellow satin turban and cape of the same material. Henry Fairfield Osborn, President of the American Museum of Natural History, wore his Oxford hood. Al Abe Bey, Consul for Turkey, marched in the academic procession. President Nicholas Murray Butler, with his dark hood of a Doctor of Philosophy, with blue velvet trimmings, marched with Seth Low, formerly President of Columbia University and recipient of the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws.

A full orchestra played Gounod's "La Reine de Saba" as the procession filed into the university gymnasium, the candidates for Master of Arts taking their places on the platform with the Faculty, officers, and candidates for honorary degrees. The gymnasium was packed with guests, in spite of the fact that the number of tickets issued had been carefully limited.

President Butler addressed the students on the subject of "Liberty." His speech is printed on the editorial page of THE NEW YORK TIMES today.

Candidates Presented.

In presenting the candidates for honorary degrees John Erskine, Ph. D., said:

Mr. President: The ceremony upon which we now enter may well provoke some thought, at least in the students who have just received their degrees. We are about to distribute prizes to those who have not studied with the best behavior on the part of the university may be variously explained. To the philosophical it may seem that yearly, at this moment, the university achieves what in every freshman is innate, a large faith in the value of extracurricular activities. Or it may seem that having sent forth so many prospective scholars, and having, as it were, pledged herself to their promise, the university would now vindicate her judgment of men by selecting a few who undoubtedly excel. Or it may seem that the Alma Mater, with poetic instinct, claims her children wherever she finds them, and makes what tardy reparation she can for not having been their parent. Or it may seem that the university would receive rather than give by linking with her own name in her world of confessed dreams a few names already honored in that world which is sometimes said to be real.

These explanations, however are unnecessary when we reflect that the university does not chiefly teach nor examine, though at a commencement these good works are emphasized. Her chief office is a pioneer, to discover, and her glory is to discover great men. The knowledge of an infinite past serves her best when it helps her to find wisdom in her own day. Her duties are to youth, but her fellowship is with all who seek truth and illustrate it. In this ceremony, therefore, she claims as kindred those who stand at the door of our civilization, those who in religion, in art, and in literature preserve old ideals for a modern usefulness; those in whom science is touched with a large imagination, who in heroic research risk their lives for the annihilation of disease, and those who with unselfishness no less heroic practice daily the hard experiment of democratic citizenship.

To these and to their fellows the university offers homage, as to the native that is not in books but in men. So doing, she dismisses her students with a parable. She bids them observe that to describe the disciplines through which they have passed she needs many titles, but to describe excellent men she needs few, and those few might well be one. For knowledge must be sought in many paths, but wisdom is simple.

Honorary Degrees Conferred.

In conferring the honorary degrees, President Nicholas Murray Butler said:

WILLIAM WILLIAMS—Bachelor of Arts of Yale College, who, as Commissioner of Immigration at the Port of New York during seven years, set a standard of courageous, conscientious, and successful public service in a post of great difficulty; now Commissioner of Gas, Water Supply, and Electricity for the City of New York, I gladly admit you to the degree of Master of Arts.

WALTER DAMROSCH—Carrying forward a fine musical tradition which is yours by inheritance, constantly aiming to refine the public taste and to instruct the public mind in the appreciation of the art of music, I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Music.

EDWARD LIVERMORE BURLINGAME—Doctor of Philosophy of the University of Heidelberg, patiently, modestly, and steadfastly laboring through many years for the preservation of high standards and right thinking in American letters, for nearly thirty years editor of Scribner's Magazine, I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Letters.

WILLIAM MONTAGUE GEER—Bachelor of Arts of Columbia College of the class of 1869, Vestryman of St. Paul's Chapel, Trinity Parish, with a lifelong record of faithful devotion to the Church, I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Sacred Theology.

ARISTIDES AGRAMONTE—Bachelor of Arts of the University of Havana and Doctor of Medicine of Columbia University of the class of 1892, sole survivor of famous group of scientists and public servants who, in order to test the theory of the transmission of yellow fever by mosquitoes, began the experiments on themselves, and who have lived to see your native island freed, largely through your own efforts, of its worst scourge, Professor of Bacteriology and Experimental Pathology in the University of Havana, I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Science.

JOHN HUSTON FINLEY—Commissioner of Education of the State of New York, man of letters and educator, touching with a poet's feeling and a prophet's zeal the problems of public education, I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Laws.

SETH LOW—Bachelor of Arts of the class of 1870, loyal and devoted to the aims and interests of Columbia as undergraduate and as alumnus, aiding with princely generosity and guiding with farseeing and constructive statesmanship, as fifteenth President and as Trustee for thirty-three years, the upbuilding of the present college and the great national university of today, untiring servant of the highest public interest, [illegible]

public office or in private station, I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Laws.

The recipients of the honorary degrees all were warmly applauded by the great company present, and everybody stood when Mr. Low stepped forward. The applause for Prof. Agramonte was particularly spontaneous and hearty, the brief recital of his heroism appealing quickly to the emotions of the crowd.

Chinese Lead Orient.

Among those who received degrees were twenty-two Oriental students, the Chinese, as in former years, being in the majority and taking their usual place among the foremost students. David Edgar Guyton, who in one year at Columbia set a high standard in scholarship in spite of his blindness, got his Master of Arts degree.

It was remarked, however, that William G. Kemp, the student who has spent years at the university in acquiring numberless degrees and incidentally fulfilling the requirements which give him an income so long as he is a student at Columbia, did not appear as a candidate.

Following the formal exercises in the gymnasium, the newly created alumni and their brother graduates of other years gathered in the Grove to begin a round of activities that knew no end until the alumni singing on the Library steps broke up.

With the gathering in the Grove were eight members of the class of 1864, celebrating the fiftieth anniversary of their graduation. The "Old Boys" put themselves very much in evidence, and the other classes roundly cheered them. But they were not the oldest present. For the Rev. Mytton Maury, the still active and hearty member of the class of 1857, was upholding with a vim his class, whose members have nearly all gone.

A luncheon started the alumni on their jubilant way. The tables were set in the gymnasium and the hall was filled with the graduates. The speakers' table was set on the platform used for the graduation exercises. At it were seated the recipients of the honorary degrees, some of the officers and President Butler and ex-President Seth Low. The ex-President was the first person called upon to speak and he was heartily cheered. The trepidation with which Columbia moved from its Forty-ninth Street home to Morningside Heights was described by Mr. Low, who himself became convinced that New York City would reach far to the north when he remembered that Madison Avenue was not paved above Forty-second Street when his entered Columbia, in 1866.

John H. Finley, who had just become a Doctor of Laws, expressed his appreciation of the honor in a few words, and Aristides Agramonte, who was honored with the degree of Doctor of Science, spoke briefly.

Dr. Butler, as the last speaker, paid tribute to Rudolf Tombo, Jr., who recently died after a nervous breakdown from overwork. Dr. Tombo always played a prominent part in alumni affairs and celebrations.

Silence was caused when Dr. Butler said that the enormous increase in the registration of graduates in Columbia's graduate school was forcing upon the university the necessity of devising some system by which admission to those schools shall be restricted. The idea is not to discriminate between degrees from other colleges, but rather to keep out the incompetent and admit only those fitted to pursue the higher studies.

Stunts by the Old Grads.

The I. W. W. scored a victory for '05 in the class stunts, which were presented on South Field before the baseball game. The members of this class dressed in imitation of a band of I. W. W., marched about the field, with "Boob" White, chief agitator, and "Uptown Eclair" and "Sweet Marie Gains" in prominence. This band was ready for trouble when "The Capitalist" in his automobile appeared on the field, and several bombs wrecked the machine. Duncan Brown as a policeman chased the band away.

The class of 1909 had an elaborate act which drew honorable mention. As cannibals they captured a girl and were executing a dance about her when the pirates frightened off the cannibals and they in turn were routed by militia.

The Class of 1911 made a hit with their letters spelling "Columbia" and "1911," the letters stepping forth when called.

These stunts were only a part of the big parade of alumni. Classes all the way from 1874 marched, with the student band leading. The effect was striking as viewed from the stands and across the campus, where altogether nearly 5,000 spectators had gathered to see the graduates throw off their years and get back to college days.

The popularity of the singing by the alumni on the library steps on Commencement evenings led the authorities this year to fence off the space in front of the Alma Mater and grant admission by ticket only. The seats were filled early, and after a jolly dinner in the Columbia Commons the grads mounted the steps, and vaudeville stunts by former student entertainers were interspersed with the singing.

Those Who Received Degrees.

BACHELOR OF ARTS—R. B. Allen, F. E. Barnes, J. Baron, J. L. Baron, M. Baturin, R. C. Bender, I. M. Berliner, L. Bernstein, J. M. Blackwell, M. E. Bokshetzky, H. Brennecke, J. W. Carroll, B. H. Catzen, J. D. Clark, J. L. Class, J. H. Cowan, A. L. Crane, D. R. Dills, L. D. Egbert, J. Ferber, P. E. Geer, B. F. Gerson, F. A. Gordan, S. Gotlieb, H. K. Grafton, R. F. Griffen, A. H. Haaren, C. J. Hall, S. Hayford, C. W. Hearn, J. P. Henry, L. S. Henry, W. H. Herbert, A. C. Herring, L. Jabine, E. L. Jensen, S. Kaufman, M. Keyes, C. M. Knapp, H. G. Knuth, H. C. Kottek, I. R. Kuhn, S. F. La Corte, E. Lehman, T. T. Lew, J. D. McCallum, D. S. McNulty, J. Magnetze, Jr., V. S. Mallory, G. W. Matheson, R. W. Milbank, Jr., V. F. Nekarda, E. Neumann, J. K. McCormick, S. Maurice, J. Podell, H. Adler, S. C. Cohen, H. B. Henderson, Jr., D. Newman, C. M. Pang, A. B. Patterson, H. P. Purdy, E. M. Rosenstock, H. M. Rosenthal, S. Rubin, M. M. Samuel, L. H. Sandhusen, F. D. Shaw, 2d, H. Simon, R. K. Smith, A. F. Smithers, R. Somerville, C. Stam, Jr., H. A. Straffin, J. J. Tanzola, K. S. Valentine, W. Van Alstyne, W. B. Veazie, M. C. Vessa, J. Voorhies, H. T. Weisgotten, W. L. West, F. R. Wrelan, J. L. Wilson, E. H. Zeydel, E. E. Zvirin, O. C. Runge, A. Singer, C. H. Waterbury, H. S. Hendricks, J. Kapian, H. Kauffman, D. R. Kerr, G. Laguardia, M. M. Lorentz, C. F. Milheiser, L. R. Morris, J. P. Parsons, A. C. Rothwell.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE—H. B. Bagg, E. A. Barth, F. A. Beidleman, A. L. L. Bell, F. Booth, L. S. Brady, B. Braverman, H. T. Brinckerhoff, C. A. Butler, A. W. Chase, G. A. Chesbro, C. De Witt Cramton, Jr., G. M. Dawson, F. W. Demuth, W. Dunnrich, H. A. Ernst, W. L. Fichter, H. L. Fisher, C. H. S. Friedrich, B. Grossbaum, A. Harvitt, L. Hruben, B. Hubbard, D. L. Jacobson, A. A. Johnson, F. B. Johnson, M. M. Komarsici, J. K. Lasher, Jr., A. Lawaras, J. Lintz, H. W. Dresher, R. H. Ford, G. G. McElvare, L. Garry, H. E. Grimshaw, G. D. von Hofe, Jr., L. J. Hostetter, A. J. Mandell, M. May, H. J. Miller, L. H. Nielsen, B. Nussbaum, F. C. Nyland, G. K. Osterhus, C. K. Osterman, C. W. Peterson, F. H. Phipps, S. Pitt, J. L. Rappaport, M. F. Rogers, G. C. Rohrs, J. Schnuckler, F. Schrader, A. Silverstein, C. B. Smith, Jr., F. M. Spitz, W. A. Stiefel, S. Sussman, E. M. Underhill, H. I. Valentine, M. F. Van Buren, W. K. Watkins, G. R. Webb, W. H. Westerfield, W. S. Wilson, C. E. Nighman, H. W. Ross, H. G. Wellington, E. M. Kelly, J. Leiser, J. A. O'Neill, S. M. Pike.

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Prizes, Medals, and Honors.

H. G. BUNNER MEDAL—Harold Albert Lamb, 1915, of New York City.

EINSTEIN PRIZE OF $200—Dallas Selwyn Townsend, LL. B., of Raeford, N. C.

EARLE PRIZE IN CLASSICS OF $50—Edwin Hermann Zeydel, 1914, of New York City.

PHILOLEXIAN PRIZES—Essay Prize: Hoxie Neale Fairchild, 1917, of New York City. Debating, first prize: Carlyle Marlett Keyes, 1914, of Cooperstown, N. Y. Second prize: Hoxie Neale Fairchild, 1917, of New York City. Oratory, first prize: Carlyle Marlett Keyes, 1914, of Cooperstown, N. Y. Second prize: Hoxie Neale Fairchild, 1917, of New York City.

PRIZE OF THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION, $50—The class chose as the recipient of the prize, Albert Cyril Rothwell.

CHARLES M. ROLKER, JR., PRIZE—Adelbert F. Smithers, 1914, of New York City.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS MEDALS—Isador Baer Levine, 1916, of New York City; Samuel Irving Rosenman, 1915, of New York City.

ALBERT MARION ELSBERG PRIZE—Henry Ernest Grimshaw, 1914, of Garden City, N. Y.

THE ALBERT ASHER GREEN PRIZE OF $50—Edwin Hermann Zeydel, 1914, of New York City.

CAROLINE PHELPS STOKES PRIZE OF $40—Nicholas Bucci, 1916, of Jersey City, N. J.

JOHN DASH VAN BUREN, JR., PRIZE, INCOME OF $5,000—Walter E. Curt, 1917, of New York City.

JOHN HOWARD VAN AMRINGE MATHEMATICAL PRIZE, INCOME $2,500—Leo Stern, 1916, of New York City.

CONVERSE PRIZE—Tracy S. Voorhees, A. B., of New Brunswick, N. J.

ORDRONAUX PRIZE—Theodore Stanwood Kenyon, A. B., of New York City; Andrew Penn Martin, A. B., of Wilmington, Ohio.

ILLIG MEDALS—John Cornelissen of Springfield, Mass.; William Westerfield, Havens of New York City; William John Krefeld of New York City.

DARLING PRIZE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING—The class chose as the recipient

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URGES A STATE LAW TO COLLECT ON FIRES

J. O. Hammitt Tells Mayors' Conference Neglectful Owners Should Pay All Losses.

EVEN EXTINGUISHING COST

City Manager of Dayton Points Out Some of the Failings of Commission Government.

AUBURN, N. Y., June 3.—The New York State conference of Mayors and municipal officers opened here today, and will hear addresses by prominent persons during the three days' convention. Mayor Brister of Auburn welcomed the 300 delegates. Gov. Martin H. Glynn was not at the convention, but will be tomorrow, and will speak on "The State and the Municipality."

A State law making the owner of premises or the person responsible for the violation liable for the cost of putting out a fire which occurs or spreads because of the absence of required precautions, and for injuries to firemen sustained in fighting such a fire, was advocated by Joseph O. Hammitt, Chief of the New York City Fire Prevention Bureau, in an address before the conference. He also urged the withholding of licenses for theatres where the management failed or refused to comply with fire prevention requirements. Monthly housekeeping inspections by the uniformed force and educational campaigns on fire prevention were also commended by Mr. Hammitt.

"An extensive campaign of education through the country," said Mr. Hammitt, "showing that each family is being taxed about $27 a year for smoke, would probably awaken the public conscience concerning the supreme importance of fire prevention. More than half of our fires could positively be prevented. This would save the country millions of dollars.

"There is no excuse or palliation for our enormous fire waste. We have diagnosed the disease; we have studied its causes; we have discovered the fire germ, so to speak—its name is carelessness. We have also discovered the remedy—fire prevention."

New York's Fire Law.

Taking up the matter of damages for fire loss Mr. Hammitt said:

"Perhaps you know that in some foreign countries a man on whose premises a fire is started is frequently held responsible for the cost of extinguishing the fire and also for damage to the property of others. I do not know exactly how the laws under which this responsibility is fixed in foreign countries are phrased, but we have in the New York City Charter a provision under which we think that if a fire occurs or spreads because of the absence of precautions required by law or by lawful orders of the Fire Commissioner, the owner of the premises or person responsible for the violation is liable for the cost of putting out the fire and injuries to firemen sustained in fighting it. No suit had ever been brought under this section of our city charter till the present Fire Commissioner, Robert Adamson, went into office. We had a disastrous smoke fire in the cellar of a loft building. It could easily have been extinguished by a single company without danger to the firemen if an order of the Bureau of Fire Prevention for the installation of a sprinkler equipment had been complied with. Because of failure to comply with this order Commissioner Adamson holds that the Greenwood Cemetery Corporation, which owns the building, is responsible for the cost of putting out the fire; and he has brought suit to recover. We expect to bring suit also for the injuries to the firemen."

The tax survey of New York State cities made during the year by a special committee of the State Conference of Mayors and other city officials indicates that the work of the assessors in New York municipalities is as good, if not better, than in any other State, according to the report read by Lawson Purdy, Chairman of the committee.

Progress of Home Rule.

In the course of an address on "The Next Steps in the Campaign for Municipal Home Rule," Robert S. Binkerd, Secretary of the City Club of New York, said:

"The cities of the State realize that they have common municipal interests; in the past two years they have formed the habit of working together; they find their chief grant of power in the same general law, which we are all bound to defend and protect; and we are steadily substituting general for special and local legislative treatment of municipal affairs.

"The next step, therefore, is very obvious. It consists in granting to our cities a constitutional right to make their own forms of government, coupled with constitutional prohibitions which will prevent Legislatures of the future recurring to the abuses of special local legislation."

H. M. Waite, City Manager of Dayton, Ohio, discussed the advantages of the commission manager form of government, warning the city officials that they should not rely too much upon it to bring about efficiency. He said that it made no difference what form of government the city might have, if the people themselves were not interested in it the government would never be a success.

INDICTED MAN ENDS LIFE.

Jacob Rosen's Suicide Forestalls Trial on Arson Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., June 3.—With an indictment for arson pending against him in Essex County, Jacob Rosen, 55 years old, committed suicide today at his home, 12 Early Street, by taking carbolic acid. He was discovered dying by his wife.

Rosen had a grocery store in Speedwell Avenue and had been in business several years. He recently opened a branch store in East Orange. A few weeks ago this place was burned and the fire was thought to have been incendiary. Rosen was arrested and released on $700 bail. His case was to have been heard in a few weeks.

There had been fires resulting in the partial destruction of both his store and his house. No criminal proceedings were taken against him as the result of these fires. He is survived by a widow and four children.

BANK PRESIDENT'S SUICIDE.

George H. Luchsinger Kills Himself in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—George H. Luchsinger, President of the Humboldt Savings Bank, one of the largest financial institutions in this city, committed suicide today by inhaling gas. Worry was given as the cause.

Officers and Directors of the bank issued a statement saying that an examination of the accounts of the institution showed everything to be in good condition.

The Humboldt Bank was founded by Henry Luchsinger, father of George, in 1869. The son entered the institution in 1891 as a bookkeeper and became President in 1903. His personal estate is estimated at $500,000. Mr. Luchsinger was 59 years old. He left a widow and a son.

CITY BREVITIES.

The closing exercises of the Thomas Davidson School will be held in the Educational Alliance Building, East Broadway and Jefferson Street, next Sunday evening, June 7. Justice Samuel Greenbaum and the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise will be the guests of honor.

The laying of the cornerstone of the stadium of the College of the City of New York will take place today. Guests are asked to meet at the President's office in the main building, at 139th Street and Convent Avenue, at 10:55 A. M.

DELUGES HIM WITH HATS.

Law Fraternity "Takes Them Off" Literally to Its Chancellor.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, June 3.—Hats of all sizes, colors, and kinds rained upon Eugene Quigley of the Williamson Building today as a result of the persuasive power of Emory C. Weller of New York City.

By messenger, parcel post, and express huge quantities of headgear were carried to the Cleveland attorney's office. The demonstration was brought about through the desire of the members of the Delta Theta Phi law fraternity "to take off their hats" to Mr. Quigley, who is Supreme Chancellor of the organization and has guided the fraternity for the last four years.

The idea of the "hat shower" originated with Mr. Weller, who communicated his plan to the forty chapters of the fraternity. The chapter officials approved the project and informed the members. Today was the date set for the shower, but, instead of a shower, it was more in the nature of a cloudburst.

The first hat arrived by messenger soon after Mr. Quigley reached his office this morning, and after that there was a steady procession of expressmen and messenger boys carrying hat boxes. Finally, when Mr. Quigley's reception room, his own office, and the offices of his law partners were filled with hat boxes, he made a bee line for the telephone.

"If any more hats arrive addressed to me just send them to the Salvation Army," he instructed the Post Office and the express companies. He selected a dozen or so of the latest-style straws and other varieties for his own use and, with the assistance of three Salvation Army wagons, cleared out his office.

Mr. Quigley was unable to account for the hatstorm until he met some of the members of his fraternity in the street, who explained the joke.

HOTEL McALPIN TO EXPAND.

Plot in 34th Street Sought for Addition to the Building.

If negotiations for a plot on Thirty-fourth Street adjoining the Hotel McAlpin are successful, an addition to the hotel probably will be built which will increase the frontage on Thirty-fourth Street by fifty feet. The property which the McAlpin estate is endeavoring to acquire consists of the two old buildings at 46 and 48. The two parcels are controlled by an estate represented by William M. Cruikshank.

When the hotel was projected, more than two years ago, efforts were made to buy this frontage of fifty feet, which would give the McAlpin a total frontage on Thirty-fourth Street of 200 feet and 148 feet on Thirty-third Street.

It was said yesterday that the deal was likely to be closed within the next few days. The property is assessed on land value at $650,000 and with the old buildings at $666,000. Until a few months ago the two buildings were under lease for eighty-four years, but as the lessee carried them at a loss, the lease recently was canceled. The purchase price, it is understood, will be somewhat under the assessed valuation. The McAlpin Hotel was leased on its completion on a long term to the Greeley Square Hotel Company.

Five Years for Making Opium.

Judge Mayer in the Federal District Court sentenced yesterday Louis Turner, a negro, to five years in Atlanta Penitentiary for running an illicit manufactory of smoking opium in West Forty-first Street. As this was the first conviction under the law which went into effect on Jan. 17, the Court did not impose the fine of $10,000, which it could have done. Judge Mayer said he would enforce the full penalty in future. Under the new law a tax is imposed on smoking opium of $300 a pound, and manufacturers must give a bond of $100,000 or over.

KINGSBURY HOPES TO SAVE $666,000

Reports Lax Administration and Gross Inefficiency in the Charities Department.

MODERN METHODS ADOPTED

Commissioner Expects to Gain Money for Buildings to Relieve Congestion in Hospitals.

Commissioner of Charities Kingsbury, in a report of his department made public yesterday, said that lax administration and even gross inefficiency existed in several of the city hospitals. The sick poor in some instances, he said, were found sleeping on bare floors and on benches. He had been correcting these conditions as rapidly as possible, and in one instance a complete change in the executive staff of one hospital was necessary. Shocking conditions of overcrowding in hospitals and institutions under his jurisdiction also were dwelt upon.

The Commissioner said that by a better system of checks and safeguards and modern administrative methods he expected to save upward of $666,000. A large part of the saving will be effected through the abandonment of plans for the construction of buildings which the Commissioner believes unnecessary. If his recommendations are adopted by the Board of Estimate, some $410,000 of corporate stock will be released, and the Commissioner believes it can be applied to the construction of buildings badly needed to do away with the crowded conditions that exist in the hospitals of the Charities Department.

The following comment by the Mayor was made public at the City Hall yesterday:

"The Commissioner states in his report that, with three exceptions, there is serious overcrowding in all the hospitals of the department; that two and three beds are placed in small rooms intended for one; that corridors are frequently lined with floor beds. That this is true I know from a personal inspection of the conditions, and I am convinced that it is the duty of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to deal with this situation in the only effective way it can, namely, by providing more space for the unfortunates who present themselves to these institutions with the expectation that the city will give them modern hospital treatment and humane care.

"One of the worst situations of overcrowding found anywhere in the department, namely: that in the Municipal Lodging House, it will be recalled, was relieved effectively and promptly last Winter through the opening of the recreation pier at the foot of East Twenty-fourth Street, with a sleeping capacity of 600 cots. The administration of the lodging house is now undergoing reorganization.

"I am glad to note that, in furtherance of the administration's policy of improving service wherever possible within existing appropriations, Commissioner Kingsbury has effected radical changes in the dietary of patients and hospital employees whereby they will receive a much better quality and variety of food, and in some cases an enlarged supply, without an increase in the per capita cost established in the budget for this year.

"An important administrative change made by the Commissioner is that of functionalizing the work of his Deputy Commissioners. This reorganization I consider a most important step toward efficiency. This functional assignment has enabled the Commissioner to secure the necessary expert attention to detail which has resulted in the large estimated saving which the Commissioner reports.

"As always happens under lax administration, supernumeraries were found in certain bureaus, while others were shorthanded. The necessary transfers are securing an equalization of labor and a more businesslike organization. The Commissioner's report shows that no matters of administrative detail and no waste have been too small to secure his attention. It is only through the painstaking application to the details of administration, and through conservation of resources at all points, that genuine economy can be effected and the full measure of service returned for the moneys appropriated."

The Mayor stated that he intended to help Commissioner Kingsbury in every way possible to obtain the necessary additions to his physical plant to put the department on an effective service basis.

NO MONEY FOR STATE CAMPS

State Militia Forced to Abandon Plans for Field Practice.

There will be no camps of instruction this Summer for the Seventh, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Sixty-ninth, and Seventy-first Regiments of Infantry, the Twenty-second Engineers, Squadron A, the signal companies, and the sanitary units of the New York National Guard, because the Legislature failed to appropriate the money. National Guard officers consider this a very severe blow to the practical training of the troops, in view of possible service in Mexico in the Fall or on the Texas border.

Lieut. Col. R. Foster Walton, Adjutant General on the Staff of Major Gen. O'Ryan, said yesterday:

"I received official word today from Albany that the camps for the First and Second Reinforced Brigades, planned for Peekskill Plains, and the camp of the Twenty-second Engineers at Peekskill have been abandoned, as the State Legislature did not appropriate the money. This is a regrettable fact, but we will have to do the best we can."

Col. Walton said that the three provisional regiments of Coast Artillery—the Eighth, Ninth, and Thirteenth, will perform duty for two weeks each at Fort H. G. Wright, Fishers Island, N. Y., as previously planned, because there is a Federal appropriation for them. The Thirteenth Regiment will be on duty at Fishers Island from June 28 to July 2; the Eighth from July 12 to 26, and the Ninth from July 26 to Aug. 9.

The two regiments of field artillery, the First and Second, Col. Walton said, would be in camp at Tobyhanna, Penn., with the regular field artillery, as previously planned. There will be a school for officers of the line and staff at Peekskill in August.

'NEW THOUGHT' PAYS SEARS $15 A WEEK

Always "Dutch Treat" When He Dined with the Co-respondent.

HIS SECOND DIVORCE CASE

Miss Langdon Says "the Boys at Dramatic School" Gave Her a New Name Every Day.

Frank W. Sears, who is being sued for divorce by Dr. Julia Seton Sears, the founder of the New Thought Church, took the stand in Justice Giegerich's part of the Supreme Court yesterday and told of the financial returns to be derived from New Thought "healing." His own income from that source, and in fact the only income that he had, he said, was between $10 and $15 a week. This sum, he said, enabled him to pay for his room at 222 West Forty-ninth Street, have a pint of milk and half a loaf of bread for breakfast, and eat a 30-cent dinner. He had not had any luncheon, he said, for fifteen years. When Mr. Sears dined with Miss Langdon, the co-respondent, the meal, according to Miss Langdon, was a "Dutch treat."

Mr. Sears, when questioned as to his relations with Miss Langdon, said:

"My actions with Miss Langdon were open and above board. All the world could see. There has never been anything clandestine between us."

Later, when he was asked if he did not consider it improper for a married man to visit an unmarried girl in her apartment, as he had admitted doing, Mr. Sears said:

"I don't consider myself a married man. In the eyes of God I never was a married man."

There are two Mrs. Searses at the present time, one bringing suit for divorce, and the other living in Kansas City expecting $45 a month alimony from Mr. Sears, but receiving a much smaller amount, according to Mr. Sears's own statement.

"I violated man-made conventionalities," Mr. Sears continued, "but not man-made laws."

He said he knew the conventionalities of life were against his going with Miss Langdon as he had.

"But," he added, epigrammatically, "a gentleman can be a gentleman alone with a lady, and a scoundrel can be a scoundrel."

Mr. Sears, after outlining his financial position, explained his ability to take the trip abroad in 1913 by saying that the Harmony Club had contributed between $250 and $300 to pay his expenses. There were seven in the party, Mr. Sears said, including Miss Langdon and himself. He said he had given Miss Langdon treatments for which she had paid him $2 each. This explained some of his trips to her room, and the other visits were explained by the fact that Miss Langdon was teaching him diction, grammar, public speaking, and rhetoric.

After Miss Evelyn Menzel, Miss Catherine Hay, and Mrs. Blanche Southern had testified that they had seen nothing distinctly improper in the relations between Mr. Sears and Miss Langdon, Miss Langdon herself took the stand. Miss Langdon admitted that she had danced with Mr. Sears at Oscawana several times and had taken several walks with him there, but always in the presence of others.

Miss Langdon then told of her interest in the New Thought Church and of her duties as Mr. Sears's assistant. Mr. Sears, she said, would escort her home after classes, but as for the testimony about the Hotel Braddock and the Hotel Maryland and the "House of Lords" in Houston Street, and her alleged appearance before Mr. Sears in a kimono, all that, she said, was untrue. Under cross-examination by Edward T. Hiscox, attorney for Dr. Julia Seton Sears, Miss Langdon said that she dined with Mr. Sears about twice a week, sometimes oftener. Of course, she said, she always paid for her own meals. During part of the European trip in 1913, Miss Langdon said that Mr. Sears paid the expenses, but she reimbursed him at the end of each day.

Miss Langdon was asked what her real name was. She said it was Pauline Langdon, but admitted having received letters addressed to "Miss Holtsman," and said that when she was attending dramatic school she used a new name every day.

"Three hundred and sixty-five a year?" she was asked. Miss Langdon said that she meant just that, and that the boys at the school baptised her daily.

After it had been brought out again that the staterooms of Mr. Sears and Miss Langdon were adjacent on the return trip from Europe on the Oceanic court was adjourned until this morning.

Jersey Court in a Predicament.

TRENTON, N. J., June 3.—Because Justice Willard P. Voorhees and Judge Thomas W. Congdon have died and several other members have been ill since the last term, the Court of Errors and Appeals finds itself in a peculiar situation. In twelve cases that have been argued there is not a surviving quorum of members who heard the appeals, and each of the causes will have to be reargued.

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RESOLUTE WINS SECOND OF TEST RACES---TURF---GOLF

RESOLUTE LEADS VANITIE ALL WAY

Flag Officers' Cup Defender Gets Jump at Start and Is Never Passed.

WINS BY ELEVEN SECONDS

Cochran Sloop Unable to Hold Herreshoff Boat in Windward Leg of Race on Sound Off Greenwich.

The Race by Figures.

	Resolute. H. M. S.	Vanitie. H. M. S.
Start	12:16:30	12:16:42
First mark	1:09:57	1:11:59
Elapsed time	53:27	55:17
Second mark	1:52:04	1:52:58
Elapsed time	42:07	40:59
Elapsed Time—		
First round	1:35:34	1:36:16
Third mark	2:35:55	2:36:48
Elapsed time	43:51	43:50
Finish	3:17:57	3:18:20
Elapsed time	42:02	41:32
Elapsed Time—		
Second round	1:25:53	1:25:22
Total elapsed time	3:01:27	3:01:38

Resolute evened matters on the Sound yesterday. She came back at the conquering Vanitie and led that yacht from start to finish in the second race to select an America's Cup defender. Her revenge for the drubbing of the day before was all the sweeter, for she threw her time allowance overboard and won boat for boat, with eleven seconds to spare. The elapsed times for the thirty-mile course were Resolute, 3:01:38; Vanitie, 3:01:27.

The race was sailed in a strong "smoky so'wester" and was a much fairer test than Tuesday's wind-hunting expedition. Resolute, in whose success rest the hopes of the flag officers of the New York Yacht Club, went out at the start and opened up a lead that she never surrendered. She won right there. For three-fourths of the way Vanitie outfooted but never caught her.

As on the opening day, the winner received a deafening salute of steam whistles and sirens as she shot across the finish with her spinnaker and mainsail fairly lifting her out of the water. She had held off the faster and larger boat for more than two hours and had fought every inch of the journey.

"Resolute wins!" shouted Chairman H. deB. Parsons through a big megaphone on the Regatta Committee's tug, and that was the extent of the official announcement.

Not a word was said about the time allowance. The committee stuck to its resolution to keep this matter secret for the present, and yachtsmen who had hoped that the corrected time would be given out sailed away as puzzled as ever. It was figured, however, that on corrected time Resolute won yesterday by 3 minutes and 44 seconds, for Vanitie is credited with a handicap of 3:33 in a thirty-mile go.

Start of Second Race.

The race was over a windward and leeward course of seven and one-quarter miles, twice around. The starting mark was established off Great Captain's Island, near Greenwich, and the course led diagonally across the Sound to a spar buoy between Prospect Point and Mott's Point. With the wind hauling fresh from the southwest it meant close reaching, followed by beating going out, and broad reaching and some work with the wind coming home. The warning whistle sounded at noon and at 12:15 the yachts were sent away. On board the Committee's tug Julia Moran were the members of the committee, Chairman Parsons, J. M. Macdonough, and Frederick O. Spedden, and with them were W. Butler Duncan and Oliver Harriman.

Resolute, after towing part of the way from Glen Cove, hoisted her sails and reached the starting line first. She was sailed by her amateur skipper, Charles Francis Adams, 2d, of Boston, and with him were Designer Nat Herreshoff, George A. Cormack, George Nichols, Robert Emmons, 2d, and John Parkinson.

Vanitie sailed all the way. Alexander Smith Cochran, her owner, and Frederick M. Hoyt were on board, and Capt. Bill Dennis stood at the helm. Both yachts had on their club topsails, and Vanitie wore her jib, staysail and jib topsail. Resolute had her jib topsail in addition to her single headsail.

Resolute Gets Away First.

The yachts heeled prettily in a fifteen-knot "smoky so'wester" as they jockeyed for the start. They had reached the committee tug only a moment before the first warning whistle at 12 o'clock, and for the next fifteen minutes both skippers put their boats through their fanciest paces. Adams started the game by sending Resolute in a complete circle around the tug, but Dennis, just astern, cut a still sharper corner and pushed Vanitie alongside and to the windward of her. But it was still several minutes before the starting whistle and the advantage thus gained was soon lost.

Adams immediately wore away out of Vanitie's lee, and swung round the stake at the other end of the line. He timed this manoeuvre to a nicety, and was bearing down upon the mark close hauled on the starboard tack before Dennis could go about and catch him. Vanitie had to take a wider turn, for there was no room to cut in between the buoy and Resolute, and that left her just astern and to leeward of the Herreshoff yacht. In that position they crossed, Resolute at 12:16:30, Vanitie twelve seconds later.

Both were heeled 'way over with lee rails wet. Twice Dennis tried to break from under cover of Resolute's stern, but Adams checkmated him each time by going about and holding the weather berth. Resolute, with her single headrig, was pointing higher and footing a good bit faster. The No. 1 jib on Vanitie was fluttering like a pennant, and it held the big Cochran sloop back.

Off Matinnecock Point, on the Long Island shore, Resolute had increased her lead by forty seconds, and in the windward work which followed she proved herself still the faster. Dennis doused his recalcitrant jib and broke out the baby jib, but Resolute continued to wear away and left the other further astern at each tack. Adams saw he had the better boat for windward work and he followed every move that Vanitie made, going her one better each time.

Victory Won on First Leg.

They rounded the stake off Prospect Point on a short starboard hitch, Resolute at 1:09:57, Vanitie at 1:11:59, two minutes and two seconds behind. It was in this first leg of the journey that victory was salted away. From the moment she rounded the turn Vanitie outfooted the leader in all kinds of sailing, but she could not overtake her.

The return trips was made in fast time, for it was a broad reach most of the way. Vanitie's enormous balloon jib—the sail that contributed largely to her first day's victory—carried her along at a great rate, and she cut down Resolute's lead to only 54 seconds at the second turn. The leader jibed and rounded the stake at 1:52:04. Vanitie made it at 1:52:58, having gained 1 minute and 4 seconds on this leg. It was the fastest bit of sailing of the day. Crossing the Sound a second time, Dennis struck off from the Connecticut shore, where the wind was stronger. He appeared anxious to fight shy of further windward work if possible. Adams also swung his boat over on the port tack, and the two headed this shore till they reached a point where they could make the buoy on the opposite side on one long close reach.

Vanitie Gains on Resolute.

After quitting the Connecticut side, Dennis, having held his own this time despite the windward work, tried to work in under Resolute's lee. His jib and bay jib were not setting nicely, and by pointing lower than the Herreshoff yacht, he gradually drew up on even terms, though far to leeward. It was at this stage of the voyage that the tug Honeybrook of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, with three barges in tow, came bowling along in mid-Sound directly in the path that the two sloops must travel. The tug was nearest to Resolute, and the scant lead which the yacht then enjoyed would have vanished for ever if she had paused for a moment.

But the Captain of the Honeybrook saw this almost as soon as the skippers and crews of the two racers did, and instantly he surrendered the right of way. He steered to the northward none too soon, for it was less than a minute later that Resolute's great sails crossed his bows.

The wind freshened as the sloops neared the third turn, and for a time Vanitie seemed to be stepping a bit the faster. But rounding the mark, their relative positions appeared unchanged, and the elapsed times showed that Dennis had gained only a second. But by holding his own, and with only fifty-three seconds to make up, Vanitie's skipper was in a fair way to make up the lost distance in the last leg.

Not even Resolute's stanchest supporters were ready to say that the race was over, and it was plain that no one aboard the Cochran boat thought so. Up went Vanitie's big balooner the moment she cleared the mark, and the way that long bronze hull ripped through the water must have given Adams and his associates more than one anxious moment. It was a time for close calculations, for in the first round, Vanitie had picked up seventy-one seconds on this leg, and if she could do it this trip she would win.

Resolute Overtakes Vanitie.

Resolute's balooner caught the air seconds afterward, and the yachts flew for home with a bone in their teeth. At the halfway mark, a shift in the wind gave Dennis a chance to crowd on still more canvas and he let loose the spinnaker. The big white sail bulged as it caught the air and more seconds were cast aside. It was a hot chase with Vanitie coming up strong, and although Resolute broke out her spinnaker, too, it was only a question of minutes before the larger yacht overtook her.

All eyes measured the distance still to be traveled as the sloops tore through the water under clouds of canvas. The crews on both boats crouched in little white groups aft so as to bring the bows high out of water and not a man stirred on deck. Vanitie drew up so fast that no one was willing to concede her beaten until a mile from the finish.

The stern chase ended with the boats only thirty-seven seconds apart, Resolute crossing the line at 3:17:57 and Vanitie at 3:18:20. The steam yachts that gathered at the finish, although fewer in number than on the first day, turned loose all the noise in their whistles as a salute to the winner, but before they had got through blowing it was time to salute the loser—which every craft in the fleet did.

In the jockeying for the start, as well as in the early stages of the race, Adams had all the better of it with Dennis. He outgeneraled Mr. Cochran's skipper at the line, and he knew how to get the best out of his boat in the windward going. There was never the slightest flicker of Resolute's sails, once her sheets were trimmed, and she pointed higher when she needed to. Vanitie's jib and jibtopsail gave Dennis all kinds of trouble at first, and they held the sloop back perceptibly in the first leg.

A lead of 2 minutes and 2 seconds acquired in the first run of 7½ miles was sufficient to carry the day for the flag officers' yacht. On the second leg Vanitie picked up 1 minute and 8 seconds, and on the third she held her own without appreciable change. On the home stretch she added 31 seconds. Taking her time for the last 22½ miles of the race, Vanitie covered the distance 1 minute and 38 seconds faster than Resolute. She was faster at all times to leeward.

When the yachts meet today for the third of the week's series it probably will be for the last time that it will be a dual race. The third aspirant for cup defense honors, Defiance, will be in the water again by Saturday, and George M. Pynchon and E. Walter Clark, members of the tri-city syndicate that owns her, are eager to get into battle. Defiance was hauled out at City Island yesterday. Her mast has been shortened eight feet, and is ready to be restepped, and her bowsprit has been cut down twenty inches.

YALE HAS HARVARD'S GOAT.

Freshmen Paint Its Horns Blue and Shear Y on Its Side.

RED TOP, Conn., June 3.—The Yale freshmen oarsmen have the Harvard freshmen's goat. The mascot, a black full-blooded animal, was shipped from Boston by express, but it appears that the Eli youngsters intercepted it today by signing an express receipt, and took it in triumph to the Yale quarters. There the horns were painted blue and a huge Y sheared in its side.

The Crimson freshmen are much disturbed over the incident. Tonight a delegation of Yale men headed by Coach Nickalls visited Red Top and tried to smooth matters over. Harvard refused to accept the goat, so a compromise was effected whereby Yale paid for it, and Billy" is now the real property of the Eli freshmen.

Light work for the Harvard oarsmen was on the programme this evening, the crews being sent out for only a two-mile paddle.

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 3.—Yale's first crew had a time row over the four-mile course on the Thames tonight, going the distance in 22 minutes and 33 1-5 seconds. The time was only fair, but the coaches say no attempt was made for great speed. The 'Varsity was paced by the second eight for the first two miles. The average stroke was thirty. The freshmen had an eight-mile row.

Columbia 'Varsity in New Shell.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 3.—Coach Rice put the Columbia 'Varsity crew into the new shell for the first time today in preparation for the intercollegiate regatta. Rowing with their new oars, the crew left the float at Edgewater for the afternoon practice with an entirely new outfit. After a few changes in the seats are made the coach believes the crew will be at home in the boat. All three crews were out on the water late, and were sent away on long stretches. The 'Varsity had an eight-mile pull and the second and freshman crews one of five miles. Hoovey of the freshman crew has indigestion and was supplanted by Lorenz.

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ELECTION BET WINS PIPING ROCK SERIAL

Capt. C. K. Rockwell, U. S. A., Breaks Rib When Free and Easy Comes a Cropper.

As a whole it was a propitious opening of the short racing season at Piping Rock Club's grounds yesterday. Its progressive and public-spirited members were out in force to enjoy the sport and to give a welcome to Lord Wimborne and the members of his polo team, who were honored guests at the meeting and occupied a couple of boxes set aside for their use. Lord and Lady Wimborne entered fully into the sporting spirit of the occasion and apparently thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

But one thing occurred to mar the sport, and that was an accident to Capt. C. K. Rockwell, U. S. A., whose horse, Free and Easy, came a bad cropper just at the crest of the hill, throwing his rider so that he rolled over Capt. Rockwell, broke one or more of this ribs, and possibly inflicted even more serious injuries of an internal character. The Captain, who is a member of the Corps of Engineers, on detached duty, and a most enthusiastic horseman, was able to rise after a few minutes and walk to an automobile that was rushed across the field. He was taken to the club house and from there to a hospital for treatment. His horse at the time of the accident was running in second place, well up with Cherry Malotte, which eventually won, and had an apparently good chance to get second honors at least. After that tumble Cherry Malotte had things her own way, as neither Dull Care nor Indicator were good enough to make her fully extend herself.

The finish in the Compliment race was the more spirited of the two events, for both Ballybay and Ballet gave the favorite a lively dispute for the honors, furnishing a finish with all three lapped at the last hurdle and in the run through the stretch that made sporting blood tingle and even aroused lively enthusiasm in the most violently and vigilantly circumspect of the five thousand people who saw the sport.

Both bands, one near the paddock and the other over on the club house lawn a half mile away, welcomed Election Bet, winner of the Piping Rock Serial handicap—most sporty of sporting races, as it has now strung itself along over two racing seasons—when he beat Arrington, Knick Knack, and thirteen others. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Chambfet Plate; for registered Galloways; purse $300, presented by Mrs. Lathrop Brown, with plate of $100 presented by Allan Pinkerton; for gentleman riders only; five furlongs. Time—1:03 1-5.
Wynburn, b. g., by Millrig's b. g., Jerry's, by Star Shoot-Last Resort, 173 pounds, (Mr. H. Tucker,) 1 to 3 and out.....1[1]
Culvert, A. Ludlow Kramer's b. g., a., 167, (Mr. C. Tucker,) 3 to 1 and 4 to 5.....2[2]
Peyton Breckinridge, C. A. Doescher's b. g., 6, 142, (Mr. T. Wright,) 6 to 1 and 6 to 5.....3[15]
The Thief also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Orange County Handicap Steeplechase; purse $600, presented by Peter G. and Robert L. Gerry, and $200 plate, presented by Jay F. Carlisle; about two miles. Time—3:56 2-5.
Astute, C. R. Fleischmann's b. g., 4 years, by Gold Heels-Volyothen, 135 pounds, (Fain,) 7 to 20 and out.....1[20]
Handrunning, Capt. C. K. Rockwell's br. g., 6, 140, (Bryan,) 10 to 1 and 3 to 2.....2[20]
Ell Bart, J. S. Widener's ch. g., 6, 146, (Tuckey,) 4 to 1 and 4 to 5.....3
Capricorn and Owanux fell and did not finish.

THIRD RACE.—Piping Rock Serial Handicap; for three-year-olds; purse $1,000; one mile. Time—1:42 4-5.
Election Bet, W. R. Coe's br. f., by Electioneer-Bethel, 116 pounds, (Necklaus,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5.....1[1½]
Arrington, Frederick Johnson's blk. c., 109, (Glass,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1.....2[1½]
Knick Knack, Harvey S. Ladew's br. f., 99, (D. Hoffman,) 20 to 1 and 8 to 1.....3[3]
Armament, Some Kid, Virginia Lass, Lokomis, Rosa, Delegate, Lily Orme, Aurora, Cagliostro, Peg o' My Heart, Bergamot, Golden Prince, and Andes also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Roslyn Plate Handicap; purse $400, presented by H. W. Sage, and plate of $100, presented by W. M. Manly; about six furlongs. Time—1:15 3-5.
Mr. Specs, A. C. Blume's ch. g., 6 years, by Woolsthorpe-Jilt Greenwood, 145 pounds, (Mr. T. Wright,) 7 to 5 and 1 to 2.....1[1]
Coreopsis, C. R. Fleischmann's ch. g., 5, 152, (Mr. F. Alpers,) 5 to 2 and 4 to 5.....2[2]
Chopin, Jericho Stable's b. g., 4, 149, (Mr. B. B. Lewis,) 15 to 1 and 5 to 1.....3[3]
Devoter, Lad of Langdon, and Raymond also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Cooperstown Plate; handicap steeplechase; purse $1,000, presented by F. Ambrose Clark, with $100 plate presented by t ehPiping Rock Racing Association; about two miles. Time—4:01 2-5.
Compliment, J. E. Widener's ch. g., 6 years, by Art Wells-Adele, 145 pounds, (Tucker,) 8 to 5 and 3 to 5.....1[1]
Ballybay, Ral Parr's b. g., 4, 141, (Allen,) 8 to 5 and 3 to 5.....2[20]
Ballet, H. P. Whitney's br. m., 4, 133, (Herder).....3[8]
The Evader also ran. Syonet and Cliftonian fell and did not finish.

SIXTH RACE.—Brookville Plate; handicap steeplechase for registered hunters ridden by gentlemen riders; purse $400 and $200 in plate presented by Paul D. Cravath; two miles and a half over the hunter's course. Time—5:42.
Cherry Malotte, H. P. Whitney's br. m., 5 years, by Contado-Dottie, 162 pounds, (T. Wright,) 11 to 20 and out.....1[4]
Dull Care, Harry W. Smith's br. g., 148, (R. Mortimer, Jr.,) 8 to 1 and 5 to 2.....2[2]
Indicator, James Parks's ch. g., 6, 148, (F. A. Clark,) 8 to 1 and 5 to 2.....3[2]
Octette, Ireland Yet, and Essex B. also ran. Free and Easy fell and did not finish.

SEVENTH RACE.—Broad Hollow Plate for registered hacks and hunters; purse, $600, presented by F. R. and Thomas Hitchcock, and $100 plate presented by M. J. Cromwell; one mile and a furlong. Time—1:58 3-5.
Cloud, A. C. Kramer's br. g., 6 years, by Albert-Scotch Lassie, 168 pounds, (Mr. J. Tucker,) 8 to 5 and 4 to 5.....1[2]
Willing, C. N. Williams's br. g., a., 148, (Mr. E. Tucker,) 6 to 1 and 5 to 2.....2[2]
Footlights, R. L. Gerry's ch. g., 6, 168, (Mr. H. L. Bell,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5.....3[8]
Farmer, Nosegay, Zellwood, Judge Walser, MacNab, Quick Sands, and Johnny also ran.

Today's Races at Belmont Park.

FIRST RACE.—Two-year-olds; four and a half furlongs, straight. Double Eagle, Trojan, and Top o' the Morning, 107 pounds each; Seashell, 111; Distance, 104; Gloaming, 107; Northern Light, 107; Kilkenny Boy, 107; Banquet, 114; Fair Helen, 111; Broomleaf, 104; Type, 107; Mars Cassidy, 111; Distant Shore, 111; Forecast, 111.

SECOND RACE.—Three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs. Phyllis Antoinette and Progressive, 108 pounds; Song of Valley, 100; Perthshire, 123; Louise Travers, 98; Crossbun, 105; Yellow Eyes, 120; Altamaha, 110; Honey Bee, 108; Grover Hughes, 110.

THIRD RACE.—Two-year-olds; selling; five furlongs, straight. Roly, 102 pounds; Daisy Stevens, 89; Althea, 99; Headsmark, 91; Headmast, 97; Harlequin, 99; Fenrock, 104; Royal Blue, 105.

FOURTH RACE.—Larchmont Stakes for three-year-olds; one mile and a furlong. Thornhill, 118 pounds; Addie M., 118; Ginny, 114; Early Rose, 118; Blackbroom, 127; Trumpa, 121; Luke McLuke, 132; Gainer, 130; Charlestonian, 127.

FIFTH RACE.—Four-year-olds and upward; steeplechase; about two miles. Lysander, Meadow Lark, and Abdon, 132 pounds each; Little Hugh, 142; Skibbereen, 132.

SIXTH RACE.—Three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Progressive, 110 pounds; Song of Valley, 96; Harmis, Jr., 112; Tea Enough, 90; Stonehenge, 97; Mr. Salzer, 92; Swish, 107; Paton, 115; Odella, 105; Oakhurst, 107; Sir Caledore, 97.

Tie in 30-Mile Motor Race.

Leon Didier, the French champion cyclist, was held to a tie by Clarence Carmen of Jamaica, and would have been beaten but for minor accidents which set back the American rider in the thirty-mile motor paced point race at the Brighton Beach Motordrome last night. Didier faced, besides Carmen, George Wiley, the American champion, and Eddie Root, the little New York rider. The race was run in two heats under the French points system. Didier, after gaining a lap in the first heat of ten miles, punctured a tire and was beaten out by Carman. In the second heat of twenty miles it was Carman who had all the hard luck. With the race in his grasp he was twice forced to leave the track, once for a new motor and again because of a puncture. He came in second, however, and tied the point score with Didier. The result was very unsatisfactory, but there were no arrangements for a third heat, and it was decided to race off the tie later by the scratch.

DAVIS CUP DEFENSE PLANS.

West Side Club Will Provide Seating Capacity for 10,000.

Plans for the challenge round of the Davis international tennis cup matches, the Metropolitan championships and the future policy of the West Side Lawn Tennis Club were announced yesterday at a luncheon at the West Side clubhouse, Forest Hills, L. I. With the announcement of the awards of the International Committee the club at once began active preparations to stage the event, which will be the most important of the year in the tennis world.

Special stands will be erected on the turf in front of the clubhouse. These will seat 10,000 persons. The seats will be $2 each or $5 for the series, and the following committee will have charge of the matches: J. S. Myrick, Chairman; Harry Parker, Secretary and Treasurer; Raymond D. Little, G. A. L. Dionne, Lyle E. Mahan, F. C. Newcombe and Walter Merrill Hall.

The Metropolitan singles and doubles championships will be decided on the West Side courts starting June 3. Walter Merrill Hall, Chairman of the committee, stated that the entry list included many of the best players in the Metropolitan district.

Vice President Myrick announced that when the grounds were completed there would be thirty-five dirt courts and twenty-seven grass courts, making the playing service and membership the largest tennis club in the world.

The announcement was mode yesterday by the Davis Cup International Committee that a communication had been sent to Dr. Semmer Hardy, the national committeeman on the Pacific Coast, to the effect that Maurice E. McLoughlin, and the other California players must arrange their plans to reach this city at an early date, and not remain over for competition in the Pacific Coast championships. One reason for this is that R. Norris Williams, 2d, is not showing his last year's form, and there is a possibility of an entire reconstruction of the cup defense plans.

Tennis Victory for Alexander.

Frederick B. Alexander, the former internationalist, with Abraham Bassford, Jr., as a partner, defeated Dr. B. F. Drake and J. M. Steinkamp in the second round of the men's tennis doubles yesterday in the Eastern New York State championship tournament on the courts of the County Tennis Club of Westchester at Harkdale. Alexander played under a heavy handicap, but with the clever support of his partner, managed to pull out a victory after three hard sets by the score of 1—6, 6—2, 6—4.

Six events are being contested on the courts, and four of them are nearing the semi-final round. It is expected that the tournament will close by the end of the week. The summaries:

Eastern New York State Men's Singles Championship.—Fourth Round—Ralph L. Baggs defeated A. Standing, 6—2, 6—1.
Men's Doubles.—First Round—M. E. Fox and George Walker won by default; Frederick B. Alexander and Abraham Bassford, Jr., defeated King Smith and partner by default.
Second Round.—Frederick B. Alexander and Abraham, Bassford, Jr., defeated Dr. B. F. Drake and J. M. Steinacher, 1—6, 6—2, 6—4.
Third Round.—A. D. Britton and J. M. Robinson defeated E. Henderson and J. Perry, 6—4, 6—3; J. P. Fox and Capt. Burgoyne Hamilton defeated C. E. Moore and Dr. Ryan, 6—4, 6—4; Frederick C. Baggs and S. Howard Voshell defeated David Todd and F. Comstock, 6—0, 6—8.
Women's Singles.—Third Round—Miss Bessie C. Holden defeated Miss Anne Fish, 6—3, 6—4.
Mixed Doubles.—Second Round—Mrs. Abraham Bassford, Jr., and Frederick C. Baggs defeated Miss Atterbury and C. E. Moore, 6—0, 7—5.
Men's Handicap Singles.—Second Round—M. E. Fox, (minus half 15,) defeated S. Hackley, (scratch,) 6—2, 6—3; Capt. Burgoyne Hamilton defeated A. M. Whitehill, (minus half 15,) 6—1, 4—6, 6—4; J. C. Fox, (minus half 15,) defeated Abraham Bassford, 3d, (plus 30,) 6—1, 6—3.

PHILADELPHIA WOMEN LEAD

Defeat Boston Team in First Match for Griscom Golf Cup.

As a result of losing to Philadelphia by twelve matches to nine in the first of the tri-city contests for the Clement A. Griscom Cup over the links of the Greenwich Country Club yesterday the Boston combination will play the team of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association on the same course today. Boston won the cup last year and it was considered that with three new members, one of whom was Mrs. Edwin W. Daley, the Southern champion last year, Boston would come close to repeating. It was the newcomers who did the better work, all three of them winning.

The order of play required fifteen individual matches in the morning and six foursomes contests in the afternoon. Philadelphia won nine out of the individuals, thus getting three matches. The result of the foursomes was an even break, each team winning three. The score:

INDIVIDUALS.

Philadelphia—Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow, 1; Mrs. C. H. Vanderbeck, 1; Mrs. Caleb F. Fox, 0; Mrs. E. H. Fitler, 0; Miss Mildred Caverly, 1; Miss Florence McNeely, 0; Mrs. William Hilles, 1; Miss Frances C. Griscom, 0; Miss Edith Campbell, 1; Miss C. H. Davis, 1; Mrs. Milton Herold, 1; Miss Irene Richardson, 0; Miss Eleanor Chandler, 1; Miss H. Ethel Maule, 1; Miss Ellen G. Hood, 0. Total—9.
Boston—Mrs. H. A. Jackson, 0; Miss Margaret Curtis, 0; Miss Fannie C. Osgood, 1; Miss Harriott S. Curtis, 1; Mrs. E. C. Wheeler, Jr., 0; Mrs. G. W. Roope, 1; Miss Elizabeth S. Porter, 0; Miss Anne Nason, 1; Miss Louise A. Wells, 0; Mrs. F. W. Batchelder, 0; Miss K. F. Duncan, 0; Mrs. Edwin W. Daley, 1; Mrs. A. McGregor, 0; Miss C. L. Duncan, 0; Miss Ruth Hichborn, 1. Total—6.

FOURSOMES.

Philadelphia—Mrs. Barlow and Mrs. Fitler, 0; Miss Caverly and Mrs. Vanderbeck, 1; Mrs. Fox and Miss McNeely, 0; Mrs. Hilles and Miss Davis, 1; Miss Griscom and Miss Campbell, 1; Mrs. Herold and Miss Maule, 0. Total—3.
Boston—Miss M. Curtis and Mrs. Wheeler, 1; Mrs. Jackson and Miss H. Curtis, 0; Mrs. Roope and Miss Osgood, 1; Miss Nason and Mrs. Daley, 0; Mrs. McGregor and Miss Hichborn, 0; Mrs. Batchelder and Miss Porter, 1. Total—3.

Shafer Defeats Dionne.

George C. Shafer qualified for the semi-final round of the Marine and Field Club men's open tennis tournament yesterday on the club courts at Bath Beach by defeating G. A. L. Dionne of the West Side Lawn Tennis Club in two out of three sets. Shafer failed to show his form in the opening set, which went to Dionne 6—3, but with the start of the second set Shafer improved, and although hard pressed by the West Side player, he managed to make the sets even with the score of 6—4. The third and deciding set found the pair at their best, and after an interesting contest Shafer won again, 6—4. Shafer will play C. C. Chambers to-day, and the winner will face Vanderbilt Ward in the final round.

Cycle Winners at Newark.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., June 3.—Frank L. Kramer, America; Robert Spears and Alfred Goullet of Australia were the three riders to qualify tonight at the Newark Velodrome for the final of the Grand Prize of Newark, to the winner of which is offered a purse of $1,000. Three semi-final heats were held to decide the competitors for the richest cycling stake in the country, to be run off here next Sunday. Surprise was occasioned by the defeat of both Walter Rutt, the world's champion, and Jackie Clarke, the Australian.

Harry Kaiser, the Bronx amateur, won the half-mile open final, defeating both Champion McDougall and Edward Madden of this city, who were judged in a dead heat for second place.

The miss-and-out professional race was won by Frank Corry, the Australian.

Brooklyn Trotters in Dead Heat.

A dead heat between the black mare Jennie F. and the bay gelding King Audubon in the Class A trot featured the brushing yesterday on the Brooklyn Speedway. On the deciding heat the mare held her ground and was returned the winner. The three heats necessary to decide the race were timed in 104½, 103, and 104½, exceptionally fast time for the condition of the roadway.

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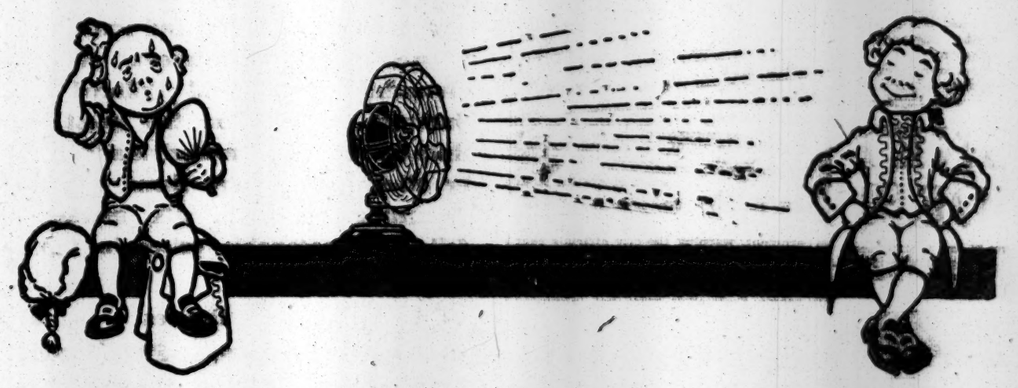

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TEN-DAY BASEBALL CLAUSE UPHELD---GIANTS AND YANKEES LOSE

FEDERAL LEAGUE GETS HARD BLOW

Loses Injunction Suit Against "Chief" Johnson, Cincinnati Pitcher.

NO WHOLESALE JUMPING

"Outlaws" Had Expected to Raid Major Leagues if Court Had Decided in Their Favor.

CHICAGO, June 3.—First blood in the battle over "Chief" Johnson—a battle that promises to reach its final decision in the highest courts—was scored to the credit of organized baseball today when Judge Foell, upholding every contention of the Cincinnati National League Club, made permanent the injunction which prevented the pitcher from playing with the Federal League.

It was generally reported that a wholesale desertion of players in organized ball to the independent league would follow a decision favoring the Federals. If this were true, today's decision brought to the clubs within the pale of the national agreement more cause for rejoicing than the bare retention of Johnson would have occasioned, but it brought to the new league a correspondingly greater reason for depression, for the expected raid, it was said, was depended upon to strengthen weak spots in the Federal teams.

Both sides, realizing that the decision marked only a single round in a long fight, prepared to renew the combat on new grounds. The Federals, represented by the Kansas City Club, for which Johnson deserted the Cincinnati team, took immediate stepes for an appeal from Judge Foell's decision.

Judge Foell, at the request of the Federal League, granted an appeal and twenty days for filing the certificate of evidence. Counsel for the Cincinnati Club agreed that a cost bond of $250 would be sufficient as evidence of good faith on the part of Johnson.

A decision in a similar case involving a dispute between the Philadelphia Nationals and the Chicago Federals over the services of William J. Killifer, a catcher, is expected of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals at Cincinnati about June 10.

Johnson will not be used in any games until a final decision is reached as to the validity of his contract is announced by President Gilmore of the Federal League tonight, although E. E. Gates, chief counsel for the league, interpreted Judge Foell's decision to be effective only in Cook County.

Gilmore, Gates, Otto Steifel, chief owners of the St. Louis Club; Edward Steinfeldt, President of the St. Louis, and C. C. Maddison, President of the Kansas City Club, spent most of the day considering the effects of the decision. An appeal will be taken at once, according to Mr. Gates, and the league will continue to fight for Johnson's services until the validity of the ten days clause in the contracts of players in organized baseball finally is determined.

Gates explained that the league has five days in which to file its apeal, and that the opposition then has five days for filing answer, so that it probably will be two weeks before a hearing on the appeal is reached.

PENN WINS IN TENTH.

Columbia Loses Commencement Day Game, 5 to 4.

A bad break in the eighth inning gave the University of Pennsylvania a tenstanning victory over the Columbia team on South Field yesterday afternoon by the score of 5 to 4. Three thousand alumni and their friends, who crowded the stands and field, cheered in vain for the Blue and White team, which made a fine start only to fall down on an error and home run which should have been captured by the left fielder. Columbia had three victories to its credit against the Quakers, and they had longing eyes on a fourth. The alumni were sure that their team would make it a clean sweep in spite of the fact that Sayre was pitching, but in the bad breaks which seem to "dog" Columbia's footsteps in their Commencement Day games for the past few years, their hopes were crushed. The score:

PENNSYLVANIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Mann, 2b.	5	1	2	2	5
Haley, rf.	4	1	0	2	0
Irwin, lf.	5	2	3	1	0
Minds, cf.	5	0	1	1	0
Koon, cf.	4	0	1	0	0
Wall's, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0
Schimpf, ss.	3	0	0	1	3
Shirk'r, c.	4	0	1	6	0
Waite, 3b.	2	0	0	1	1
Arm'g, 3b.	1	1	1	0	0
Murd'k, 3b.	1	0	1	0	0
Sayre, p.	4	0	1	0	1
Total.	38	5	11	30	10

COLUMBIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rosoff, c.	5	1	1	5	2
Wolff, 2b.	5	2	2	4	6
Hann, 1b.	4	1	1	14	1
Buncke, cf.	5	0	0	1	0
Fried'n, ss.	4	0	0	2	0
Gret'n, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1
Haaren, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Miller, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
O'Neale, p.	3	0	0	1	0
Total.	36	4	6	30	16

Errors—Schimpf, Buncke, Friedrich, Gretsch.

Pennsylvania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1—5
Columbia	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—4

Home runs—Hann, Irwin. Two-base hit—Watt. Stolen bases—Wallace, 2. Sacrifice hit—Buncke. Sacrifice hit—Haley. Left on bases—Columbia, 5; Pennsylvania, 6. Struck out—By Sayre, 6; by O'Neale, 5. Bases on balls—Off Sayre, 1; off O'Neale, 1. Passed ball—Rosoff. Umpires—Messrs. Carnon and McGuire. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes.

AT NEW HAVEN.

									R.H.E.
Yale	2	1	0	0	0	4	4	0	1—13	2
Amherst	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1	6 5

Batteries—Brown, Mudge, and Hunter; Robbison, Crowell, and Strahn.

AT CAMBRIDGE.

									R.H.E.
Harvard	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	0—5	9 2
Williams	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3—3	4 2

Batteries—Hitchcock, Frye, and Waterman; Bowan and Dewell.

AT WEST POINT.

									R.H.E.
West Point	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	—6	14 1
Syracuse	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	2 2

Batteries—McMahon and Milburn; Nichols, Adler, and Morgan.

AT EASTON, PENN.

									R.H.E.
Lafayette	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	—5	6 1
Seton Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2	4 2

Batteries—Hammer and Wright; Whelan, Carrigan, and Fish.

AT HANOVER, N. H.

									R.H.E.
Dartmouth	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—4	7 5
Colgate	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0—3	4 2

Batteries—Hallett and Wanamaker; Hicks and Goundry.—

AT PROVIDENCE.

									R.H.E.
Brown	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—4	8 1
Tufts	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—3	5 0

Batteries—Henry and Hazlett; Whittaker and Bennett.

AT BROOKLYN.

									R.H.E.
St. John's	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	—6	8 2
Manhattan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1—2	9 1

Batteries—Carey and Bigura; Farrell and Gaus.

Scores of Other Games.

At Exeter—Exeter, 8; Dartmouth Freshmen, 1.

At Garden City—Holbrook School, 7; St. Paul School, 3.

At Tarrytown—Irving School, 11; New York Military Academy, 3.

At Summit—Carlton Academy, 9; Orange High School, 1.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington, 2; New York, 0.
Washington, 5; New York, 3.
Philadelphia, 10; Boston, 1
Philadelphia, 7; Boston, 5.
St. Louis, 7; Detroit, 1.
Cleveland, 6; Chicago, 2.
(Ten innings.)

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 10; New York, 3.
Brooklyn, 6; Boston, 3.
St. Louis, 6; Cincinnati, 2.
Chicago, 6; Pittsburgh, 5.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 10; Baltimore, 4.
Indianapolis, 9; St. Louis, 6.
Pittsburgh, 5; Buffalo, 3.
Chicago, 5; Kansas City, 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 4; Jersey City, 3.
Providence, 7; Newark, 5.
Rochester, 5; Montreal, 1.
Toronto, 3; Buffalo, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	25	15	.625
Washington	26	16	.619
Detroit	25	18	.581
St. Louis	21	19	.523
Boston	19	22	.464
New York	17	23	.425
Chicago	18	25	.419
Cleveland	14	27	.341

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	23	13	.639
Cincinnati	26	17	.605
Pittsburgh	25	17	.595
Brooklyn	18	19	.486
Chicago	21	22	.488
St. Louis	21	24	.467
Philadelphia	17	20	.459
Boston	11	26	.297

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	22	14	.611
Chicago	21	17	.552
Brooklyn	17	16	.515
Buffalo	17	18	.486
Pittsburgh	18	20	.474
Indianapolis	17	19	.472
St. Louis	19	22	.464
Kansas City	18	23	.439

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Buffalo	25	12	.676
Baltimore	23	14	.621
Rochester	22	14	.611
Providence	18	17	.514
Newark	16	17	.485
Toronto	16	18	.471
Jersey City	12	24	.333
Montreal	11	27	.290

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington at New York.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Cleveland at Chicago.
St. Louis at Detroit.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Philadelphia—2 games
Boston at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Newark.
Providence at Baltimore.
Montreal at Toronto.
Rochester at Buffalo.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo at Brooklyn.
Baltimore at Pittsburgh.
Indianapolis at St. Louis.
Chicago at Kansas City.

ORPHANS SEE DODGERS WIN

Nap Rucker Breaks Up Game with Triple in Fifth Inning.

Brooklyn had no trouble in defeating the Boston Braves by a score of 6 to 3 at Ebbets Field yesterday. Before a crowd of five thousand, composed mostly of orphan children, who were allowed to see the game free through the courtesy of the club management, both teams played with great spirit, and there were many good plays in the field. The turning point of the game came in the fifth inning, when "Nap" Rucker practically won his own game by driving out a three-base hit to centrefield with two men on bases. Three more runs were scored in this inning on another triple by "Red" Smith and Wheat's out, making a total of five, which put the Dodgers in the lead by a score of 6 to 1.

The Braves made a rally in the eighth inning, when two runs were scored on Collins's single, errors by O'Mara and Smith, and "Dynosaurus" Schmidt's two-base hit. Each team had scored one run in the first inning. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dalton, cf.	4	1	1	5	0
Rump'el, lb.	3	1	2	10	1
Smith, 3b.	4	1	1	2	0
Wheat, lf.	3	0	2	0	0
Stengel, rf.	1	0	1	0	0
Cut'aw, 2b.	4	0	0	3	6
Rig't, rf., lf.	4	0	0	0	0
O'Mara, ss.	4	1	2	2	5
Miller, c.	3	1	1	5	2
Rucker, p.	3	1	2	0	2
Total.	33	6	12	27	19

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Evers, 2b.	5	0	0	2	2
M'ville, ss.	4	1	1	3	4
Collins, lf.	4	1	1	3	0
Gilb'rt, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Sch'dt, 1b.	4	0	1	10	0
Gowdy, c.	3	0	1	3	2
Deal, 3b.	4	0	0	0	3
Mann, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
Rud'ph, p.	2	0	1	0	2
Strand, p.	1	0	0	0	0
†Dugey	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	36	3	9	23	10

*Batted for Strand in ninth innnig.
†Hummel out, hit by batted ball.

Errors—Collins, Smith, Riggert, O'Mara, (2.)

Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	—6
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—3

Left on bases—Boston, 8; Brooklyn, 5. Two-base hits—Maranville, Gowdy. Three-base hits—Rudolph, Smith, Rucker. First base on errors—Boston, 2. Stolen base—Maranville. Bases on balls—Off Rudolph, 1; off Strand, 1; off Rucker, 2. Struck out—By Strand, 3; by Rucker, 3. Hits—Off Rudolph, 9 in five innings; off Strand, 3 in three innings. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and Johnson.

Exeter Captain for Brookfeds.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., June 3.—Exeter's Captain and first baseman, Benjamin Neal of Waite, Me., who has been approached by many major league scouts this season, has agreed to sign with the Brooklyn Federals after Saturday's game between Andover and Exeter. He is a hard hitter and an all-around athlete, having been on the school football, baseball, and track teams for four years. He intended to enter Brown University, but says that the Brooklyn offer is too good to allow it to pass.

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WASHINGTON WINS TWO FROM YANKEES

Jimmy Shaw Makes Home Run and Wins Dozen Pairs of Socks.

Jimmy Shaw, the boy pitcher of the Washingtons will not have to worry about where his stockings are coming from, for the next half dozen years. Yesterday at the Polo Grounds, Jimmy cracked a home run into the left field bleachers, which entitles him to a dozen pairs of socks. James pitched the Yanks to a standstill and also did much for his own cause with the huge lift among the "quarter" bugs.

He was more tickled over winning the socks then he was winning his own game. You see these socks are guaranteed for six months, so James figures that the twelve pairs will last six years. As soon as the first game was over, young Shaw went around to collect the socks right off.

Oh, pshaw!!!

The Yankees lost two games to the Senators yesterday. This seems very strange inasmuch as neither King Cole nor Cy Pieh had a thing to do with it. Ray Caldwell was beaten in the first game by a score of 2 to 0, because the Washingtons did a little timely hitting and because Shaw pitched so well that the Yankees were unable to slap a run over. They had the bases inhabited a few times and a respectable hit would have helped a lot, but Shaw tightened up like a drumhead in the pinches.

Washington won the second game by a score of 5 to 3. Ray Keating was hit hard at times. The Yanks lighted the fuse for a rally in the ninth, but the expected explosion of Wyatt Yancey Ayers, the high-brow pitcher of the Washingtons, did not happen.

The Summer clearance sale of ball games which is now in full blast at the Polo Grounds attracted some 8,000 bargain hunters.

Says one spectator to another, says he, "I don't understand these Yanks. Some days they have the real class. Says the other in reply, says he, "Yes, you're right. Some days they are first cabin and the next day they are steerage."

The first game was quite a fashionable affair, beginning shortly after high noon. Moeller greeted Caldwell with a single and he went to second when Maisel tossed out Eddie Foster. Milan grassed out to Williams without assistance, while "Chic" Gandil rapped a single to right, scoring Moeller. In the third inning Shaw pumped a long fly into the left field bleachers for a home run and a box of stockings. The next time Jimmy pitches here he is going to read over all the signs on the fence to see if he can get anything else for home runs.

It looks as if the Yankees would have to buy their own stockings this season.

The Yankees took the lead in the second game in the fifth inning. Peckinpaugh walked and Hal Williams skied out to Moeller. Truesdale singled to right, but "Peck" was held at second. Fritzie Maisel banked a two-bagger to left, scoring Peckinpaugh and Truesdale.

Washington quickly took that two-run conceit out of the Yanks. In the fifth, with one out, Morgan walked and so did McBride. A. Williams singled and scored Morgan. Gossett, batting for Joe Engle, forced McBride at third. Moeller's single scored Williams, and Foster's bang to right sent Smith home with the lead.

Doctor Wyatt Yancey Ayers succeeded Joe Engle and the Yankees started a little rally on the "Doc" in the sixth, which was squelched just about in time by a fast double play. All double plays are fast, presumably.

In the first part of the ninth Foster singled, stole second, and went to third on Milan's demise at first. Foster tallied on Howard Shanks's single to left.

Cook walked, inaugurating the Yank rally. Walsh got an infield hit, and Nunamaker, batting for Gossett, smashed a single to right, scoring Cook. Peckinpaugh punched a fly liner at Foster and Nunamaker was doubled before he could climb back to first base. Hal Williams skied to Moeller, thus terminating the turmoil. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, rf.	1	1	1	0	0
Foster, 3b.	3	0	1	1	0
Milan, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
G'dil, 1b.	4	0	1	11	2
Sh'ks, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
M'gan, 2b.	4	0	1	2	3
McB'e, ss.	3	0	0	2	4
Henry, c.	3	0	0	5	1
Shaw, p.	3	1	2	2	4
Total.	32	2	6	27	14

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'sel, 3b.	3	0	0	1	2
H'tz'l, lf.	4	0	1	5	0
Cook, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Walsh, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Walsh, c.	3	0	1	3	1
P'p'gh, ss.	4	0	1	1	1
W'ms, 1b.	4	0	1	10	1
T'dale, 2b.	3	0	0	2	3
C'well, p.	4	0	0	1	2
Total.	33	0	4	27	10

Washington	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hit—Morgan. Home run—Shaw. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh, Maisel. Cook. Left on bases—New York, 9; Washington, 4. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 1; off Shaw, 3. Struck out—By Caldwell, 1; by Shaw, 5. Wild pitch—Shaw. Passed ball—Henry. Time of game—Two hours and three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Hildebrand.

SECOND GAME.

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moel'r, rf.	5	0	2	3	0
Fost'r, 3b.	5	1	2	1	1
Milan, cf.	5	0	1	2	0
Gandil, 1b.	5	0	1	7	4
Shanks, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
M'g'n, 2b.	4	2	2	2	1
M'B'de, ss.	2	0	0	5	3
A. W'ms, c.	4	1	2	9	0
Engel, p.	2	0	0	0	2
*Smith	1	0	0	0	0
Ayres, p.	1	0	1	1	0
Total.	38	5	12	27	15

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maisel, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3
H'tz'l, lf.	2	0	1	1	0
Cook, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Walsh, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Gossett, c.	2	0	0	7	0
†Nu'm'k'r,	1	0	1	0	0
P'k'gh, ss.	3	1	0	1	3
H. W'ms, 1b.	4	0	0	10	1
Tr'd'le, 2b.	2	1	1	1	2
Keat'g, p.	3	0	0	1	3
Total.	35	2	5	27	12

*Batted for Engel in the sixth inning.
†Batted for Gossett in the ninth inning.

Errors—A. Williams, Hartzell, Truesdale, Keating.

Washington	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	1—5
New York	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1—3

First base on errors—New York, 1; Washington, 1. Two-base hits—Milan, Maisel. Sacrifice hit—Shanks. Stolen bases—Hartzell, Foster. Left on bases—New York, 4; Washington, 10. Double plays—McBride and Gandil; Foster and Gandil. Bases on balls—Off Keating, 3; off Engel, 3; off Ayres, 1. Struck out—By Keating, 5; by Ayres, 3. Wild pitch—Engel. Hits—Off Engel, 3 in five innings; off Ayres, 2 in four innings. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

Athletics Win Two in Boston.

BOSTON, June 3.—Philadelphia won two games from Boston today, the first 10 to 1 and the second 7 to 5. Thirty-two hits were made by the Athletics in the two games. The first game was won in the fourth inning when Philadelphia bunched three singles and a double, netting three runs. The slugging continued in the fifth, the first five men to face Collins getting safe hits, and these, with a sacrifice and a double, added five more runs. Wyckoff was invincible in all except the fifth inning, when three Boston hits scored their only run.

Both teams hit freely in the second game. Extra base cracks by Collins and McInnis, however, gave the Athletics the winning runs. In the first game Thomas, Boston's catcher, was hit on the mouth by a thrown ball and forced to retire. The score:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'phy, rf.	5	1	2	1	0
Old'ng, lf.	5	1	3	2	0
Collins, 2b.	5	1	2	2	1
Baker, 3b.	5	1	2	2	0
McIn's, 1b.	5	1	2	8	1
Strunk, cf.	3	2	2	4	0
Barry, ss.	4	0	1	2	4
Schang, c.	3	1	3	6	3
Wyckoff, p.	4	0	1	0	4
Total.	39	10	18	27	13

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf.	3	0	2	1	0
Cooper, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Scott, ss.	2	0	1	3	4
Spiker, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Chase, 1b.	3	1	0	9	0
Janv'n, 1b.	3	0	1	7	0
Gard'r, 3b.	1	0	0	0	0
Engel, 3b.	2	0	0	0	2
Yerkes, 2b.	4	0	1	7	4
Thomas, c.	0	0	0	1	0
Cady, c.	3	1	1	3	2
Collins, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Hen'k'n, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
Total.	29	1	6	27	13

Error—Speaker.

Philadelphia	0	1	0	3	5	0	0	1	0—10
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits—Schang, 2; Yerkes. Hits—Off Collins, 15 in 5 innings; off Cooper, 3 in 4 innings. Sacrifice hits—Strunk, Barry. Stolen bases—Murphy, Scott, Cady. Double plays—Scott, Yerkes and Janvrin, 2. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Boston, 8. First base on balls—Off Wyckoff, 7; off Cooper, 2. Struck out—By Wyckoff, 5; by Collins, 1; by Cooper, 1. Wild pitch—Wyckoff. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Sheridan.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'rp'y, rf.	4	1	0	2	0
Old'g, lf.	5	1	3	1	0
Col'ns, 2b.	4	2	2	5	3
Baker, 3b.	4	0	2	1	1
M'lin's, 1b.	5	0	2	8	0
Str'nk, cf.	4	1	1	3	0
Barry, ss.	3	1	0	2	7
Lapp, c.	5	0	1	5	1
Cronin, p.	1	0	0	0	0
W'man, p.	4	0	1	1	5
Total.	41	7	9	27	12

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hoop'r, rf.	4	0	2	2	0
Scott, ss.	4	0	0	2	4
Engle, 1b.	1	0	0	1	0
Sp'ker, cf.	5	2	3	3	1
Lewis, lf.	5	0	2	3	0
J'v'n, 1b, ss.	5	0	0	7	2
G'd'n'r, 3b.	5	1	2	1	0
York's, 2b.	4	1	1	5	2
Cady, c.	3	0	1	3	0
Car'g'n, c.	0	0	0	0	0
Bedient, p.	2	1	0	0	3
Co'mbe, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Hen'ksen.	1	0	0	0	0
†Reng	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	39	5	12	27	16

*Batted for Cady in eighth inning.
†Batted for Bedient in eighth inning.

Errors—Collins, Scott, (2,) Speaker, Bedient.

Philadelphia	0	2	3	0	0	0	1	1	0—7
Boston	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0—5

Two-base hits—Oldring, Collins, (2,) McInnis, (2,) Hooper, Speaker. Three-base hit—Gardner. Hits—Off Bedient, 8 in eight innings; off Coumbe, none in one inning. Sacrifice hit—Barry. Stolen bases—Speaker, (2,) Lewis, Oldring. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 10; Boston, 10. Bases on balls—Off Shawkey, 1; off Bedient, 4; off Coumbe, 1. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. Struck out—By Shawkey, 5; by Bedient, 3. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Sheridan.

At Chicago.

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold, cf.	4	0	1	4	0
H'ford, ss.	4	1	1	2	3
Olson, ss.	1	1	1	0	0
Graney, lf.	5	0	1	3	0
Jack'n, rf.	4	1	1	3	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	2	3	2
J'ston, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0
Turner, 3b.	3	0	0	1	2
O'Neill, c.	3	0	0	7	0
*Lelivelt	1	0	1	0	0
†Billings	0	1	0	0	0
Carisch, c.	0	0	0	3	0
James, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Steen, p.	3	1	1	0	5
Total.	38	6	11	30	12

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Weaver, ss.	5	0	2	3	1
L'burn, 2b.	3	0	0	0	0
Dem'tt, lf.	4	0	0	1	1
Collins, rf.	4	0	0	5	0
Chase, 1b.	3	1	1	6	0
Bodie, cf.	3	1	2	4	0
Schalk, c.	2	0	0	9	1
Alcock, 3b.	4	0	0	1	5
Cicotte, p.	4	0	0	0	2
Total.	31	2	4	30	9

*Batted for O'Neill in tenth inning.
†Ran for Lelivelt in the tenth inning.

Errors—O'Neill, Cicotte.

Cleveland	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4—6
Chicago	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Lajoie, Johnston, Graney. Hits—Off James, none in one and one-third innings; off Steen, 4 in eight and two-thirds innings. Sacrifice hits—Blackburn, 2; Schalk, Turner. Stolen bases—Graney, Lajoie. Left on base—Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 7. Bases on balls—Off James, 2; off Steen, 1; off Cicotte, 1. Hit by pitcher—By James, (Schalk;) by Steen, (Jammitt.) Struck out—By Cicotte, 6; by Steen, 4. Time of game—Two hours and twelve minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

At Detroit.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'ten, cf.	3	2	1	3	0
How'd, 3b.	3	0	1	2	1
Pratt, 2b.	3	1	1	3	4
Miller, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
C. W'r, lf.	4	2	1	2	0
Leary, 1b.	4	2	3	11	1
Wares, ss.	2	0	0	1	1
Agnew, c.	3	0	1	2	0
Groom, p.	1	0	0	0	0
W'man, p.	4	0	1	1	5
Total.	31	7	9	27	12

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	4	0	2	1	3
High, lf.	5	0	0	2	0
H'man, cf.	5	0	0	1	1
Cobb, rf.	4	0	0	0	0
K'v'gh, 2b.	4	0	1	0	1
Burns, 1b.	4	0	2	14	0
Mor'ty, 3b.	3	0	0	1	2
Stanage, c.	4	0	1	5	1
O'Leary, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Reyn'ds, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Boehler, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Purcell	1	0	0	0	0
‡Baker	0	1	0	0	0
‡Dubue	1	0	1	0	0
§McKee	0	0

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1914.

DR. BUTLER ON LIBERTY.

We print in another column the address of President BUTLER of Columbia to the army of graduates yesterday. We need hardly ask for it the respectful attention of our readers, since that they are accustomed to pay to anything that Dr. BUTLER says on an occasion like this. In this address, however, there is a directness, a sober force, a simplicity and impressiveness of statement more marked than usual. It is a plain statement of what the Doctor regards as a characteristic of the present time which he believes should be clearly understood and should be contested. This is the tendency toward regulation and restriction through the exercise of the legislative power to an extent and in directions that hamper the best activities and distort the aims of the citizen.

Especially sound is the definition by Dr. BUTLER of the three ways—the selfish, the institutional, and the rational and ethical—by which each individual is to be measured by his service to his fellows. When he declares that the principle that "he that loseth his life shall find it" is "alike "the last word of ethical philosophy "and the supreme appeal of Christian "morals," his words find an echo in the best and most generous minds of the generation. It is indeed well that they should be presented to the young men and women who enter on the serious work of life from the halls of the university.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION LAW.

Less than three weeks now remain before the workmen's compensation law, which was finally passed on March 14, goes into effect. Previous to that time, however, arrangements can be made for compliance with its requirements, and the commission having charge of the administration of the law is preparing for these. The general aim and framework of the law are relatively simple, but the organization and detailed working of it will necessarily take some time, and some confusion will probably ensue.

The law applies to forty-two specified groups of industries which are treated as particularly hazardous, but it is the intention of the advocates of the law to secure at the next session of the Legislature an extension to remaining industries. It would not be surprising, however, if the difficulties met in the near future should prevent this. The law has two chief objects. One is to impose payment for injuries according to rates of compensation declared in the law. The other is to provide security for these payments, mainly by insurance. The rates of compensation fixed in the statute are considerably higher than in some other States, and especially higher than those existing in neighboring States. A very important element in the operation of the law, therefore, will be the effect on industries that can with reasonable ease be transferred, and on the prosperity of industries that yield so small a profit that the added burden may be too much for them to bear. This, of course, can only be ascertained by experience, but many well-informed observers think that the experience may be seriously unfavorable.

As to security for the payment of compensation according to the legal rates, three methods are provided. The first is by insuring and keeping insured in the State fund. This is a fund created by premiums which are fixed by the State Commission. Insurance in it has the advantage that the employer who insures in it "becomes relieved from all liability." The second method is through "a "stock corporation or mutual asso-"ciation authorized to transact the "business of workingmen's compen-"sation insurance in this State." The third method is by furnishing satisfactory proof to the commission of the employer's ability to pay such compensation himself, in which case the commission may, in its discretion, require the deposit of securities prescribed by the insurance law in an amount to be determined by the commission. It is obvious that the law is intended to bring as much insurance as possible to the State fund. The administration of this fund, the determination of the premiums, the actuarial work needed to meet all obligations, will impose a difficult and complex task, the outcome of which is yet doubtful. But the experiment is to be made, and there is no question that in one form or another the principle of compensation for injuries as an integral part of the expenditures of industry will be generally applied.

THE TRAFFIC POLICE.

The bill permitting the increase of this city's traffic squad of policemen from 550 to a maximum of 1,000 was signed by the Mayor and the Governor to meet a public need. Does Police Commissioner WOODS realize this?

Motor car drivers are violating the requirement that when a surface car stops they shall either give the car eight feet clearance or halt their machines. The violations occur at many points where traffic policemen are stationed, and they occur more frequently where there are no traffic police. The doubling of the ratio of street accidents to population—vehicles killed forty-five persons last month—has taken place, for the most part, at dangerous corners unguarded by the traffic force.

Commissioner WOODS may observe these conditions for himself if he will. They are substantiated by the records of the National Highways Protective Society. More traffic men are needed. More motor-cycle police to overtake speeders are demanded. Mr. WOODS's prime duty is to protect the lives of the public.

"SAFETY FIRST" FOR THE SUBWAY.

In the construction of terminals railways are accustomed to do the work themselves if it is necessary to do it without stopping traffic. The reason is that railways cannot delegate the operation of their trains and cannot shift the responsibility for the safety of their passengers. With two sorts of work going on in the same place it is imperative that there should be no division of superintendence or of responsibility, both for the prevention of accidents. Yet for the sake of a difference of $46,472 between bids the Public Service Commission considers awarding the contract for the Times Square link in the subway to a bidder other than the operator of the trains. The lower bidder is highly considered, but it will be necessary for him to file a bond to an amount tenfold the difference between the bids to assure the safety of the passengers and property of the subway operator. The fact of the necessity of the bond is an admission of conditions which ought not to be allowed.

The convenience of the users of the streets is worth considering as well as the lives of the passengers. The subway construction company has another contract so near that both contracts could be executed with a single shaft in the streets. Two contractors would make necessary two shafts in a spot where a single shaft will be a great nuisance. In the subway alone there is an average of nearly 2,000 passengers a minute, and above their heads is a constant stream of wheeled and foot traffic, with not a second's intermission. The position that $46,472 should be weighed against the disturbance and danger of such traffic through weeks and months cannot be maintained to be in the public interest.

It may be a delicate matter for the Board of Estimate to intervene within the province of the Public Service Commission, but there is a double chance of averting the error of judgment. The Public Service Commission might prevent the occasion arising by exercising a sound discretion against awarding the contract to the lower bidder under such conditions, as the law allows, and the Board of Estimate might withhold the funds for such a contract until reconsideration of the subject from a standpoint of "safety first" rather than economy.

CONGRESS AND "LABOR."

It cannot be said that the debate in the House of Representatives upon what "labor" calls its "bill of rights" gave clarity and certainty to the Magna Charta of the unions. On the one hand it was affirmed that the new trust bill gave labor nothing which it did not already possess. In that case there would be universal approval. In no quarter is there any disposition to lessen human rights, or even the rights of unions as they exist, whatever they are. On the other hand it was declared that the bill gave labor such privileges as no class should wish, and which could not be sustained if enacted. In that case labor would naturally be disappointed, or, from its point of view, defrauded.

President WILSON did not share the doubts expressed during the debate. With a simplicity and benevolence worthy of admiration, he declared that the amendment did not give labor privilege against prosecution if labor broke the anti-trust law. The words were hardly published in the morning newspapers before the House continued its programme and specified the acts for which labor is not to be prosecuted, or enjoined from committing. They are strikes, peaceful picketing, peaceful persuading of persons to work or to quit work, boycotts, the payment of strike benefits, and peaceful assemblage; "nor shall any acts "specified in this paragraph be con-"strued or held to be unlawful."

Some of these acts now are lawful. Peaceful picketing and persuasion are lawful, although Judges have said that there are no such things in practice. Peaceful assemblage is lawful, but labor has its own ideas of what peaceful assemblage means. They differ from the ideas of many citizens and some Judges, but it can hardly be doubted that labor now has in this language strengthened its position on doubtful points. There is no doubt at all about boycotting. The Anthracite Commission which settled the coal strike in the manner recommended for the Colorado strike said that the boycott was worse than war, since it respects neither age nor sex, and knows no restraints of its brutality. The boycott is now legalized so far as the House can legalize it. And the President faces the prospect of another signature which it will embarrass him either to append or to withhold.

MISS DAVIS'S CRUSADE.

Because a bad practice is old and hoary it cannot be stopped, is not the creed of Dr. KATHARINE B. DAVIS, Commissioner of Correction. Among the corrupting evil communications in the Tombs and the Workhouse she has stopped the purveying of habit-forming drugs. "Pin money" amounting to $5,000 a year will no longer be taken in on Blackwell's Island. Both there and in the Tombs Miss DAVIS has organized her own efficient detective force.

Ending the intramural drug traffic only begins the work. The victims of the habit-forming agents should not be in jail, but in hospitals under treatment. The abrupt denial of the drugs may occasion agonies without a cure. The villainous drug-store trade that makes "dope" fiends of schoolgirls is being checked by the vigorous work of the detectives under Commissioner WOODS. That is real prevention. We have no doubt that Miss DAVIS is doing what she can to lighten the sufferings of those in her charge who are already enmeshed in the habit.

CAMPAIGNING HERE AND ABROAD.

For some reason Americans usually allow to go by default the charge of Europeans that their methods of political campaigning are on a lower plane than those of their critics. Of the indictments of our manners and our morals from across the sea this is among the commonest. The truth is exactly opposite. Our methods are none too high, but they do not descend to the level of those in any of the leading countries of Europe.

A case in point is the dragging into a scandal of the wife of President POINCARE for political purposes. Such a weapon in political warfare could not be successfully used in the United States, and there was no time in the last thirty years when it could have been. Any party which should circulate a slander, or even a true charge, against the morals of an adversary's wife would reap its reward in ruin. It would arouse the moral sense of the people, but not against the person assailed. "Mud-slinging" is a favorite epithet to apply to our campaigns, but compared with the European product our mud is snow.

It is possible that the tradition of our political rowdiness is a legacy from our Martin Chuzzlewit days, and that when we first incurred that reputation our methods really were more vulgar than in the democracies of Europe, then not so numerous or so practiced in democracy as they are now. If so, we have steadily progressed and they have descended. If a scene of turbulence occurs in a European Parliament, it is usually described as "one worthy of the American Congress." But in the American Congress no such scenes would be possible, or even thinkable, as are not infrequent in the Parliaments of France, Austria, and even England. One must go back fifty years in the House of Representatives to find a parallel for such scenes as have been witnessed more than once in the House of Commons in recent times. It is difficult, too, for an American to read without astonishment of the English way of holding mass meetings, the insulting interruptions, the howling down of speakers. It offends his sense of decency.

There are several things that they do better abroad. Running a political campaign, however, is not one of them. We may not be very proud of our politics, but when we glance across the water we can feel encouraged at the progress we have made.

A SOCIALIST CLIMBER.

In his attempts to get himself conspicuously before the public Mr. UPTON SINCLAIR is not a true Socialist; he is an individualist, and of the wrong kind. His "butting in" before the Congressional Commission on Industrial Relations met with rebuff. The Commissioners would not hear him. He has ceased to plan invasions of churches. What next will he do?

We commend to him the counsel of the eminent writer of "A Tale of a Tub." For one whose ambition is to press, squeeze, thrust, and climb in order that he may be heard, Dean SWIFT points to three machines of exaltation, to wit, the pulpit, the ladder, and the stage itinerant. Warned by the fate of the Rev. BOUCK WHITE, Mr. SINCLAIR shuns pulpits that are not his. A writer of very realistic novels, and therefore better qualified than the ordinary law-givers in matters of government, he passes unhesitatingly under the ladder of distinction reared before the Industrial Relations Commission. The stage itinerant remains. Would not the manager of a vaudeville circuit close a contract with the Silent Mourner? Where Dr. COOK succeeded, can SINCLAIR fail?

MOVING-PICTURE CLASSICS.

Red men who scalp, howl, gamble, thieve, murder, and burn have no place in the "movies." Such depictions are an insult to the civilized American Indians, who are now in the majority, and, as Assistant Curator SKINNER of the American Museum of Natural History protested in these columns yesterday, they ignore the hundreds of innocent religious and tribal ceremonies that in the old picturesque days beautified the lives of the red men. Before making such plays competent authorities on Indian life like Mr. SKINNER and Gen. HUGH L. SCOTT should be consulted.

The "filming" of LONGFELLOW'S "Hiawatha," which is one of the few moving picture classics, showed that the public was anxious to see the old Indian legends properly depicted. The producers are realizing large profits on enterprises that employ the best stage managers who require careful and tasteful workmanship. Mr. W. STEPHEN BUSH, editor of The Motion Picture World, testifies that derision changed to respect, and even to reverence, when the picture play of the "Inferno," in which every part was taken by a Dante scholar, became rapidly popular and lucrative. The period of crassness in this new art is near its close.

The discoveries of Dr. PEYTON ROUS and Dr. LINDA B. LANGE of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, that different kinds of cancer in fowls may have a single cause, transferable by inoculation, are the latest in the history of the scientific siege of a horrible disease. The characters of the agent found, Dr. ROUS wrote two years ago, "are those which we associate with micro-organisms." The identification of a germ of cancer, even if it is one of several strains, would be the first great triumph toward its ultimate conquest.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

His Claim to Fame Recognized.

Honorary degrees are not awarded by our universities either as carelessly or as irrelevantly to their meaning as was once too nearly the custom at too many seats of learning. The present practice is almost always to make them the significant rewards for real scholarship and service, and it was well illustrated yesterday at Columbia, where, of the many honorary degrees given, all were to men of obvious desert in the fields to which the degree placed after their names referred.

Some spectators of the ceremony noted with interest that it was when Dr. BUTLER explained why Columbia had conferred the degree of Doctor of Science upon Prof. ARISTIDES AGRAMONTE that the applause was longer and louder than was that given to men whose eminence is much more familiar to this public. A Columbia graduate in medicine, Prof. AGRAMONTE returned to his home in Cuba with such a reputation as an exponent of the latest medical science that when the Yellow Fever Commission was appointed by our army of occupation he was made a member of it and took efficient part in winning what is probably the most brilliant victory over a deadly disease that is recorded in medical history.

Of that commission Prof. AGRAMONTE is now the only survivor. An "immune" at the time, he did not incur all the dangers to which his associates were subjected, but by his work he fully earned his share of the glory achieved, and it was most gratifying to see that the people gathered for the commencement exercises yesterday recognized with such sincere enthusiasm what great things the members of that heroic commission did for the world.

They "experimented on human beings," to use the phrase considered so dreadful by the anti-vivisectionists. By so experimenting on themselves and others they conquered yellow fever for all time, saved innumerable lives, and, just incidentally, made for themselves immortality in the annals of science.

Secrecy Has Its Penalties.

All the usual effects of an effort to conceal and hush up matters that are of public concern can be seen in the magnification which has now been given to a miserable little scandal affecting two officers on the President's yacht.

Had action on this petty infraction of discipline taken the usual course—that is, had the matter been promptly subjected to the ordinary investigation, and had the culprits been treated as they would have been had not their punishment been held somehow to involve the honor of the service—then the episode would have attracted far less attention than it is certain to do in the present circumstances. By all except those directly concerned it would have been forgotten within a week. Now it will make a vast amount of talk, and there will be most unpleasant, though probably unjust, comment on the special consideration that seemingly was shown for offenders with wealth and social influence to protect them.

A curious feature of the episode is that presented by the Mayflower's sailors who took the trouble to report to the Secretary of the Navy violations of the regulations that were of a kind which sailors are not expected to view with—well, with a particular horror. There is something of mystery in that—as yet. It can safely be assumed that a full explanation will come in due time.

Behind that mystery must lie grievances, and unless it is soon cleared up the cynical and suspicious will conclude that there still remains concealed a scandal rather worse than is constituted by a supper that was too gay and lasted too long.

Neglecting Eastern Opportunities.

Well deserved attention has been called by the Boston Chamber of Commerce to the fact that in New England there is a vast amount of land that only needs intelligent cultivation to give profits surprising indeed to those who are accustomed to think of the soil in that part of the country as "abandoned" because "exhausted."

Much of this land can be bought for less than the price of a city lot, while in a family of three generations work will be present fertility is inferior to that of the better reputed land of the Middle and Far West, the difference is far less than that between the prices at which the two are held. And a fraction of that difference spent for commercial fertilizers will usually make the Eastern land the better of the two.

Even the "natural" advantages are by no means all with the Western farms, since the latter lack the greatest of all superiorities—quick and cheap accessibility to the insatiable markets of innumerable manufacturing towns.

In fruit farming especially can, or at least could, the East hold its own with the West, and more than hold it. The New England apples may not be as beautiful as those of California or Oregon, but, with all due consideration for Pacific Coast sensibilities, they are better eating, and the predestinate consumer gets them as ripened on the trees instead of in a refrigerator car. The same thing can be said of many other fruits, large and small, but the conviction that Eastern farmers cannot compete with those of the West is only just beginning to weaken.

A Plea for Freedom.

One of our readers asks relief from the cruel pain which he claims to suffer whenever he sees in print, as he often does, such a misuse of the word "but" as is contained in locutions like "Few doubt but that mistakes have been made" and "Few question but that Mr. Wilson" is or does something or other.

We sympathize mildly with this sufferer, for the "but" in these phrases perhaps is at best superfluous, and, strictly speaking, probably it is wrong. Yet we are moved to ask, "Why speak strictly?" and to proclaim that superfluity is not a linguistic crime.

This usage of "but" wouldn't be as common as it is if it did not give an emphasis, the need of which is often felt by decent and fairly literate people. Whoever doesn't like it has the best of rights to seek other forms of expression that please him better, but in language whatever is must be right and obscurity is the one deadly sin.

Grammarians, like lexicographers, are recorders, not dictators, and their rules are of straw, not of iron. When somebody told Victor Hugo that a certain phrase in his last book was "not French," he coolly said, "It is now." Not all of us can do that, of course, but a little courage in saying what we choose, as we choose, is a virtue almost always. Anyhow it is better than slavish obedience to "authority," for the authorities often disagree and a good many of them are absurdly fussy about trifles much lighter than air.

THE "TELESEME."

A Suggested Name for the Invention Described by Dr. Low.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In response to your call for a name for the invention of Dr. Low, which promises to do for the eye what the telephone does for the ear, I offer teleseme, if not already appropriated, as seems to be the case, since it does not appear in the last edition of Webster. It seems inevitable that new terms should be made out of Greek; and preferable that they be homogenecus, accurate, and convenient. Three syllables appear to be the favorite length.

As selenium is the material whose properties make the instrument possible, selenoscope would answer if it were not so long; and perhaps it would more properly name an instrument for watching the moon, (selene.) Any combination with the stem of selenium is open to that objection, such as selenore or selenopt, and selenide already names a salt.

So one is naturally thrown back to the tele- combinations. Telescope is already preempted. Telephane would be perfect (see Odyss, 24, 83; Pindar, Fr. 95, 7,) if it were not so easily confused with telephone. Combinations with the "see" roots are awkward, (telerame, telopt, telice.) But teleseme is distinctive, a fair length, and we already use both elements, as in semaphore, telegram. Sema means visible sign.

WM. ALLAIRE SHORTT.

New York, June 1, 1914.

The Cry of the Middle Class.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not time for our thinking men and women and influential newspapers and magazines to take up the cause of the middle class and work for the interest of those who are the greatest sufferers and the greatest in number?

We, who form the middle class, have done no injury to the country. We have used no dynamite to blow up buildings, bridges, and railways. We have not taken up arms against the State and Federal authorities. We have not intimidated the President, Governors, and Legislators, or men in authority.

If it were not for the ninety-eight per cent. of the population, what would the union labor do for their living?

The present Administration and Congress have gone mad on the labor question, as if that was all expected of them.

HAGOP BOGIGIAN.

Boston, Mass., June 2, 1914.

Negroes Who Pose as Targets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With all due respect to the Yukon Indian, Walter Harper, who created a small sensation at Coney Island on Sunday by his strength, ability to draw maps in the sand, and his great marksmanship, I would like to say (and there are many others who will agree with me,) that no respect whatsoever can be given the negro who earns his living by allowing people to hit the disk under him and "give him a ducking."

Personally, I think he needs something more severe than a "ducking." Negroes have a very difficult time in this country to gain and keep the respect of their fellowmen, and when a member of a race of people that are trying to uplift themselves is so undignified as to earn his daily bread by allowing others to make him ridiculous, that person is a disgrace to the race to which he belongs.

CHARLES WALFORD BRONSONN.

New York, June 1, 1914.

A Progressive Clergyman.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial comment on the question of the attitude of the Church toward Sunday sports brings to my mind the action of a certain pastor in a Long Island town not a hundred miles from Broadway. Believing that the men of his parish owe it to their religion to attend service on Sunday morning, and also that they have the right to seek recreation in the open on their one day of leisure, he has covenanted with them to this effect:

In return for their regular attendance at church, he agrees to begin service at 10 and conclude it at not later than 11 o'clock, and to permit them to attend in their golf clothes, in order that after the service they may have ample time for eighteen holes before luncheon. The result seems to be satisfactory from his as well as their point of view.

New York, June 1, 1914. R.

Col. Roosevelt Needed in Mexico.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the plan to create a commission which will re-establish order in Mexico, the proposition that Mexicans alone are to serve on the commission robs the plan of all the good that is in it. The United States, England, Germany, and France, but chiefly the United States, should be represented on such commission. Col. Roosevelt would make a good American member. He would be the ideal President of the commission. The Mexicans respect men of his type. Why not try him?

MAX B. SCHMIDT.

New York, June 2, 1914.

NEW WATCHWORDS OF TODAY

Are Regulation and Restriction, Not Liberty, Dr. Butler Tells Columbia Students.

[President Nicholas Murray Butler's Commencement Address at Columbia University Yesterday.]

It is a matter of no small concern to those who leave this university today for the purpose of entering upon the active work of life, to realize what ideas and purposes are just now dominant in the minds of men and how these differ from those that have gone before. In the evolution of human ideas a curious cycle is observable. Beliefs and tendencies that have once appeared and that have been rejected or outgrown tend to reappear, sometimes in a new guise, with all the freshness of youth, and they are then acclaimed by those unfamiliar with their history as symbols of an advancing civilization. Probably the greatest waste recorded anywhere in human history is that which results from the attempt to do over again that which has once been done and found disappointing or harmful. If the study of history were more real and more vital than it is ordinarily made, and if it showed ideas, tendencies and institutions in their unfolding and orderly development, and if the lessons of history so studied were really learned and hearkened to, the world would be saved an almost infinite amount of loss, of suffering, and of discouragement.

When this college was young the word that rose oftenest and instinctively to the lips was liberty. Men were then everywhere seeking for ways and means to throw off trammels which had been placed upon them by institutions of long standing, but which were found to hamper them at every turn and to hem them in on every side. Liberty in those days meant not one thing, but many things. It meant freedom of conscience, of speech, and of the press; it meant participation in the acts of government and in the choice of governing agents; it meant freedom to move about over the world, to seek one's own fortune under strange skies and in foreign lands, there to live the life that one's own mind and conscience selected as most suitable. Liberty was then the watchword, not in the New World alone by any means, but in the Old World as well, and particularly in France, which has so often pointed the way of advance in the march of ideas. Standing in his place in the convention during the fateful Spring of 1793, Robespierre pronounced this definition of liberty, which is almost the best of its kind: "Liberty is the power which of right belongs to every man to use all his faculties as he may choose. Its rule is justice; its limits are the rights of others; its principles are drawn from Nature itself; its protector is the law." Whatever judgment may be passed upon Robespierre's conduct, certainly his thought on this fundamental question of liberty was clear and sound.

But during the years that have passed we have moved far away from this view of what is important in life. There has grown up, not alone in America, but throughout the world, an astonishingly widespread belief in the value of regulation and restriction not only as a substitute for liberty, but directly in opposition to it. That against which the leaders of the race revolted a century and more ago is now pressed upon us in another form as a desirable end at which to aim. Not liberty, but regulation and restriction are the watchwords of today, and they are made so in what is sincerely believed to be the greater public interest. John Stuart Mill, in his classic essay "On Liberty," saw and described these tendencies nearly fifty years ago, but even his clear vision did not foresee the length to which restrictions on liberty have now been carried.

Just as the driving force of an engine is to be found in the steam chest and not in the brake, so the driving force in civilization will be found in liberty and not in restriction. The cycle will, in due time and after a colossal waste of energy and of accomplishment, complete itself, and liberty will once more displace regulation and restriction as the dominant idea in the minds of men. It is worth your while to take note, therefore, that while liberty is not now in the foreground of human thinking and human action, it cannot long be kept out of the place which of right and of necessity belongs to it.

The only logical and legitimate restriction upon liberty is that which is drawn from the like liberty of others. That men may live together in family, in society, and in the State, liberty must be so self-disciplined and so self-controlled that it avoids even the appearance of license or of tyranny.

There are three possible ways of viewing and of stating the relationship between the individual and the group or mass of which he forms a part.

In the first place, each individual may be regarded as an end in himself whose purposes are to be accomplished at all hazards and quite regardless of what happens to his fellows. This is that extreme form of individualism which has always ended, and must always end, in physical conflict, in cruel bloodshed, in violent anarchy, and in the triumph of brute force. It does not provide a soil in which ideas can flourish.

In the second place, each individual may be regarded as a mere nothing, a negligible quantity, while the group or mass, with its traditions, its beliefs, and its rituals, is exalted to the place of honor and almost of worship. The logical and necessary result of this view has always been, and must always be, from the standpoint of human accomplishment in institutions, stagnation, powerlessness, and failure. It is this view of life which has from time immemorial held so many of the great peoples of the Orient in its grip and which has set them in sharp contrast with the active and advancing life of the West for nearly two thousand years past.

The third view of the relationship of the individual man to the group or mass is the one that I would press upon you as offering the fullest measure of individual happiness and achievement and the greatest amount of public good. It stands between the philosophy of self-assertion, of disorder, of brute force, and of anarchy on the one hand, and the stagnation of an unprogressive civilization on the other. It is the view which emphasizes the individual to the utmost, but which finds the conception of each individual's personality and accomplishment in his relations to his fellows and in his service to his kind. "He that loseth his life shall find it" is alike the last word of ethical philosophy and the supreme appeal of Christian morals. The enrichment and the development of the individual, in order, not that he may acquire, but that he may give; in order, not that he may antagonize, but that he may conciliate; in order, not that he may overcome and trample under foot, but that he may help and serve—this, as distinguished from the philosophy of disorder on the one hand and the philosophy of stagnation on the other, I call the constructive philosophy of the institutional life. It is built upon human individuality as a cornerstone and a foundation. The higher and loftier the structure rises, the more plainly it points upward, the heavier is the burden that the foundation bears and the greater is its service to God and to man.

CAUSE OF HIGH PRICES

Lies Chiefly in Poor Distribution, Says Cyrus Miller.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The report of the Merchants' Association's Industrial Bureau which appeared in your issue of June 1, 1914, entitled "Cost of Living Not High Here," assures us that the cost of living is not high in New York because it is higher in some other places. It reminds me of the man who assured another who complained of toothache that his toothache could not be painful because other people had it also. High prices come from crude and wasteful methods of distribution of food products in the cities. New York is not the only city which suffers from this cause. The sharp difference between the retail prices which the consumer pays and the prices which the producer or even the wholesaler receives, shows that too much increment is added to the price by present methods of distribution.

As the purchaser cannot afford to pay more than a certain price the wasteful charge is taken from the price paid the producer. It is of no benefit to the middleman nor to any one along the line of distribution, but it discourages the producer, who refuses to produce, which results in a general plane of high prices throughout the country.

CYRUS C. MILLER.

New York, June 2, 1914.

Dangerous Street Games.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Kindly permit me to say a few words against baseball playing in our public streets—a dangerous game to passersby. And a worse game is the one called "cat"—properly tip-cat. When the puck of the "cat" goes flying through the air it is liable to put out an eye or break the teeth or nose of a citizen pedestrian. As to broken windows, broken street lamps, and scared horses made into dangerous runaways by baseball and tip-cat illegally played in the city streets the record, if it could ever be made, would be enormous. Loss of life is frequent from these accidents which the police and some fathers call natural accidents of life. I call them otherwise.

OLIVER FITCH MOORE.

New York, June 2, 1914.

THE WAKING.

Bright sun-kissed hills and clearly shining sky,
With fleecy driftings o'er the spreading blue;
The old tree garlanded in foliage new,
The robin's message and the wood dove's sigh.
Within the grove the violet's upraised face,
The rare arbutus and anemone;
The verdant vines that fondly interlace
Their maiden tendrils in true ecstasy.
Along the winding of the mountain stream
Fond, eager faces, laughter, clear and sweet;
Youth with its joy, its innocence, its dream,
In happy meeting at the old oak's feet.
Soft o'er the wood the echoing sound of mirth;
The Springtime waking of the sleeping earth.

LURANA SHELDON.

SAYS BREITUNG WAS HARSH.

Kleist Asserts Wife's Parents Used Severe Measures to Regain Her.

Max Frederich Kleist, who has started a suit for $250,000 against Edward N. Breitung, the banker and mine owner, and Mrs. Breitung for alienating the affections of his wife, Mrs. Juliet Breitung Kleist, said yesterday that he had received many letters and messages from his wife which showed that she had been deeply in love with him and that her parents had used harsh measures to extinguish her affection for him.

In an interview in Chicago on Sunday Mr. Breitung was reported to have said that he had urged his daughter to go back to Kleist, but that she had refused to do so. His daughter, he said, now valued Kleist at 2 cents, Mr. Breitung's own estimate of him.

Kleist, who made his statement yesterday in the office of his lawyer, Joseph A. Shay, is 23 years old. He seemed to have recovered from the damage he said his health suffered, from working in a mine at Mogollon, N. M., where he asserted he was induced to go by Mr. Breitung after his marriage.

"In the first place," said Kleist, "I want to deny that I am a gardener. I was never a gardener. When I met my wife I was a coachman on the estate of Austin Farrell, which adjoins Mr. Breitung's. After our marriage, my wife went back to her parents because it was to be her coming-out season and we did not want the marriage to interfere with that. The marriage was to have been a secret, and it would have been to this day, except for the fact that one of the servants told of it.

"The last time that I saw my wife was on April 18. I met her at the Waldorf-Astoria after making an appointment by telephone. She told me then that she did not love me any longer. She said that now she only liked me."

Mr. Shay said that he would be able to prove that Mr. and Mrs. Breitung had used extreme measures to induce their daughter to give up her husband. Kleist said yesterday that, since he left Mr. Breitung's mine, he had not had any occupation.

SUMMER BOOK AUCTIONS.

One House Announces Sales Tomorrow and in August.

A collection of rare and fine books will be sold tomorrow evening by Charles F. Heartman at 38 Lexington Avenue. Included in them are works with colored costume plates; good specimens of the early printing presses, Aldus, Elzevier, Stephanus, and Plantin; publications by the Grolier Club; first editions of American and British authors, and a number of interesting French works.

Other book auction houses in this city, Philadelphia, and Boston close their season in June and do not reopen until the Fall, but Mr. Heartman announces that he intends to hold auctions all the year round. He will have an important sale some time in August.

April's Railway Accident Victims.

As a result of 5,352 accidents during the month of April on the railroads and street railways under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission, there occurred 26 deaths, as compared with the 17 in April, 1913, and the 22 in the same month of 1912. In addition, nine persons had their skulls fractured, three lost an arm or a leg, and 142 others were seriously injured.

MARKS SEEKS A WAY TO CLEAR SIDEWALKS

Confers with Wholesale Merchants Over Obstructions Due to Unloading Trucks.

THEY OPPOSE CHANGES

Platforms for Receiving Goods Are Essential to Their Business, They Tell Borough President.

The congestion in many of the streets in the wholesale districts of lower Manhattan, due to the unloading of trucks, the construction of large platforms for unloading them, and other causes, cannot be avoided, according to representatives of the wholesalers, who gave their views yesterday afternoon at a conference held by Borough President Marks in the Assembly Rooms of the Merchants' Association, in the Woolworth Building.

Some of the wholesale dealers asserted that any expense they were put to in removing sidewalk obstructions would fall finally on the shoulders of the public, as they would add it to the cost of goods. Others threatened that they would move to Hoboken or Brooklyn. When the hearing began there were forty wholesale dealers present. Borough President Marks said:

"I desire to get your opinions and advice in order to see how the laws may be enforced for the protection of the public with the least possible interference to business. Personally, I know that some of the streets in the wholesale district are made impassable by trucks and unloading platforms, but I have caused no investigation to be made, and I now recall but one injury that has been inflicted on the public, and that is where a platform has been constructed by the Government in front of the Sub-Post Office, in the Hudson Terminal Building, in Dey Street. It is a grave danger to passers-by, and a flagrant abuse of the enduring patience of the citizens of New York.

Commissioner Frawley of the Department of Public Works said that his department had never undertaken to enforce any of the ordinances with reference to the obstruction of sidewalks, except under the instructions of the Board of Estimate, which undertook the widening of certain streets. He discussed all the different kinds of obstructions due to business conditions, and said that the ideal arrangement was to have a platform for unloading inside the building. This would cause the minimum of inconvenience to persons on the sidewalk.

Henry Deeves of Richard Deeves & Sons, presented a number of photographs, showing how his firm had tried to solve the sidewalk obstruction problem at their new building at Eleventh Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street. A narrow platform, the length of the entire side of the building, and the height of the receiving door was built against the wall of the building on the sidewalk. Two steps were constructed at either end so that persons could mount the platform and cross as though over a bridge. They are delayed only when a box of goods is rolled out of the back end of a truck across the platform into the building. Of this plan Commissioner Frawley said:

"The pedestrian should not be put to an athletic test to get down the street. The loading platform may suit the merchant, but it does not entirely suit the pedestrian. The time has come when the pedestrian has got to have a little consideration."

Edwin C. Sayre, representing R. C. Williams & Co., wholesale grocers, of 56 Hudson Street, suggested that zones should be set aside where special privileges could be granted to the wholesalers. For instance, he suggested that these streets could be set aside almost exclusively for the use of the wholesale merchants, and traffic diverted elsewhere: Greene Street from Canal to Fourteenth; Washington Street and Hudson Street, north and south between Canal and Fourteenth Streets.

Mr. Sayre said that his firm had considered the advisability of moving elsewhere on account of additional regulations and restrictions which the city apparently meant to impose. "We have got to unload goods," he said, "and as long as we have to use large trucks there will be a certain amount of obstruction of the sidewalks. If we are not permitted to receive our goods then we will not be able to do business, and that means that we will have to move somewhere else."

Victor K. McElheney, Jr., President of the Advisory Council of the wholesale market district of New York, agreed with everything said by Mr. Sayre.

"The residents of the upper city," he asserted, "don't come down into the wholesale district unless on business, and they understand conditions well enough to know that pedestrians must undergo a little inconvenience. Our headquarters are in a building where there are more than 700 tenants, who have to go and come each day when the sidewalks are blocked to a certain extent by the delivery of goods, but we never have received a single complaint.

"You have got to leave the business, for instance, on Washington and Greene Streets, just as you find it, because conditions there are the result of a natural growth of many years. You must remember that if you make any change that adds to our cost you are simply adding to the general cost of goods to the public, and finally the cry will come back on us."

Joseph K. Orr, representing the New York Team Owners' Association, said that if loading platforms were abolished, merchants would merely dump their goods out on the sidewalk. This would entail an additional delay and additional expense in lifting goods into the trucks.

At the suggestion of Borough President Marks a committee, to be headed by Mr. Sayre will be appointed to investigate conditions and then report to the Borough President through the City Condition Committee of the Merchants' Association. He explained again that he wished to devise a better method of loading and unloading trucks that would be acceptable to the wholesalers and to the public. All expressed their confidence in Mr. Marks's judgment in the matter, because of his business experience.

21 FIREMEN PROMOTED.

Commissioner Says New York Has the Finest Body of Men.

Fire Commissioner Adamson promoted yesterday twenty-one firemen. Lieut. Bernard Brockwehl of Engine Company 28 and Lieut. Charles Jacobs of Hook and Ladder Company 15 were made Captains at $2,500 a year, and Fireman Wallace R. Pelham of Engine Company 249 and Charles H. Riley of Engine Company 261 were made Lieutenants at $2,100 a year. Firemen Cornelius F. Boylan of Engine Company 289 and Philip G. Hettrich of Engine Company 273 were made engineers of steamers. Fifteen uniformed firemen were promoted to serve for a probationary period of three months at $1,000. In making the promotions Commissioner Adamson said:

"It is

MISS JULIA ROBBINS MARRIES LYDIG HOYT

Chapel of St. George's Is Crowded as Ceremony Is Performed by Rev. Dr. Reiland.

BRIDE WEARS COURT TRAIN

Mrs. John Milburn, Her Attendant, in Tailored Calling Gown—Those Who Were Present.

The wedding of Lydig Hoyt, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Gerald L. Hoyt, and Miss Julia Wainwright Robbins, the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Julian W. Robbins, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the little Chapel of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, the Rev. Karl Reiland, rector of St. George's, officiating.

The chapel was banked at the chancel end with marguerites, with clusters of Easter lilies, and a quantity of green. The choir sang just before the bridal procession started up the aisle. It was a simple ceremony, and the bride's only attendant was her elder sister, Mrs. John W. Minturn.

Miss Robbins was escorted by her father up the nave, and was one of the most stately brides that ever walked to an altar. Her gown was distinctive. It was of white tulle over soft satin, with a straight tunic of tulle embroidered in crystals. The tulle corsage was cut low and square, and the tulle sleeves came to the wrists.

But the striking feature of the frock was the very long and beautiful court train of almost transparent silver cloth, embroidered in silver and crystals in roses and leaves and also in geometrical designs, and finished by a plain hem of cloth of silver. It was wide and square at the bottom and tapered at the top to the width of the shoulders, from which it was suspended by embroidered silvered bands going over the shoulders and around under the arms. This was the train the bride wore when as Miss Julia Robbins, she was presented at the Court of St. James's.

The bride's long tulle veil fell almost to the end of the court train. Her black hair was done very low and perfectly flat about her forehead, and the tulle was held smoothly to it by a wreath of tiny orange blossom buds that went around under the veil at the back. She carried a large sheaf of Easter lilies. Her only ornament was a pendant of two huge diamonds, the gift of her uncle, Thatcher M. Adams.

Mrs. John W. Milburn was her sister's only attendant. Her gown was also novel, in that it was an afternoon calling gown on tailored lines, of mauve taffeta with a plain, round skirt, having a long plaited tunic of chiffon of the same color. It was topped by a coat of the taffeta which came partially over the hips. It had a Medici collar of silk, with another of lace inside. The coat had straight fronts and long coat sleeves with turned back cuffs. The edges of the coat, the cuffs, and the collar were embroidered in tiny scallops of a deeper shade of mauve silk.

A wide, unwrinkled sash of the silk went across the back and over the hips, the ends being concealed by the coat, and the ends were fastened in the front with long sash ends, finished with mauve crystal tassels, that came to the bottom of the chiffon tunic. Mrs. Milburn's deep violet-colored Milan straw hat had the brim modified into modified tricorne fashion, and ostrich tips of the same color were laid between the brim and the crown. She carried a large bouquet of full-blown sunrise roses, and wore a violet chain with a large pearl tassel pendant.

Mr. Hoyt's best man was his cousin, Charles L. Appleton, and the ushers were Edmund P. Rogers, Sheldon Whitehouse, Chalmers Wood, Jr., Elliot W. Cross, Bertram de N. Cruger, Spencer Turnure, and Samuel A. Welldon. Henry Worthington Bull was not able to serve, being in mourning.

The church ceremony was followed by a large reception at the residence of the bride's parents, 33 East Seventy-fourth Street, which was decorated in pink and blue, hydrangeas, pink ramblers roses, lilies, roses, and Spring flowers. Mrs. Robbins, who also assisted in receiving the guests, wore an apricot pink taffeta gown, the skirt having a double tunic and one of the new basque coatee corsages, with a high lace collar and lace frills, topped by a light brown hat covered with ostrich tips of the same color. Her jewels were two strands of large pearls. Mrs. Hoyt, the mother of the bridegroom, was in white lace over white silk, the tunic being edged with black velvet. She wore a black velvet girdle, and her white straw hat was trimmed in black and flowers.

After a brief bridal trip Mr. Hoyt and his bride will return to New York and will spend most of the Summer in and near town, as Mr. Hoyt is secretary to one of the Deputy Police Commissioners.

Among the guests seen at the church were the bride's grandmother, Mrs. George Arden Robbins, in white silk and black lace; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hunt, Mrs. H. Van Rensselaer Kennedy and her daughters, the Misses Marian Van R. and Maud Arden Kennedy, the two girls being in pale mauve taffeta with chiffon tunics topped by lacquered black straw turned-down sailor hats trimmed with lacquered black cherries; Mrs. James Brown, Miss Angelica Brown, in an embroidered pink frock topped by a black hat edged with a drooping black lace frill at one side and a pink bud at the other, and Miss Evelyn Brown, in mauve silk topped by a small pinkish hat edged and finished around the crown with small, full white ruches.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan A. Robbins, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Jewett, Mrs. Joel Benedict Erhardt, Mrs. Adam Weldon, Mrs. W. D. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Francis R. Appleton, Thatcher M. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Thompson, Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman, in dark blue chiffon and silk, topped by a small hat; Mr. and Mrs. Alexander D. B. Pratt, in a dull blue and white striped silk frock, with a very short skirt, topped by a flat sand-colored hat, flat as to top and trimmed with yellow and a lacquered black flower.

Mr. and Mrs. John Tuckerman, Mr. and Mrs. Hermann Kinnicutt, Mrs. Ogden L. Mills, in a black and white striped costume, with a black sash and bandings, topped by a tiny black hat, running up in a peak at the back, which was veiled by a flat, uncurled white ostrich feather; Mrs. Ernest Iselin, in white and black organdie over white silk, topped by an all-white hat, trimmed with pure white leaves and fruit.

MALLORY—WHITNEY.

Miss Prudence Whitney Weds the Son of the Steamship Owner.

Special to The New York Times.

RYE-ON-THE-SOUND, N. Y., June 3.—More than 700 guests attended the wedding of Miss Prudence Whitney, daughter of Mrs. Marsells Clark Parsons by a former marriage, and Robert J. Mallory, Jr., of Brooklyn, son of Robert Mallory, the steamship owner, which took place here at 4 o'clock this afternoon in Christ Church. The Rev. Dr. Townsend Henshaw, pastor of the church, officiated.

The bride wore a white satin gown with princess train draped with tulle, and an old lace veil, which has been in the family for almost 100 years. She carried a bouquet of lillies of the valley and white orchids.

Miss Edith Williams of Lawrence, L. I., a cousin of the bride, was maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Dell Conover, Louise Baldwin, Eleanor Nash, Polly Jacob, Natalie Gilbert of Grand Rapids, Mich., and Ellen Augur of Chicago. The attendants were in frocks of Nile green and lace, topped with leghorn hats, and they each carried a bouquet of yellow roses.

Francis M. Blodget of Brooklyn was best man. The ushers were Charles H. and Holmes Mallory, Earl T. Williams, Charles W. Howard, Francis S. Page, Leonard Kennedy, Francis W. Murray, Jr., and Gilbert Congdon.

A large reception followed the church ceremony at Pursen Hill, the home of the bride's mother and stepfather.

SLIP AWAY IN AUTO TO WED.

Mrs. Marion Burrage and Graeme Donald Married Near Saranac.

Special to The New York Times.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., June 3.—Mrs. Marion Gay Burrage, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry H. Gay of Boston and the widow of F. H. Burrage of that place, was married yesterday afternoon to Graeme Donald of New York, slipping away from their friends and securing a license in Bloomingdale, a hamlet ten miles from here, yesterday. The Rev. H. H. Richardson performed the ceremony.

Miss Marion Gay was married about three years ago to F. H. Burrage and was left a widow shortly after her honeymoon. She has since made her home with her mother here and has been active in the Summer and Winter clubs maintained by the visiting colony. Mr. Donald is said to come from a family of good social position in England. He has been a guest in the Gay home for two months.

TO WED IN HISTORIC CHURCH.

Miss Streeter to be Married Tonight in John Street Sanctuary.

In the old John Street Methodist Church, one of the historic spots in the heart of the financial district, Miss Helen Louise Streeter, youngest daughter of the Rev. Dr. Lewis Richard Streeter, pastor of the church, tonight will become the bride of the Rev. Frederick Brown Harris, pastor of St. Luke's Methodist Episcopal Church at Long Branch, N. J. Bishop Luther B. Wilson, the resident Methodist Bishop of this city, will officiate.

FLORENCE MARSHALL A BRIDE.

Wedded to Charles Dana Densmore in Hotel Gotham Ballroom.

Orchids predominated yesterday in the decorations and color scheme of the wedding of Miss Florence Marshall, a niece of Mrs. Henry Clay Place of 50 Central Park West, and George Ellis Densmore, a son of Charles Dana Densmore of Brookline, Mass., which was celebrated yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the Hotel Gotham. The Rev. Dr. Thomas B. McLeod of Williamstown, Mass., officiated.

The ballroom, where the ceremony took place, was decorated with orchids and purple lilacs. The bride wore a gown of white satin trimmed with old rose point lace. Her tulle veil fell from a cap of the same lace, and was caught up with sprays of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Royal H. Fowler was her sister's matron of honor. She was in yellow taffeta. The bridesmaids were the Misses Elizabeth Densmore of Brookline, Jean Haddock of New York, Martha Walton of St. Davids, Penn., and Dorothy Scott of Germantown, Penn. They all appeared in frocks of orchid colored taffeta, with leghorn Watteau hats, trimmed with orchid colored tulle. Each carried a shepherdess crook topped with orchids and yellow flowers, with long streamers of the same colors.

Edward B. Densmore was best man for his brother, and the ushers included John H. Densmore, Henry R. Beekman, Chauncey Marshall, Jr., and Newell Van Derhoef.

A reception followed the ceremony, about 200 guests being in attendance. A buffet collation was served, and there was dancing.

Mr. and Mrs. Densmore will spend their honeymoon in Europe, and will reside in Brookline, Mass., on their return.

MISS HELEN AINSLIE WED.

She Marries at Her Home in Arlington Henry Clarke Coe, Jr.

Miss Helen Virginia Ainslie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Ainslie of Arlington, N. J., was married at 8 o'clock last night to Henry Clarke Coe, Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. Henry Clarke Coe of 8 West Seventy-sixth Street. The ceremony was performed at the bride's home, 77 North Midland Avenue, by the Rev. Mr. Brown of All Angels' Church.

The bride's gown was of white crepe de meteor, trimmed with old rose point lace worn by her mother on her wedding gown. She carried a bouquet with fifty lovers' knots. Her attendants were Mrs. Clara Pierce of New York and Miss Dorothy Jackson of Brookline, Mass. The best man was Robert McGrane of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Coe will live in Brookline, Mass., where Mr. Coe is employed by the Standard Oil Company.

YOUNG—ARMITAGE.

Miss Josephine Armitage Becomes the Bride of Eugene J. Young.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., June 3.—Miss Josephine Armitage and Eugene J. Young, a member of the staff of The New York World, were married at 9 o'clock tonight at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Andrew Morison, at 39 North Mountain Avenue. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Wilson R. Stearly, rector of St. Luke's Episcopal Church.

The matron of honor was a sister of the bride, Mrs. Herbert Bradley of Montclair, and the ribbon bearers were Gertrude Morison, Jr.; John Morison, Herbert Bradley, Jr., and Walter Young, Jr., nephews of the bride. The best man was Walter Young of Montclair, a brother of the bridegroom.

Only immediate relatives and friends were present. Mr. and Mrs. Young, upon their return from their wedding trip, will reside in New York.

MISS RAMSEY WEDS.

Becomes the Bride of C. F. Tietjen, Son of New York Banker.

Miss Marguerite Ramsey, daughter of Mrs. James Nelson Ramsey, was married to Richard Wilbur Tietjen, son of C. F. Tietjen, a banker of this city, last evening at the home of her mother in Plainfield, N. J. The Rev. Dr. John Sheridan Zelie, pastor of the Crescent Avenue Presbyterian Church, performed the marriage ceremony.

The bride was attended by Miss Gertrude Bowlby as maid of honor. Edwin Tietjen was best man for his brother. After an extended honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Tietjen will live in Plainfield. The bridegroom's father is President of the West Side Bank of this city and Vice President of several other banking institutions.

MISS FAIRCHILD A BRIDE.

Becomes Mrs. Christopher Morley in Church of Holy Communion.

The wedding of Miss Helen Booth Fairchild, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Fairchild of 316 West Ninety-fifth Street, and Christopher Morley, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday in the Church of the Holy Communion, Twentieth Street and Sixth Avenue, the Rev. Henry Mottet, rector of the church, officiating.

The bride wore a gown of white charmeuse, trimmed with old lace, and carried a bouquet of lillies of the valley. Her father gave her in marriage.

After returning from their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Morley will live at Hempstead, L. I., where they have taken a house.

REDMOND—SHAUGHNESSY.

Daughter of Head of Canadian Pacific Weds Irish Leader's Nephew.

MONTREAL, June 3.—Miss Edith Shaughnessy, daughter of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, was married this morning at St. James's Roman Catholic Cathedral to W. H. Redmond of Victoria, B. C., a son of the late W. H. Redmond and a nephew of John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader. The ceremony was performed by Bishop Gauthier.

The bride, who was given away by Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, was attired in white charmeuse satin covered with chiffon, her bridal veil being surmounted by a wreath of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and white roses.

The bridal couple will sail on the Alsatian tomorrow to spend their honeymoon in Europe.

MISS HALL'S WEDDING.

Daughter of ex-Justice Will Marry Hampton Anderson on June 10.

The wedding of Mis Edna Brown Hall, daughter of ex-Justice of the Supreme Court Ernest Hall, and Hampton Anderson of this city will take place on Wednesday, June 10, at 11 o'clock, in the Church of the Holy Faith, 166th Street and Trinity Avenue. The Rev. Clifford Gregg, rector of the church, will officiate.

WEDDING ON WEST SIDE.

Miss Henrietta Norton Married to Dr. Edward D. Truesdell.

The marriage of Miss Henrietta Norton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Norton, and Dr. Edward Delevan Truesdell, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday at 301 West Ninety-first Street. The Rev. James A. McWilliams performed the ceremony.

The bride was attended by Miss Dorothy Truesdell as maid of honor, and the little Misses Sylvia Conway of this city, and Dorothy Gifford of Boston were the flower girls. Dr. Malcolm Smith was best man.

Dr. and Mrs. Truesdell will make their home at 300 West Ninety-first Street.

Miss Jean Nelson Long Engaged.

The engagement of Miss Jean Nelson Long, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Henderson Long of Ardmore, Penn., and William Tredwell Ketcham of this city has been announced. Mr. Ketcham is a son of Mrs. Arthur Collins Ketcham of 175 West Fifty-eighth Street. He was graduated from Yale University, class of '13. No date has been set for the wedding.

PUTZEL—ISEAR.

Miss Gladys F. Isear of 4 West 101st Street and John L. Putzel of Baltimore were married yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's mother by the Rev. Dr. Rubinstein of Baltimore. Only relatives were present. After their return from a wedding trip in Canada Mr. and Mrs. Putzel will live in Baltimore.

PROTEST ON NEWS STANDS.

Order for Their Removal from City Hall Park May Be Modified.

As a result of many complaints which were received at the City Hall and the Park Department yesterday, Park Commissioner Ward may modify or even rescind his order that the newsstands in City Hall Park must go. In the absence of Mayor Mitchel from the city Mr. Ward will confer with those interested, and by the time the Mayor returns it is expected a satisfactory agreement will be reached. If the Commissioner insists that his original order must stand the matter will be taken direct to the Mayor.

The Publishers' Association of New York City, through its representative, Victor F. Ridder, Chairman of the Newsdealers' Committee, made a strong protest against the Commissioner's ruling. The matter was taken up at the regular meeting of the Publishers' Association in the Hardware Club at noon and shortly afterward Mr. Ridder and several other representatives of the Publishers' Association held a conference with Commissioner Ward. After an hour's discussion the matter was adjourned until this afternoon.

Mr. Ridder made the point that the Commissioner could not have issued his order without first notifying the newspapers as well as the newsdealers, so that the circulation departments of the newspapers would not be inconvenienced. He urged that the news venders be allowed to retain their stands in the park pending a public hearing on the proposed regulations.

IMPERATOR'S FASTEST TRIP.

Averaged 23.20 Knots on Westward Run—Saw Icebergs Far South.

The Hamburg-American liner Imperator arrived yesterday morning from Hamburg, making the passage over from Cherbourg to the Ambrose Channel Lightship in 5 days 17 hours and 38 minutes, her fastest westward trip. Her best day's run was 584 knots, June 1. The average speed for the 3,193 miles was 23.20 knots.

Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith went down to Quarantine in the police launch Patrol and escorted the Imperator to Hoboken to see that no small craft got in the way of the liner as she was turning in to her pier. This was the result, it was said, of the article in THE NEW YORK TIMES commenting on the four hours' delay in docking the Vaterland, and calling attention to the fact that New York had no harbor master or any authority after 6 o'clock to see that the big liners got the right of way.

Capt. Thomas Kier said that he sighted three icebergs on June 1. He described the first one, sighted early in the morning, fifteen miles north of the ship's track, as being 100 feet high out of the water and 200 feet long. Later in the day two smaller bergs were sighted about twenty miles to the northward. Capt. Kier added that he came over the long southerly course and that the icebergs were unusually far south.

OFF ON LONG AUTO TRIP.

Mrs. A. H. Woods Hopes to Arrive in San Francisco by June 29.

Mrs. A. H. Woods, wife of the theatrical manager, started yesterday on what is said to be one of the longest automobile trips ever attempted by a woman. Accompanied by her niece and nephew and a mechanician, Mrs. Woods has undertaken to drive her automobile from New York to San Francisco, and expects to arrive there before June 29.

The run to San Francisco will not be a direct one, as Mrs. Woods is planning to make several side trips on the way, and expects to cover 4,500 miles. She will drive the car herself the whole way, and the route will be through Cleveland to Chicago, and thence by the Lincoln Highway to Davenport, Des Moines, Omaha, and Grand Island to Denver. After a loop around the interesting points in the Rocky Mountains, the party will start again from Denver to Cheyenne, and follow the old trail to Salt Lake City.

From Salt Lake City there will be a side trip to Butte, Montana, and back, and then the New Oregon-California Highway will be taken to Lake Tahoe, Sacramento, and San Francisco.

In order to be independent of hotels when so desired, tents and camping outfit are being carried.

HONOR LEGION INITIATION.

Fifty-one Medal Policemen Added to Organization.

With solemn rites and lights turned low, fifty-one policemen who have received medals or honorable mention for heroic acts recently were initiated as members of the Honor Legion of the Police Department at Terrace Garden last night. Officers for the coming year were installed, the roll of the dead was called, and other ceremonies of the organization were performed under a new ritual recently adopted and used last night for the first time.

Members of the Legion, with their families and guests to the number of 2,000, witnessed the installation and initiation and afterward took part in a dance. The Rev. Francis J. Sullivan, a Police Chaplain, presided at the installation, and Lieut. William McCarthy, President of the Police Lieutenants' Association, delivered an address on "The Banner of the Police Department."

Sergt. John W. Fraser, President of the Honor Legion, in addressing the initiated members, said he hoped that the policemen of New York would soon be restored to the place they formerly held in the hearts of the people.

BRENTANO'S Stationery Dept. Commencement Cards, Record Books, and other Office Requisites. Fifth Ave. at 27th St., N. Y.

ALEXANDER E. ORR DIES IN 84TH YEAR

Former President of the Rapid Transit Board Had Been Ill for Only a Few Days.

A LEADER IN PUBLIC LIFE

He Was President of Chamber of Commerce and Produce Exchange —Aided New York Life.

Alexander Ector Orr, for many years one of the foremost business men of this city, died yesterday at his home at 102 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, aged 83 years. For two years he had been failing in health, and the loss of his wife on July 7 last year had been a severe shock to him, but he had been confined to his bed for only four days. His funeral will take place at 11 o'clock tomorrow in Christ Episcopal Church, Clinton and Harrison Streets, Bishop Burgess officiating. The interment will be in Greenwood Cemetery.

Mr. Orr was born at Strabane, Ulster, Ireland, on March 2, 1831. His parents intended him for the service of the East India Company, but he met with an accident, and a visit to this country, while recuperating, changed his plans. He visited Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, and was so impressed with them that he induced his parents to allow him to come here to stay.

He arrived in New York in 1851, and at once took up a commercial life. In 1858 Mr. Orr married Miss Juliet Buckingham Dows, a daughter of Amzi Dows of the firm of David Dows & Co., of which some years later he became a partner. He became a member of the Produce Exchange in 1859, and had a share in the erection of the great Dows grain elevator at the foot of Pacific Street, Brooklyn, at a cost of more than $3,000,000.

In 1872 Mr. Orr's first wife died, and in 1873 he married Miss Margaret S. Luquer, who died last year. In 1887 and 1888 he was President of the Produce Exchange, and in 1889 he was Vice President and in 1894 President of the Chamber of Commerce. In the meantime Mr. Orr had become connected as a Director with some of the largest enterprises in the country. He was Vice President of the Mechanics National Bank and of the Hudson Canal Company, and a Director of the National Bank of Commerce, South Brooklyn Savings Bank, of the United Trust Company, of the Produce Exchange Bank, of the Continental, Queen, American, and Federal Insurance Companies, of the New York Life Insurance Company, of the Guarantee Trust Company, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, and of the Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Company.

In public life Mr. Orr also played a distinguished part. Thus, he was associated with John Bigelow, Daniel Magone, and John D. Van Buren on the Canal Commission appointed by Gov. Tilden, which exposed the canal frauds in 1876, and in 1876 Mr. Orr was one of the Tilden Presidential Electors. He aided in organizing the Citizens' movement, which nominated Seth Low for Mayor of Brooklyn in 1881 and 1883, and he reconstructed the Civil Service Commission of Brooklyn under Mayor Chapin.

In 1894 he was made Chairman of the Rapid Transit Board, which constructed the present Subway, laid out the Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, and loop line subways, and did much to make the new dual system possible. In 1906, after the Hughes investigation of the life insurance companies had forced John A. McCall to resign from the Presidency of the New York Life Insurance Company, Mr. Orr was elected in his place to restore the confidence of the policy owners. He held office for eighteen months.

Mr. Orr served on the Board of Arbitration between the city and the Brooklyn Bridge contractors, and, took great interest in the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, and the Long Island State Hospital. He was a Director in the Long Island Historical Society, Vice President of the Academy of Music and of the Art Association, and a trustee of the Brooklyn Library and of the Packer Collegiate Institute. He was also a member of the Tenth Vice Commission and of the American Geographical Society, and a Director of the Greenwood Cemetery Corporation. He belonged to the Protestant Episcopal Church, and was one of the incorporators of the Garden City Cathedral, and a trustee of the Cathedral Schools.

The Public Service Commission passed unanimously yesterday a minute, proposed by Chairman McCall, declaring that the name of Mr. Orr would always be linked with the development of rapid transit facilities in New York."

TRINITY TO CLOSE SOON.

Services Will Be Held in Dix Chapel Until Repairs Are Made.

Trinity Church will be closed two months this Summer for the first time in a great many years. During July and August it will be repainted and a number of minor repairs will be made. The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, said last night that he did not know when the church was last closed for repairs, but that the condition of the paint indicated that it was a long time ago. The congregation will meet during July and August in the Chapel of All Saints', adjoining the church, which was built last Fall as a memorial to Dr. Dix. Dr. Manning will conduct the services during July and the early part of August.

NASSAU CLUB GIVES OPERA.

"The Secret of Suzanne" Is Sung at First of Musical Mornings.

The first of the "musical mornings," to be held this month at the Nassau Country Club, Glen Cove, L. I., took place yesterday under the direction of Mrs. Howard F. Whitney, Mrs. Francis S. Smithers, and Mrs. Arthur W. Rossiter. "The Secret of Suzanne" was performed with the aid of professional talent and this, it is claimed, was the first time a complete opera has been given under the auspices of a country club. The principal characters were sung by Miss Lois Ewell, Thomas Chalmers, and Francesco Daddi.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Edward Knoblanch has just cabled Alice Kauser, his agent, that "My Lady's Dress," his latest play, which has made a success at the Royalty Theatre, London, has been sold for Germany, Austria Hungary, Holland, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, and Russia within the first fortnight of its production.

Murry Bennett has been engaged by Edward L. Bloom for one of the leading parts in "Hanky Panky," which will go on tour again shortly.

Selwyn and company have engaged William Courtleigh, Jr., for the Chicago company of "Under Cover." The same firm has engaged George W. Devere for the part of Josephus in "The Salamander."

In addition to Frank McIntyre, who will head the Chicago company of "A Pair of Sixes," Sam Hardy has been engaged to play the role of Nettleton by H. H. Frazee. The Western company will play "A Pair of Sixes" in Grand Rapids for a week beginning Aug. 3 and is scheduled to open in the Cort Theatre, Chicago, on Sunday, Aug. 9.

ENGAGEMENT IS BROKEN.

Miss Eugenie A. Philbin and Arthur Russell Jones Not to Wed.

Announcement was made yesterday that the engagement of Miss Eugenie A. Philbin, daughter of Supreme Court Justice Eugene A. Philbin and Mrs. Philbin, and Arthur Russell Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Strother Jones, had been broken by mutual consent. Their engagement was announced last November.

Today Miss Philbin and Mr. Jones are to be among the attendants at the wedding of Miss Mary Cutting Cumnock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Cumnock, and George B. Wagstaff, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, Sr., which is to take place at 4 o'clock in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square. Miss Philbin is to act as maid of honor, and Mr. Jones will be one of the ushers.

Miss Philbin made her début in society two seasons ago. She returned recently with her mother from an extended trip abroad. Mr. Jones is a member of the Tuxedo Club, and a Harvard graduate. His father is a well-known polo player.

No further explanation of the broken engagement has been given by either family, except to confirm it. Mr. and Mrs. Jones and their son are at their Summer home at Red Bank, N. J. The Philbins reside at 63 West Fifty-second Street.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Valentine of 5 East Sixty-seventh Street will open Valmar, their Summer home at Narragansett Pier on June 10. Miss Henrietta Porter, Mrs. Valentine's sister, is sailing on the Imperator on Saturday to pass the Summer abroad.

Mrs. William Allen of 51 East Sixty-fifth Street has gone to Nahant, Mass., to visit Mrs. Thomas Pelham Curtis.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Scheftel have returned from Europe and are at the Plaza for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuart G. Gibboney have returned to town after a stay at the Water Witch Club in New Jersey.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Leonard of 169 Elm Street, New Rochelle, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Frances Briggs Leonard, to Edmund Victor Morrow.

Jay Gould entertained a party of seven last night at dinner at the Hotel Knickerbocker.

Sir William Mackenzie of Toronto, Canada, is at the Biltmore.

Mr. and Mrs. John Frederick Gilmore announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Titus Gilmore, to Robert Van Orden Lewis, which took place on May 28 at the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas.

The wedding of Miss Gertrude Greene, daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Francis V. Greene, and Russell E. Bryant, is to take place tomorrow afternoon in Trinity Chapel at Buffalo, N. Y. Gen. Greene was formerly Police Commissioner of New York, and his daughter made her début in society in this city.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Falconer, Miss Louise Falconer, and Bruce Falconer have left Garden City for the Gedney Farms, at White Plains.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Symington have sent out invitations to the wedding of their daughter, Miss Hazen Symington, to George de Forest Lord, Jr., on Saturday, June 27, in St. George's Church, Seabright, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Joel Nott Allen and their little daughter have gone to Twilight Park N. Y., where they have leased a cottage for the Summer.

Mrs. J. Warren Goddard is sailing on Saturday on the Imperator, to be absent until November. She will spend several weeks in Paris before going to Divonne for the rest of the Summer.

Miss Alice Riggs Hunt left last week for San Francisco and Los Angeles, Cal., where she will join her mother, Mrs. Charles Warren Hunt, Jr., for the Summer.

S. Montgomery Roosevelt has taken the house of the late Sir William Orchardson for the London season.

The marriage of Miss Marguerite Schley, a daughter of Dr. J. Montfort Schley, and John Bonnell Harper will be celebrated at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Church of the Heavenly Rest. A small reception for the relatives will be held at 24 West Fifty-fourth Street.

Miss Faith Hosford, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac B. Hosford, and James W. Rhoads Engle of Hazleton, Penn., are to be married at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the bride's country home, Red Rose Manor, at Atlantic Highlands.

Miss Sutton's Death Due to Fall.

GLOVERSVILLE, June 3.—After a brief inquiry into the cause of death of Miss Irene Sutton, the Brooklyn girl whose body was found last Saturday night under the roller coaster at Sacandaga Park, Coroner F. C. Wright, at Northville, late today rendered a verdict of "death by accident due to a fall from the roller coaster."

PASSENGERS FOR EUROPE.

Sir Cecil and Lady Spring-Rice Sail Today Aboard the Baltic.

Transatlantic liners sailing today and some of their passengers are:

BALTIC (Liverpool)—H. A. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Andrews, Owen Baxter, Col. J. H. Benton, G. R. Bolton, C. O. Burt, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Carre, J. E. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Clark, Miss Marcy R. Mrs. J. W. Dalzell, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Fallon, J. H. Garnett, Mr. and Mrs. Mannci, G. C. Glyn, Capt. H. S. Grant, Mrs. J. W. Griggs, Lolsie Mead Higbie, Miss Edna Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hilliard, Miss Jean Law, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Morgan, L. H. Nordon, B. C. Otis, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Post, Sir Charles Hercules Read, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Seligman, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice and Lady Spring-Rice, Miss Elaine Van Dyke, Mrs. Lloyd Williams, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Willis, the Rev. J. Wallett, and Ralph B. Dalford.

BERLIN (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Barton, Mrs. C. Bode, Mrs. J. Dallett, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Gilman, Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Hale, Miss R. W. Hildeth, Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Lambert, Prof. and Mrs. J. A. Wandel, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Oelrichs, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Rogers, Charles Tennant, Col. Robert M. Thompson, and Miss F. M. Tucker.

GRAF WALDERSEE (Hamburg)—Mrs. M. Alexander, Mrs. L. C. Anderson, Prof. and Mrs. C. M. Gelrichs, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Rogers, Charles Tennant, Col. Robert M. Thompson, and Miss F. M. Tucker.

GRAF WALDERSEE (Hamburg)—Mrs. M. Alexander, Mrs. L. C. Anderson, Prof. and Mrs. E. Barton, Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Brady, C. Curie, Mrs. E. Connell, F. H. Duncan, George Duell, Miss Grace Greve, Prof. and Mrs. E. F. Montgomery, Miss A. M. Hugo, Mrs. Dora Long, Mrs. G. A. Piper, Miss Mabel Evans, and the Rev. and Mrs. A. Simon.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

IMPERATOR, (Hamburg)—Mrs. H. Abbott, G. B. Adams, Miss E. B. Averill, A. C. Bide, Mr. and Mrs. Boosey, Beardsley, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Berry, A. Rustem Bey, W. L. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Boldt, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Crane, G. C. Crowley, F. T. Dodge, G. R. Drenck, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Eells, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Fassett, Mr. and Mrs. Girard Foster, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Freeman, Dr. and Mrs. G. A. Freed, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Glaser, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Hale, Mrs. Orden Hammond, Mrs. J. H. Hammond, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Miss May Healy, W. H. Kemp, Valdemar Knudson, Mr. and Mrs. Warren M. Leeds, H. Litthauer, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Miller, G. R. Norris, Mrs. C. Stair, Miss Constance W. Stearns, M. C. Stoddard, Capt. E. J. Tainou, F. S. Teny, William Payne Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. H. Wheeling, Mrs. W. T. Wilson, Miss G. Wilson, Mrs. E. L. Winthrop, Capt. Charles Starr Woodard, Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Woodhouse.

DANUBE (Southampton via West Indies)—Mr. and Mrs. C. Andrews, Miss A. A. Barker, Miss A. Barrow, A. Carey, J. Caldwell, Miss E. J. Crooks, Miss S. V. Douglas, Dr. C. J. Gomes, Mrs. Gomes, Miss C. Haviland, H. W. Harshey, Mrs. M. King, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Mitchell, and the Right Rev. E. Nuttall, Archbishop of West Indies.

WIFE SUES "TOD" ROBBINS.

Asks a Divorce on Statutory Ground from Man She Eloped With.

Mrs. Edith Hyde Robbins has brought suit to divorce her husband, "Tod" Robbins, athlete, author, and wealthy society man of Brooklyn. The papers were filed with Supreme Court Justice Crane yesterday and an application made for a referee to take testimony. Justice Crane named Robert B. Honeyman, a lawyer, of 2 Rector Street, Manhattan, referee.

The full name of the defendant is Clarence Aaron Robbins. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence H. Robbins of Brooklyn and Great River, L. I. The plaintiff is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Newton Hyde of Douglaston, L. I. She and "Tod" Robbins were married in Jersey City in July, 1909, after an elopement that caused a stir in Brooklyn social circles. They have been separated two years.

Mrs. Robbins bases her suit on statutory grounds, charging her husband with intimacy with women whose names are not disclosed. Besides asking for an absolute divorce, Mrs. Robbins wants the custody of her two children, John A. Robbins and Norman Hyde Robbins, who are now in her care.

As a student at the Polytechnic Institute in Brooklyn "Tod" Robbins held the interscholastic record for pole vaulting. He began a course of study in the Washington and Lee University in 1908, and it was while he was a student at the Virginia University that he eloped with Miss Hyde. He has published two books, "The Spirit of the Town" and "Mysterious Martin." He inherited considerable money from his grandfather.

THEATRE TREASURER HELD.

Robert A. Fedrow of the Forty-eighth Street Accused of Theft.

Robert A. Fedrow, for three years Treasurer of William A. Brady's Forty-eighth Street Theatre, was arrested at 11 o'clock last night by Detectives McMann and McGann of the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station on the charge of stealing $700 from the theatre.

The complaint was made by Thomas Broadhurst, the business manager. The theft, he said, took place on Monday last. He also said that Fedrow had taken other money, and that the total of the thefts was about $2,000.

Fedrow, 21 years old, was known along Broadway as "the youngest Treasurer." He lived at 22 West 130th Street, is married, and has a baby 14 months old.

At the West Sixty-eighth Street Station Fedrow told the detectives, they say, that four other men were concerned in the thefts. He said he kept none of the money. The thefts were made possible because Fedrow was trusted by Mr. Broadhurst, and not only handled the money at the theatre, but deposited it at the Greenwich Bank.

Dr. George W. Hosmer Is Dead.

Dr. George W. Hosmer, for years a newspaper man of note and a practicing physician for nearly forty years, died on Tuesday night at his home, 59 Hobart Avenue, Summit, N. J. He was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1855, and spent thirty years with The New York Herald, serving as a war correspondent in the civil war and the Franco-German war. For the last twenty years he had been on the editorial staff of The World. In addition to his new

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Less Active and Prices Improve—Steel Trade Outlook—St. Paul to Sell Bonds.

Except in a very few issues among the active stocks the tendency on the Stock Exchange yesterday was toward recovery, and the average of closing quotations showed a good net gain. This was accompanied by a considerable contraction in trading compared with the previous session, although the volume of dealings was still well above the recent low point. The upturn could hardly be attributed to the advent of news of sufficiently favorable importance to turn the tide. Rather was the recovery the outcome of the discovery that despite the disconcerting character of some recent news, including some developments at Washington, the selling by traders called forth relatively little liquidation from the outside. Under the circumstances the downward impulse lost force, and yesterday's upturn was a natural enough sequel.

The market has lately been moving within very narrow channels, finding itself quickly drifting against one bank or the other upon any change of course. Underlying this condition has been the increasing belief of the financial community that it will not take very much longer to bring general business to the point at which it will turn for the better. This view is held with a good many reservations in some quarters, but nevertheless it is held pretty widely. A good deal of evidence is just now being presented, however, that such change as has occurred in sentiment regarding the future has not yet been translated into a change in actual business. The Iron Age's figures of production of pig iron for May came to hand yesterday. It showed a considerable falling off compared with the two preceding months, although the output was above the monthly records from December to February last. Even more significant, however, than the decline in output from 2,269,000 tons in April to 2,002,000 tons in May was the fall in the number of furnaces in blast. The furnaces active on June 1 had a capacity of 64,514 tons a day, which is 3,000 tons under the average daily production during May and 6,500 tons less than the capacity of furnaces active a month earlier.

On this showing The Iron Age remarks that "practically all that the industry gained since early January has since been lost." At the same time the industry is inclined to look for some expansion in new orders before long, the view of some leaders in the trade being that June will bring the start of another movement, such as that which helped the steel trade in January. It must, of course, be borne in mind that steel manufacturers have for a long time now been laboring under the disadvantage of a scarcity of orders from the railroads, and this is a condition which may be considerably changed in the event of a favorable decision from the Interstate Commerce Commission in the rate case. Such a decision would naturally increase the willingness as well as the ability of the railroads to spend money more freely upon supplies and equipment in anticipation of the increase in the volume of traffic which will be almost inevitable if present crop hopes are realized.

The concusion of negotiations for a $30,000,000 issue of St. Paul bonds was one of the interesting developments of the day. High grade railroad issues have been holding well, and in some instances have lately shown improvement in price, although it has been clearly shown that buyers continue to hold to a very discriminating attitude toward the bond market. The higher prices to which some State and municipal bonds have arisen, some of these establishing new high records within the last two days, show that that class of bond continues to stand in high favor. A little recession in United States 2s since the end of last month seems to be due to the passing for the time being of the tax demand for these bonds which recently helped the market for them. Another reaction in cotton yesterday represented further revision of the opinions formed upon the first receipt of the recent Government report.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l
On call	2	1¼	1¼	1¾
A year ago	10	2½	2¾	2¾
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	2	2
Same period 1913	7	2	...	...

	60 Days.	4 Mos.	6 Mos.
On time	2½	3	3@3¼
Commercial paper	3@4	Mos.	6 Mos.
Highest grade names	3¼@3½	3¼@3½	3¼@3½
Other well known names	3½@3¾	3¾@4	

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Sub-Treasury debit	$387,992,655	$20,224,904
balance		
Banks lose since Friday		213,439
		4,941,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
London	2½@2 18-16		
Paris	2½		25f 18
Berlin	2½	3	20m 40½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8835	$4.8855	$4.8855
A year ago	4.8870	4.8865	4.8865
Since Jan. 1	4.8880	4.8595	.....
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	.....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8855	$4.80
Paris	5.15 9-16@1-32	5.15
Berlin	95 9-16@1-32	95 7-16@1-32
Switzerland	5.15@1-16	5.15@3-32
Holland	.40.27	40.51
Belgium	5.18⅜@1-32	5.18⅛@3-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.86¼	$4.85¼
Paris	5.17⅛@1-16	5.16⅜@1-16
Berlin	94⅞	94⅝

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.8575	$4.8375
Paris	5.18⅛@1-16	5.19⅝@1-16
Berlin	94⅝@1-32	94 9-16
Amsterdam	40.08	39.95

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	20c	San Francisco	20c
St. Louis	20c	Montreal	Par
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 25 3-4d. per ounce, off 1-16d; New York, 5.16⅜ unchanged.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s..March, 1964	101⅞	102	101⅞	102
4½s..March, 1965	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s..May, 1957	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s..Nov., 1957	107	107¼	106⅞	107⅛
4½s..May, 1917	101¼	102	101⅞	102⅛
4½s..Nov., 1917	101¼	102	101⅞	102
4½s..Mar., 1930-00	101¾	101¾	101½	102
4½s..March, 1962	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
4½s..Sept., 1960	101¾	102	101¾	101¾
4s ..May, 1958	99	99¼	98¾	99
4s ..Nov., 1958	99	99¼	98¾	99
4s ..May, 1957	99	99¼	98¾	99¼
4s ..Nov., 1956	98¾	99	98¾	98¾
4s ..Nov., 1955	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
4s ..Nov., 1954	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
3½s..1918-1919	96¾	96	96¾	99
3½s..Nov., 1954	85	87½	86½	87
3½s..May, 1954	87½	87½	87½	87½
3½s..Nov., 1952	87½	87½	87½	87½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Uses of Statistics.

After working for twenty-five years with statistics the Vice President and chief accounting officer of a large railroad system said yesterday that he had come to the conclusion that they were worth very little when made the means of comparison for different roads. "There is no servicable relation between the maintenance figures of the Pennsylvania per mile for roadbed carrying four and six tracks and the maintenance of a little road running four trains a day over a single track," he said. "The Interstate Commerce Commission tries to make up for the disparity by averaging roads, but of what use to us is an average? If we are spending less per mile than the average the commission thinks we are spending too little; but what is to prove that we are the average road? Perhaps most of our mileage is in the class that brings down the average. Or of what value is a comparison based on the number of freight cars per mile of line? The Bessemer & Lake Erie has five times the number of most roads, because its traffic is largely in coal. I know lines that have nearly twice the number of cars per mile that we have, and yet they have not enough equipment, and we have more than enough. I have spent twenty-five years in learning that each road has its own problems and that average statistics are not worth the time it takes to study them."

***

Paying Old Scores.

The Western Maryland in April earned $688,000 gross, which was a gain of $50,000 over April of last year, but its expenses were $646,000, an increase of $131,000, so that net earnings were only $38,000, a loss of $130,000. The report is much better than appears from a superficial examination, however, for the expense account is being burdened with charges that should have been taken care of months ago. The charges for maintenance continue abnormally heavy, and will appear so for May and June. They absorbed 45.24 per cent. of the gross earnings in April, against a normal figure of 30 per cent. It is explained that the new management has decided to face conditions and put the road and equipment in shape to start the new railroad year right. The cost of conducting transportation is already beginning to show reductions, the percentage for April being 42.93 against 51.20 for March and 58.17 for February. As compared with March, the April revenues increased $24,000, while the cost of conducting transportation decreased $44,000, the principal decreases being in train and enginemen and fuel and engine house expenses.

***

Cotton Improves.

Fairfax Harrison, President of the Southern Railway, said yesterday that the Government's cotton report of June 1 indicated a substantially better condition in that company's territory than that of a year ago. There has been some complaint of drought in the cotton growing States east of the Mississippi, but generally speaking, weather conditions have been favorable for giving the crop a good start. The boll weevil has appeared again in the districts afflicted last year, but the farmers are learning to combat his work and expect to minimize the losses.

***

Stocks in Small Supply.

Now and then since the first of the year there have been days when the supply of stocks for sale in the local market was notably scant. On these occasions it was not hard to force prices downward, but when a trader with a line of short stock to cover attempted to do so he found that a little bidding set prices moving sharply upward. Yesterday's session was one of this sort, according to men on the floor of the Exchange. Efforts to fill a good-sized order in any of the prominent issues brought about fractional advances. The market's tone became firmer as the day grew older. Early in the afternoon the ticker recorded, during a ten-minute period, five transactions in Atchison at an increase of an eighth on each succeeding sale. The stock was taken in 100 or 200 share lots. Among other issues somewhat similar instances were reported. In the last hour of business less than 86,000 shares changed hands, but quotations moved up strongly, with the liveliest bidding in evidence in the closing fifteen minutes.

***

Corporations Buy Stocks.

While much of the business done in stocks for some time has been by traders, floor members of the board with an inclination to study market conditions have noted a steady absorption for account of large investors. A number of corporations, whose charters permit them to invest surplus funds and idle working capital in stocks, are reported as extensive buyers. The slackening of industrial operations has left many producing concerns with funds on hand to be put to work in some way, and the stock market gives opportunity for investment on a basis to net 6 per cent. or more.

***

Cost Cut Reduces Express Deficit.

By severe curtailment of operating expenses in February, the first month of reduced express rates, the United States Express Company was able to cut down costs $72,208 below the record of February, 1913, but gross receipts also declined, and the net result was a deficit of $176,368. Even with this unfavorable showing there was some comfort for the company in the fact that the deficit was not as large as in the same month of the preceding year by $12,850. February's operating revenue was $638,403, a decline of $56,557. In the eight months ended with February the company reports a total deficit of $104,382, as compared with one of about $1,000 in the corresponding period of 1913.

***

Slump in May Charters.

The timidity of capital appears to be vividly illustrated by the small capital covered in the applications for charters for new enterprises filed during May. New companies incorporated in Eastern States for $1,000,000 or more, including increases of capital, represented a total of only $62,700,000, according to The Journal of Commerce, as compared with $172,300,000 in the same month of 1913. Other concerns chartered with a capital of $100,000 or more, including all States, bring the grand total up to $163,965,000, against $186,752,000 in April, and $234,280,000 in the preceding May.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was unchanged. Tin was firm and up ¾c. Other commodities were unchanged.

Closing prices for copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
June	13.50	14.00	Spelter	5.05	5.15
July	13.50	14.00	Lead	3.85	3.95
August	13.50	14.00	Antimony	7.25	7.37½
			Tin	39.00	39.50

The London copper market closed quiet yesterday. A decline of 10s was shown in spot at £61 10s 3d, and futures were 11s 3d lower, at £62 7s 6d. Tin finished firm, spot and futures making a gain of £1 each, closing at £182 and £181 respectively. The metal finished firm. Spelter was dull and 2s lower, up 2s 6d. Spelter 52l 10s, lead 21l 5s. Quicksilver warrants $16 48¾ bid.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Heavy Tone in the Curb Market, with Business on a Small Scale.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 81,083 shares of stock and $37,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 6,111; oils, 2,097, and mining, 43,775. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	B.-M. Tob	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼
100	B.-Am. T. n	22½	22½	22½	22½
66	K. Spring. T.	58	58	58	58
1,800	Mar. M., com.	13½	14¼	13¾	14⅛
175	M. M. 1st pf.	44¼	44¼	43	43
200	M. 2d pf.	18¼	18½	18¼	18¼
1,100	Nat. C. & S.	54	54	54	54
900	N. C. & S. pf.	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
135	P. S. & Rfg.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
500	Riker & Heg.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
100	Sier. G. W.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
288	Un. C. S. Co. of Am	87¾	188½	87½	87½
600	Un. P. S. C.	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝
400	Way. C. & G.	5¼	5½	5¼	5⅜
407	Willys Over'd.	79	79	76¼	76½
50	U. S. L. & H.	6	6	6	6

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
400	Anglo-Am. O.	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ¼
9	Atlantic Ref.	622	614	614	— 3
5	‡Buckeye P. L.	140	140	140	— 5
20	Contin'l Oil	234	220	230	— 3
20	Crescent P. L.	50	50	50	— ½
23	Eureka P. L.	262	259	259	— 6
45	Indiana P. L.	134	133	133	— 2
75	Nat. Transit	39	38¼	39	..
15	N. Y. Transit	279	279	279	..
20	Northern P. L.	118	118	118	— 1
225	Ohio Oil	179½	177½	178	— 5
65	Pierce Oil	82	78	82	+ 1
65	P. Oil & Gas.	488	493	493	+ 8
5	Solar Refin'g.	308	308	308	+ 1
1	S. W. P. P. L.	147	147	147	— 1
25	S. Penn. Oil	297	296	296	— 2
18	Southern P. L.	224	223	223	— 1½
400	S. O. of Cal.	335	324	324	— 13
121	S. O. of Ind.	502	495	495	— 5
38	S. O. of Kan.	441	440	440	..
10	S. O. of Ky.	277	276	277	— 5
67	S. O. of N. J.	411	408	410½	+ 1½
250	S. O. of N. Y.	218¼	214	214½	+ 1½
95	Union T. L.	88	87	87½	+ 1½
75	Vacuum Oil	230	228	228	..

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Con. Gas rts	3 11-16	3 11-16	3 11-16	3 11-16
268	Un. Pac. rts.	28½	28¾	28½	28¾

MINING STOCKS.

500	*Atlanta	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
400	Boston Mon	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
300	Braden Cop	8	8	7⅞	7⅞
200	Brit. Col. C.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
100	Can. Copper Corp., w. l.	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16	2 7-16
6,500	*Can. Gold F.	8	8	8	8
800	*Carl. Goals	68	68	66	68
2,200	Con. Ari. S.	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	4	4	4	4
1,200	‡Florence	51	52	51	52
3,000	Gold Hill	9-16	9-16	½	½
800	‡Kerr Lake	4¼	4¼	4 3-16	4 3-16
200	La Rose Con.	1 7-16	1½	1⅜	1⅜
1,145	McK.-Dar.	75	78	75	77
100	*Nev. Hills	33	33	33	33
2,150	*North Star	32	33	32	33
4,000	*Ore	12	12½	12	12
500	Pacific Smelt	½	½	½	½
3,000	*Sand. Kendal	14½	14½	15	15
600	‡St. Sil.-Ld.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1¾	1¾
900	Ton. Ext.	2⅜	2	2 13-16	2 13-16
300	Ton. Jr. But.	1.06	1.06	1.08	1.06
6,200	*Ton. Mid.	50	48	50	48
500	Ton. Midway	25	25	25	25
200	*Ton. Mispah	30	30	30	30
100	*Ton. Mont.	75	75	75	75
1,000	*Ton. Rua. Exla	15½	15½	15½	15½
100	Tularosa	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
300	*Tuolumne	43	43	41	41
2,200	West E. Con.	86	87	85	87
2,000	West E. Ext.	4	4	4	4
200	Yukon G. M.	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾

BONDS.

$16,000	Can. Pacific 6 p. c. notes	104	104	104	104
11,000	Chile Cop. 7s	110	111	110	111
27,000	Consol. Gas con. 6s	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾
3,000	West. Pac. 6s	55	55	55	55

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lot. ‡Ex div.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Y'ld
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar. 15, '15	100⅝	100¾	3.90
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1915	100	100¼	3.90
Am. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100	100¼	4.95
Aus. Gov.	4½	Jul. 1, '15	100¼	100¾	4.95
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1915	100	100⅛	4.30
B. R. T.	5	July, 1918	99¾	99¾	4.55
Can. Pacific.	6	Mar. 2, '24	103¾	104½	5.40
Ches. & Ohio.	5	June, 1919	98½	99¼	5.50
Ch. W. I.	5	Sep., 1915	99¾	99¾	6.00
Chi. Ed. Ry.	5	July, 1914	99¾	99¾	12.50
Con. P. (Minn.)	6	May, 1917	98½	98	6.65
Erie	5½	Apr., 1917	99¾	99¾	5.60
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	100⅝	100⅝	3.12
Erie	5¾	Apr., 1917	99¾	99¾	5.60
Fed. Sugar	5	Nov. 1, '14	98	100	5.00
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	101	101¼	4.75
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99¾	99¾	5.00
H. & B. Am.	5	May, 1915	98¾	99¼	5.00
Hock. Valley	4½	Nov., 1914	100⅛	100⅛	3.12
Ill. Central	4½	July, 1914	100⅛	100⅛	2.85
Int. & G. N.	5	Aug., 1914	100	100¼	1.50
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '15	100⅛	93	47.00
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	99¾	100⅛	5.80
Mich. Central	4½	Mar. 2, '15	99¾	98	6.85
M. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	98	100¼	3.90
M. K. & T.	5	May, 1915	90	98	7.70
Mo. Pacific.	6	June, 1915	93½	93	7.25
M. T. & T.	6	Apr., 1915	99¾	94½	11.50
Minn. Gen. E.	6	June, 1915	99¾	100⅛	5.40
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99	99	6.37
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5	Sep. 15, '14	99¾	99¾	6.25
N. Y. C. & H. R.	6	Nov. 5, '14	100⅛	100⅛	5.25
N. Y. C. & H. R.	4½	May, 1915	100⅛	100⅛	3.20
N. Y. N. H. & H.	5	May, 1915	99¾	100⅛	4.20
Nor. Pacific.	6	July 9, '14	100⅛	98¾	6.12
Pac. G. & E.	5	Mar. 25, '15	99¾	100⅛	5.25
P. S. C. of N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	99	99¾	5.25
Sea. Air Line.	5	Mar., 1916	99¾	99¾	5.40
So. Pacific.	5	Jun. 15, '14	100⅛	100⅛	5.00
So. Railway.	6	Feb., 1916	99¾	99¾	5.50
So. Railway.	5	Mar., 1917	99¾	99¾	5.60
State of Tenn.	5	July, 1914	99	99¾	5.05
Stin. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	100	100¼	2.00
U. S. R. & M.	5	May, 1917	100	100¼	5.70
Un. Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	98	98¼	5.40
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	101¾	102	5.15
United Fruit.	5	July, 1918	98¾	98¾	5.30
U. S. Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100	100⅛	5.80
Western Md.	5	Aug., 1915	101¾	102¼	5.30
West. Power.	6	July, 1915	90	96	8.90
		July, 1918	98½	100	6.00

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line	1914-1924	4	4@4½	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-25	4½	4.80	4.45
Balt., Roch. & P.	1914-30	4½@5	4.50	4.40
Ches. & Ohio	1914-17	4	4.65	4.40
Chicago & N. W.	1914-23	4½	4.80	4.60
Chi., Ind. & L.	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.85	4.60
Erie Railroad	1914-23	4½	4.60	4.40
Hocking Valley	1914-23	4½@5	4.75	4.60
Illinois Central	1914-23	4½	4.75	4.60
Int. Gt. Northern	1914-23	5	4.50	4.40
Louis. & Nash.	1914-23	5	4.60	4.50
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-23	5	5.25	5.00
Missouri Pacific	1914-22	5	5.25	5.00
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1914-23	4½@5	4.65	4.55
Gen. Freight	1914-23	4½	4.60	4.30
St. L. & S. F.	1914-24	5	5.10	4.90
Seaboard Air Line	1914-23	5	4.70	4.50
Southern Railway	1914-23	4½@5	4.75	4.50
Southern Pacific	1914-23	4½	4.50	4.40
Virginian Ry.	1914-19	5	5.00	4.90
Wabash	1914-21	5	6.50	5.20

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17	17¼	17¼	17⅜
Atlantic Refining	610	620	615	625
Borne-Scrymser	290	300	290	300
Buckeye Pipe Line	139	141	143	147
Chesebrough Mfg.	665	675	660	670
Colonial Oil	100	110	100	110
Continental Oil	220	223	232	236
Crescent Pipe Line	49	52	49	53
Cumberland Pipe L.	84	87	85	90
Eureka Pipe Line	260	265	260	265
Galena-Signal Oil	170	176	170	176
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	148	145	149
Indiana Pipe Line	132	135	135	138
National Transit	38	40	38	40
New York Transit	278	283	280	285
Northern Pipe Line	117	120	117	120
Ohio Oil	170	176	176	180
Prairie Oil & Gas	462	467	470	475
Prairie Pipe Line	300	310	305	310
Solar Refining	290	295	295	300
Southern Pipe Line	222	225	222	225
South Penn. Oil	296	300	297	302
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	147	150	147	150
Standard Oil (Cal.)	324	326	335	337
Standard Oil (Ind.)	492	497	500	505
Standard Oil (Kan.)	435	445	440	450
Standard Oil (Ky.)	277	282	278	283
Standard Oil (Neb.)	365	375	365	375
Standard Oil (N. J.)	409	411	409	416
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	212	215	217	219
Standard Oil (Ohio)	410	415	420	430
Swan & Finch	190	200	190	200
Union Tank Lines	87	89	85	90
Vacuum Oil	227	230	227	230
Washington Oil	37	42	37	42
Waters-Pierce Oil	5,300	5,400	5,300	5,400

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	June 3. Bid.	Asked.	June 2. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	132	138	135	138
American Cigar pf.	93½	100	96¼	100
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	85	90	84	86
British-Am. new	22¼	22½	22¼	22½
Consol. Foil	280	300	280	300
Johnson Tin & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young Co.	123	135	125	135
MacA. & Forbes	193	195	195	200
MacA. & Forbes pf.	98	100	98	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	230	240	230	240
P. R.-Am. Cig. scrip	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds	263	265	263	265
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	81	85	84	86
U. S. Cigar Stores	37½	38	37½	38
U. S. Cigar Stores pf.	113	115	111	115

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
17	Commercial Credit	150	150	150
27	Consolidation Coal	93	93	93
350	Elkhorn Fuel	20¼	20¼	20¼
50	Fairmont Gas pf.	46	46	46
1	Penn. Water & P.	75	75	75
262	United Rys. & Elec.	28	27¾	27¾

BONDS.

$1,000	Balt. Elec. 5s, stpd.	98½	98½	98½
1,000	Balt. S. P. & C. 4½s	97¾	97¾	97¾
2,000	Carolina Central 4s	87½	87½	87½
1,000	Char'n Con. Elec. 5s	93¾	93¾	93¾
3,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	98¾	98¾	98¾
3,000	City Balt. 3½s	91	91	91
7,000	City Balt. 3½s, '45	90¼	90¼	90¼
4,000	Con. Gas 4½s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	Con. Gas 5s	94½	94	94½
5,000	Elkhorn Fuel 5s	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
1,000	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s	95	95	95
14,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
9,000	Mt. View Cot. D. 5s	98½	98½	98½
2,000	Nort. & P. Trac. 5s	31¼	30¾	31¼
23,000	Un. Rys. & El. 1st 4s	87¾	87¾	87¾
12,000	Un. Rys. & El. inc. 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾
1,000	Un. Rys. & El. fdg. 5s	86¾	62¾	62¾
300	Un. Rys. & El. fdg. 5s	86¾	86¾	86¾
21,800	Un. Rys. & El. notes	100	88	88
1,000	Wash., Balt. & A. 5s	82½	99½	100
			82½	82½

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
45	Ahmeek	275	275	275
645	Ariz. Commercial	4 11-16	4¼	4¼
50	Butte & Bal.	22½	22½	22½
610	Butte & Superior	39¾	39¾	39¾
825	Calumet & Ariz	65	64½	65
50	Cliff	..	..	..
10	East Butte	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
155	Granby	81¾	81¼	81¼
80	Island Creek	47½	47¼	47¼
2	Island Creek pf.	88	88	88
30	Isle Royale	20	20	20
50	Mayflower	..	..

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Consumers Power 5s, 1929
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Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951
Southern Sierra Power 6s, 1936
Southern Cal. Edison 5s, 1939
Salmon River Power Co. 5s, 1952
Southern Power 5s, 1930
Springfield Ry. & Light 5s, 1926
Tennessee Power 5s, 1962
Terre Haute Tract. & Lt. 5s, 1944
Utah Securities 6s, 1922

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We have embodied our views on this issue in a circular which we will be pleased to furnish upon application.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNEDAY, JUNE 3, 1914.

Stocks, (Shares.)

Total sales June 3, 1914	158,213
Same day last year	779,223
Total year to date	34,568,054
Same period last year	38,113,302
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	68.50 + .29
Same day last year	67.16 —1.05

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	67.16	June 4
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	68.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
98	102	100	Adams Express	99	99	99	99	+ ½
27¾	27⅞	300	Alaska Gold Mines	27½	27¾	27½	27¾	+ ¼
42½	43	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	43	43	43	43	— ½
71⅝	71¾	6,400	Amalgamated Cop	70⅝	71½	70⅝	71½	+ ⅞
25¼	25⅝	900	Am. Beet Sugar	25	25⅝	25	25	— ⅛
26⅝	27⅛	850	Am. Can	26⅝	27	26⅝	27	+ ⅛
90½	91	100	Am. Can pf	90½	90¾	90⅝	90¾	+ ⅛
50¼	50⅝	10	Am. Car & Fdry	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	...
66	70	350	Am. Cities pf	65¾	66	65¾	66	+ ⅞
30⅜	31	1,525	Am. Ice Securities	30¼	30⅜	30⅛	30⅜	+ ⅛
9⅛	10¼	400	Am. Linseed	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	— 1⅛
30⅝	31½	600	Am. Locomotive	30½	30⅝	30½	30⅝	— ⅛
62⅜	62¾	600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	62	62¼	62	62⅛	— ⅛
101¾	101⅞	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	101½	101⅝	101½	101⅜	— ⅛
30	31½	200	Am. Steel Fdries	31½	31⅝	31½	31⅝	— ⅛
107½	108	800	Am. Sugar Refin	107	107⅝	107	107⅝	— ⅛
123½	123⅝	2,300	Am. Teleph. & Tel	122⅝	123⅝	122⅝	123⅝	+ 1½
225	227	200	Am. Tobacco	226½	226⅞	226½	226⅝	— 1
107½	109	100	Am. Tobacco pf	108	108	108	108	...
75⅝	76¼	200	Am. Woolen pf	76	76	75⅝	75⅝	— ⅛
31½	31⅝	450	Anaconda Cop. Co	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	— ⅛
...	20	300	Assets Realization	15½	15½	15½	15½	— ⅜
98⅝	98½	2,000	Atch., Top. & S. F	97⅞	98½	97⅞	98½	+ ⅝
100½	101	400	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	+ ⅜
122	128	25	Atlantic Coast Line	122	122	122	122	...
90¼	91	1,500	Baltimore & Ohio	89⅝	90⅜	89⅝	90¼	+ ⅜
41¾	42¼	200	Bethlehem Steel	41½	41½	41½	41⅝	+ ⅛
92⅞	93¼	1,000	Bklyn Rapid Tran	93⅜	93	92⅜	93	+ ⅛
20⅜	20⅝	200	California Petrol'm	20⅜	20⅝	20⅜	20⅝	+ ⅛
57	58⅜	100	California Pet. pf	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	— 1
194½	194⅞	4,000	Canadian Pacific	193½	194⅝	193½	194⅝	+ 1
34	34½	900	Central Leather Co	34	34⅛	34	34⅛	+ ⅛
101¼	101⅜	100	Cent. Leather Co.pf	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜	+ ⅜
51½	52	1,170	Chesapeake & Ohio	51	51⅝	51	51⅝	+ ⅜
13⅝	13½	200	Chi. Gt. Western	13	13	13	13	...
34⅝	36	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	+ ⅛
100	100	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	98⅝	99¼	98⅝	99⅛	+ ⅛
134	137½	500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	138	138	138	138	— 1
129⅝	130½	200	Chi. & Northwest	130	130	130	130	+ ¼
41¼	41⅞	600	Chino Copper	41⅛	41⅝	41⅛	41⅝	+ ⅜
66	68	10	Cluett, Peabody Co	68	68	68	68	...
128⅝	129¼	500	Consolidated Gas	128¾	129	128¾	129	+ ¼
8⅝	8¾	300	Corn Products Ref	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
398	400	100	Del., Lack. & West	399	399	399	399	+ 1
14	15	90	Distillers' Securities	14	14	14	14	...
28⅛	28⅜	1,800	Erie	28¼	28⅝	28⅛	28⅝	+ ⅜
43	44	245	Erie 1st pf	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	+ ⅛
147	148	500	General Electric	147	147⅜	147	147⅜	+ ⅜
92	94	100	General Motors	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	+ ⅝
93	94	125	General Motors pf	93½	93½	93½	93½	...
24⅝	25	20	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
123¾	124½	800	Great Northern pf	123⅞	124	123⅝	124	+ ⅛
31	32	200	G. N. certs.ore prop	31	31	31	31	— ⅛
53	53¼	300	Guggenheim Explor	52⅝	53	52⅝	53	...
116	120	8	Homestake Mining	116	116	116	116	...
110	112½	100	Illinois Central	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	— ⅛
14½	14⅝	100	Inter.-Met. v. tr. ctfs	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅛
62⅜	62⅞	1,810	Inter.-Met. pf. ctfs	62½	62⅝	62½	62⅝	+ ⅛
106½	108	100	Int. Harvester, N. J.	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜	+ ¼
26⅜	27	300	Kan. City South	26½	26⅝	26⅜	26⅝	+ ⅛
90	98	15	Kayser (J.) & Co	93	93	93	93	...
135⅝	135⅞	13,500	Lehigh Valley	136½	137	134¾	135⅝	— ½
117	120	100	Liggett & Myers pf	118	118	118	118	— ½
113¼	114¼	100	Lorll., (P.) Co. pf	114	114	114	114	...
68½	69½	100	Mackay Cos. pf	68¼	68½	68¼	68½	...
99½	100½	100	May Dept. St. pf	100	100	100	100	+ ¼
9½	10¼	10	Mer. Marine pf	10¼	10½	10¼	10¼	...
63	63¼	700	Mexican Petroleum	62⅞	63	62⅞	63	+ ⅛
21⅝	22	500	Miami Copper	21⅝	22	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
124	125	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	123	123	123	123	— ½
18⅞	19	2,370	Missouri Pacific	18½	19	18½	18⅞	+ ⅛
51⅛	51¾	3,700	Montana Power	50	51⅜	50	51⅜	+ ⅛
102⅝	104	100	Montana Power pf	103½	103½	103½	103½	+ ½
130⅞	132½	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	132¼	132¼	132¼	132¼	+ ¼
145	147	300	Nevada Con. Cop	144⅝	147	144⅝	146⅝	+ 1½
90⅜	90⅝	1,464	N. Y. Central	90¼	90⅝	90¼	90⅝	+ ⅛
63½	63⅝	7,740	N. Y., N. H. & H	64½	65⅜	63⅝	65⅜	+ 1½
26⅜	30	100	Norfolk Southern	27⅝	27⅞	27⅝	27⅞	+ ⅛
109¾	110¼	700	Northern Pacific	109⅝	110	109⅝	110	+ ⅛
111	111½	2,400	Penn. R. R	113¼	113¼	110⅞	111¾	+ ⅛
121	121½	300	People's Gas, Chi	121	121	120⅞	121	+ ⅛
81	80	200	P., C., C. & St. L	81	81	81	81	— ⅛
43½	44¼	200	Pressed Steel Car	43½	43½	43	43	— ¼
155	156	200	Pullman Co	156	156	156	156	+ ⅝
1¼	1⅝	200	Quicksilver pf	1⅝	1⅝	1¼	1¼	+ ⅛
21⅝	21½	800	Ray Con. Copper	21¼	21½	21¼	21½	+ ⅛
164½	164⅝	29,700	Reading	163¾	164⅝	163¾	164⅝	+ ¼
2⅜	3	300	Rock Island Co	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
4¼	4¼	200	Rock Island Co. pf	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
12	12¼	400	Rumely, (M.,) Co	12	12	12	12	— ⅛
29	31	100	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf	30	30	30	30	— 2½
20¾	21¼	400	St. L. Southwestern	21	21	21	21	— ½
20	20¼	740	Seab. Air Line	18⅞	20	18⅞	20	+ 1
54¼	54⅜	100	Seab. Air Line pf	54¼	54½	54½	54½	+ ⅛
92½	92¾	9,900	Southern Pacific	91⅝	92⅝	91⅝	92⅝	+ ⅛
24⅝	25	200	So. Railway ext	24½	24½	24½	24½	...
79	80½	11	So. Railway pf. ext	80	80	80	80	...
88½	89	100	Studebaker Co. pf	88½	88⅝	88½	88⅝	+ ⅛
34⅝	34¾	300	Tennessee Copper	34½	34⅝	34½	34⅝	+ ⅛
145½	146½	100	Texas Co.	146	146	146	146	...
42	42¼	400	Third Avenue	41⅜	42	41⅜	42	+ ⅛
154½	154⅝	10,850	Union Pacific	153⅝	154⅝	153⅝	154⅝	+ ⅜
47⅝	48	100	United Cigar Mfrs	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	— ⅛
97½	101	6	Un. Dry Goods pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	— 1
37	38	300	United Rys. Inv. pf	38	38	38	38	...
58½	58¾	219	U. S. Rubber	58⅝	58½	58⅝	58½	— ⅛
102	102½	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102	102	102	102	...
60⅝	60⅝	23,500	U. S. Steel	60	60⅝	60	60⅝	+ ⅝
109⅝	109⅝	400	U. S. Steel pf	109½	109⅞	109½	109⅞	+ ⅛
56⅝	56⅞	1,000	Utah Copper	56	56⅝	55⅞	56⅝	+ ⅜
29	29½	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	28¾	29	28¾	29	+ ⅛
100	101	700	Wells-Fargo Exp	98½	100	98½	100	+ 3
19¼	19⅞	150	Western Maryland	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	+ ⅛
61⅞	62	500	Western Union Tel	62	62	61¾	62	+ ⅛
77	77½	1,600	Westingh. E. & M	76½	77	76	77	+ ⅝
3½	4	100	Wheeling & L. E	3⅜	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝	— ⅛
4	8	50	W. & L. E. 2d pf	4	4	4	4	...
95½	96½	100	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	96	96	96	96	— 1½
116⅝	117	100	Woolworth pf	117	117	117	117	— ⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotatnons for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930.	96⅜	97½	Pan 2s, r, 1938	97	..
2s, c, 1930.	97	98	Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	102
3s, r, 1918.	101¼	102	Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	102
3s, c, 1918.	101¼	101½			
4s, r, 1925.	109½	110½			
4s, c, 1925.	110	111½			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Allis-Chalm	10½	12	Holme (G W) Co	150	170
Am Ag Ch	53½	54½	Do pf	108	117
Do pf	95	96½	Hock Val.	124½	..
A B S pf	71¾	73½	Inger-R	110	..
A B S & F pf	88¾	92	Do pf	92	..
Am Bdge	136	139	Inmp C C	17	17¼
A C & F pf	117½	118½	Int Agric	5	7
Am Coal	83	100	Do pf	16½	20
Am C Fr	65	66	Int H pf	118	..
Do pf	106	106	Int H Cor	103	106
Am Cot O	41	42½	Do pf	113	120
Do pf	93¼	97	Int Paper	8	9
Am Exp	105	109	Do pf	34	34½
A H L	3¾	4¼	Int St P	5	7
Do pf	20¼	21	Do pf	..	19
Am Lin pf	26	29	Iowa Cent	6½	7
Am L pf	98¼	100	Do pf	13	19
Am Malt	7	8	K C, Ft S & M pf	..	78½
Do pf	42	45	K C So pf	60	61
A S pf. B	82½	83½	Kayser (J) & Co pf	110	115
Am Snuff	162	166	K & D M	4	8
Do pf	104	108	Do pf	38	..
Am S Ref pf	112	114	Kresge(SS) Co	98	99
Am Wool	15	17	Do pf	102½	..
Am Wr Pa pf	12	13	Lack Steel	30½	36
Bald Loc	46	47	Lacl Gas	96	98
Do pf	108	110	L E & W	5	8½
B & O pf	80⅞	81½	Do pf	15	19
Batop M	¾	⅞	Ligg & M	214	218
Beth S pf	84	86	Long Isl'd	28	34
Brown Sh	36	42	L-W Bls	30	34
Do pf	86	90	Do ls pf	102¾	105¼
Bk Un G	126	128	Do 2d pf	90	95
Bruns Ter	6	7¼	Lor Co	172½	175
B, R & P	105	113½	Louis & N	136	137
Do pf	116¾	135	M'kay Cos	81	83
But'k Co	27	29¼	Man Elev	131¼	131½
Canada So	57½	..	M Dep Sts	58	60½
Case (J I) pf	84½	90	Mer Mar	2	3½
C R I of N	300	320	Mex Pf pf	..	88
C & S A T	100	107½	Mitch Cent	190	195
Chi & Alt	8	9½	M & St L	13¼	13½
Do pf	13	25	Do pf	28	33
C, I & L pf	50	80	M, St P & S S M pf	135	145
C & N W pf	175	185	Do l s	78	82½
Chi, St P, M & Om	127	130	M, K & T	17	17¾
Do pf	135	145	Do pf	39	42
C, C, C & St L	30	40	M P 1st pf	102½	..
Do pf	51	52½	M Wd pf	108	116
Clu-P pf	101¼	105	N C & St L	135	140½
Col F & I	26⅞	27	Nat B pf	135¼	..
Do pf	175	180	Nat Enam	10¾	11
Col & So	22½	23½	Do pf	76	86
Do 1st pf	40	42	Nat Lead	46	47¼
Do 2d pf	33	40	Do pf	106½	107½
Corn P R pf	64	66	Nat Rys of M 1st pf	27	30
Crex Carp	70	80	Do 2d pf	11	12½
Cub-Am S	..	30	N O, M & C pf	..	25
Do pf	84	86	N Y A B	65	67
D & Co pf	94	94½	ex div	65	..
D & Hud	148	149½	N Y, C & St L	36	40
D & R G	11¾	11½	Do 1st pf	92	100
Do pf	20	21	Do 2d pf	68	75
D M & Ft B	3½	..	N Y Dock	5	20
Do pf	..	30	Do pf	..	26
Dist Sec	112	113½	N Y, O & W	25	27½
Del & M	85	..	Do pf	107½	114½
Do pf	85	..	Nort & W	103½	104⅜
Det U R	..	71	Do pf	89½	91
D, S S & A pf	4	5	North Am	76	77
Do pf	8	11	N P T & T	71	72
Du P de N pf	85	..	Light	58	66
Elec Bd & Sh	95	98	Ont Min	2½	3
Erie 2d pf	36½	37¼	Pabst B pf	90	102
F M & S	8	15	Pac Coast	75	90
Do pf	28½	31	Do 1st pf	80	95
Gen Ch	160	170	Do 2d pf	80	90
Do pf	100	110½	Pac Mail	22½	23½
G'drich (B F) Co pf	83	89½	P T & T	27	28
Hav E Ry	75	..	Do pf	88	90¾
Do pf	92	..	Peo & East	16	20
Hav Tob	3	5	Pett-Mull	20	27
Do pf	..	25	Do 1st pf	..	99
Hocking C	73	84	Phelps D	173	..
Do pf	..	95	P C C & St L	..	84
Homer Rea	..	25	Do pf	73	84
Do pf	..	75	Pitts C, C & St L	..	98
Hud Coal	19	20½	Do pf	124½	15
Do pf	87½	88	T C R T	105	107¾
Pitts S pf	85	92	Do pf	125¼	..
Pr St Car pf	102	103	Und Type	75	85
Quicksilver	1	2	Do pf	107½	114½
R R Sec 1 C stk	..	78	U B & F	5	5½
Do pf	..	90	Do pf	20	22½
Ry St Spr	28	30	Un Bag & P pf	83¾	84¼
Do pf	90	96	Un Cig M pf	99	101
Rdg 1st pf	88½	89¼	Un Dry G	83	85
Rdg 2d pf	85	87	U Rys In	18½	19¼
R I & S	22	23¾	U S C I P	9	10
Do pf	85½	87	U S Exp	75¾	78
St L & S F	..	..	U S Ind A	15	80
Do 1st pf	10	12½	Do pf	90	93
Do 2d pf	5	6½	U S Red	53	60
St L & S F, C & H ctfs	8	10	Do pf	76	87
Do pf	10	20	Vand R R	95	98
St L S W pf	61	..	Va-Car Ch	100	101¾
Sears-R	154	185	Va I, C & Coke	46	50
Do pf	124½	..	Va R & P	42	50
S-S S & I	26	30	Do pf	96½	..
Do pf	85	90	Vul Detin	6½	11
So P R S	20	..	Do pf	24½	35
Do pf	80	100	Wabash	¾	1
So R, M & O ctfs	73	85	Do pf	3½	4
Stand M	38½	40	Wash Ry & Nav Co	34½	50
Do pf	64	68	Wey-B	215	300
Studeb Co	83½	33¾	Do pf	110	120
Texas Pac	15½	16	W & L E 1st pf	194	198
T P L Tr	98	106	Wis Cent	38	44

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Railroads	78.23	77.89	78.14	+ .39
Industrials	58.88	58.54	58.57	+ .19

COMBINED AVERAGE.

May 26	69.15	68.93	69.00	— .11
May 27	69.44	69.08	69.33	+ .33
May 28	69.46	69.13	69.17	— .16
May 29	69.25	69.03	69.17	— .10
May 30—Holiday.				
June 1	69.03	68.74	68.79	— .38
June 2	68.87	68.13	68.21	— .58
June 3	68.65	68.09	68.50	+ .29

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
June, 1913	69.28	June 2	63.66	June 10	66.84
June, 1912	82.79	June 6	80.03	June 1	71.84
June, 1911	84.43	June 14	81.48	June 1	82.79
Yr. to date	73.80	Jan. 31	68.25	Apr. 25	68.50
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.66	June 10	68.84
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 10	78.26
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.06

UP-STATE BANK FIGURES.

The combined reports of State banks and trust companies outside of Greater New York for the week ended May 29, 1914, as compiled by the State Banking Department, follow:

STATE BANKS.

		Decrease.
Loans and discounts	$180,287,200	*$492,500
Total deposits	137,389,900	991,200
Total reserve	24,068,400	627,200

Average reserve, 19.2 per cent.; reserve required, 15 per cent.

TRUST COMPANIES.

Loans	185,984,000	*$31,000
Total deposits	194,852,700	469,400
Total reserve	25,661,600	946,900

Average reserve, 15.9 per cent.; reserve required, 10 per cent. *Increase.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Receipts and expenditures:

	June 2.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,039,738	$1,801,038	$270,177,016
Int. rev., ord.	891,772	1,210,242	281,631,073
Corp. & inc. tax	331,606	422,218	10,857,439
Miscellaneous	333,834	1,491,141	51,700,980
Total rcts.	$2,596,950	$4,724,640	$614,366,508
Expenditures	1,913,534	5,712,181	661,906,401
Surplus	1,683,303	990,459	$47,539,893
Deficit			

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales June 3, 1914	$2,556,000
Same day last year	2,877,500
Total year to date	325,601,000
Same period last year	247,370,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	87.39
Same day last year	87.16 —.54

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.42	Feb. 4	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	87.16	June 4
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

Jap Gov 4½s, ster l 3,000 88½
Chinese Rwy 5s 6,000 89½
Rep of Cuba 5s 3,000 90⅞
N Y State 4½s 10,000 110½ 10,000 110¼
N Y Canal 4½s 17,000 110¼
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs 32,000 65 1,000 66 15,000 65½ 12,000 66 5,000 66⅛ 3,000 66½ 1,000 67 10,000 66 5,000 66½ 1,000 67
N Y City 4s, 1957 1,000 99½
4s, 1958 7,000 99¾
4s, 1959 13,000 99 13,000 99½
4½s, 1960 16,000 101⅜
4½s, May, 1917 1,000 101⅝
4½s, May, 1957 5,000 107⅛ 1,000 107¼ 5,000 107⅛
Am Ag Ch cv 5s 1,000 100 3,000 100¼
Am. Cot. Oil 4½s 1,000 99
Am Sm Secur 6s 1,000 103⅜ 1,000 103¾
Am T & T conv 4s 1,000 96
conv 4½s 2,000 98⅞ 2,000 98½ 23,000 99
Am Sm Secur 6s 8,000 99¼ 35,000 99½ 15,000 99¾ 50,000 99⅝ 84,000 99⅝ 1,000 99⅞ 17,000 99⅝ 5,000 99¾ 10,000 99¾ 28,000 99⅝ 71,000 99⅝ 65,000 99⅞ 10,000 100
col 4s 1,000 89½
Ann Arbor 1st 4s 2,000 65
Armour & Co 4½s 8,000 92⅜ 2,000 92⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s 3,000 95⅜ 5,000 95⅜ 500 95⅞ 4,000 95⅞ 500 95⅞ 2,000 95⅝ 1,000 95⅞
adj 4s 2,000 87
conv 4s, 1955 1,000 97 1,000 98½ 10,000 98½
conv 4s, 1960 10,000 97 18,000 97½ 10,000 97⅝ 10,000 98 3,000 97⅞ 63,000 98⅛ 5,000 98½ 10,000 98⅝ 34,000 99
B & O pr lien 3½s 2,000 92
gold 4s 26,000 94
conv 4½s 26,000 91½ 500 91⅜ 8,000 91⅝ 24,000 91½ 10,000 91⅝ 15,000 91⅝
registered 500 91½
B R T gold 5s 1,000 108½
5s, 1918 1,000 99⅜ 1,000 99⅝
ref conv 4s 40,000 91½
Beth Steel ext 5s 2,000 99¼ 2,000 99½ 5,000 99⅝
1st & ref 5s 3,000 88⅝
Bklyn U El 1st 5s 2,000 102⅜
Bklyn Un Gas 5s 1,000 105¼
Cal Gas & El 5s 1,000 92½
Carolina, Clinchf & Ohio 5s 3,000 99¼
Canada So con 5s, Series A 1,000 106⅜
Cent Dist Tel 5s 1,000 99½
Cent Leather 6s 7,000 99½
Cent Pac gtd 4s 1,000s102 7,000 94 7,000 94½
Cent Pac gtd 5½s 6,000 91½
C & O gen 4½s 5,000 92⅜
con 5s 1,000 107 3,000 106⅞
C, B & Q gen 4s 5,000 93½ 3,000 93⅝ 1,000 93¾ 2,000 93⅝
joint 4s 3,000 97½ 2,000 97½ 4,000 97½ 4,000 97¼ 2,000 97⅛
registered 6,000 96⅞
Ill Div 3½s 5,000 85½
Chi & East Ill ref & imp 4s 1,000 40
Chi Gr Westn 4s 1,000 73⅞ 2,000 73¾
Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1934 66,000 92
gen 4s, Ser A 5,000 96½ 1,000 95½
conv 4½s 1,000 101⅜ 1,000 101⅝ 15,000 101½ 5

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE RAILWAY COMPANY.
To the Stockholders of
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE RAILWAY COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the Stockholders of Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railway Company has been called by resolution of the Board of Directors, and will be held at the principal office of the company in Indianapolis, Indiana, on Friday, June 19th, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon, to approve the purchase by the Company of all the outstanding bonds and a controlling interest in the capital stock of Chicago & Wabash Valley Railway Company, and to consent to, authorize and approve the execution and issue by the Company of not exceeding Four Million Dollars ($4,000,000) principal amount of the Company's five year five per cent. gold bonds, to be secured by a mortgage or deed of trust upon all the railroad and other real property, leasehold interests, rights, privileges, and franchises of the Company, and upon such personal property of the Company as the Board of Directors may deem advisable, including any of the securities of said Chicago & Wabash Valley Railway Company, and any equipment purchased with proceeds of the bonds, which mortgage or deed of trust will be in such form, and to such Trustee or Trustees, and may contain such provisions, stipulations and agreements, as shall be approved by the Board of Directors; and to take all such other and further action in respect to the creation of said mortgage as may come before the meeting, including approving all action of the Board of Directors in the premises.

The Stock Transfer Books will close at three o'clock P. M. on Monday, June 8th, 1914, and will re-open at ten o'clock A. M. on Saturday, June 20th, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors.
Dated, May 14th, 1914.
F. A. DELANO, President.

NOTICE OF MEETING.
THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK.
New York, May 14th, 1914.

To the Stockholders of the National Nassau Bank of New York:

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors a Special Meeting of Stockholders of the National Nassau Bank of New York has been called and will be held at twelve o'clock noon on the 16th day of June, 1914, at the Banking Office of the said Bank, No. 9 Beekman Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to vote upon a resolution to place said Bank in voluntary liquidation, pursuant to Sections 5220 and 5221 United States Revised Statutes, to take effect upon such action as may be taken, and upon a resolution to ratify the action of the Board of Directors in the premises preliminary to liquidation, and upon such other matters as may be brought before said meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed from three o'clock P. M., May 6, 1914, to three o'clock P. M. June 16, 1914.

By order of the Board of Directors.
ARTHUR W. GILBART, Cashier.

WESTINGHOUSE
Electric & Manufacturing Company
EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.

Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

To the Stockholders of Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company:

The annual meeting of the stockholders of Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the Borough of East Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, on Wednesday, June 10, 1914, at ten o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed on Saturday, the 23d day of May, 1914, at twelve o'clock noon, and will be reopened on Thursday, the 11th day of June, 1914, at ten o'clock A. M.

Dated May 19, 1914.
JAMES C. BENNETT, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION,
43 Exchange Place, New York,
MANAGERS
THE MANILA ELECTRIC RAILROAD AND LIGHTING CORPORATION.

The Board of Directors of the Manila Electric Railroad and Lighting Corporation has declared a regular quarterly dividend of ONE and THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) on the Capital Stock of the Corporation, payable Wednesday, July 1st, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, June 18th, 1914.

(Signed) T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.

Rubber Goods Manufacturing Co.

The Board of Directors of the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company has this day declared from the net earnings of the Company the 41st regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock, and a dividend of one per cent. (1%) on the Common Stock, both payable June 15th, 1914, to Stockholders of record at 3 P. M. on Wednesday, June 10th, 1914.

Checks will be mailed to registered addresses. E. J. HATHORNE, Treasurer.
New York, June 3rd, 1914.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
New York, June 3, 1914.
PREFERRED STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 61.

A dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Wednesday, July 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business Thursday, June 11, 1914.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

S. S. DE LANO, Treasurer.
WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

American Smelters Securities Co.,
165 Broadway, New York, June 3, 1914.
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NO. 37. PFD. STOCK, SERIES B.

The Directors of the American Smelters Securities Company have this day declared a dividend of 1¼% on the Preferred Stock, Series B, of the Company, payable July 1st, 1914, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., June 19th, 1914. The books of the Company for the transfer of Preferred Stock, Series B, will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., June 19th, 1914, to reopen at 10 A. M., June 29th, 1914. W. E. MERRISS, Secretary.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
New York, June 3, 1914.
COMMON CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 47.

A dividend of one-half per cent. (½%) on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Wednesday, July 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business Thursday, June 11, 1914.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

S. S. DE LANO, Treasurer.
WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

NEW YORK STATE RAILWAYS.
Grand Central Terminal, New York,
June 3rd, 1914.

A dividend of One and One-quarter Per Cent. (1¼%) on the Preferred Stock and One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%) on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared payable July 1st, 1914, at the office of the Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 17th, 1914. Transfer books will remain closed.

E. H. SIMON, Secretary & Treasurer.

THE NORTH AMERICAN COMPANY.
30 Broad St., New York, May 27th, 1914.
DIVIDEND NUMBER FORTY-ONE.

A quarterly dividend of ONE AND A QUARTER PER CENT. upon this Company's Capital Stock will be paid on July 1st, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 15th, 1914. The stock transfer books will not be closed. CHECKS will be mailed to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders at this office. J. F. FOGARTY, Secretary.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO.
No. 149 Broadway, New York, May 22, 1914.

The Board of Directors of the Virginia Railway & Power Company has this day declared a dividend of three per cent., equal to three dollars per share on the PREFERRED STOCK of said Company, payable on July 10th, 1914, to the Preferred Stockholders of record on June 13th, 1914. The Transfer Books will not be closed. Dividend cheques will be mailed.

G. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

NEW YORK TRANSIT COMPANY,
26 Broadway,
New York, N. Y., May 28, 1914.

A dividend of $8.00 per share has been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable July 15, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 24, 1914.

All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to the undersigned not later than July 8, 1914.

GEORGE CHESEBRO.

GEORGE W. HELME COMPANY,
111 Fifth Avenue,
New York, June 3, 1914.

Dividends of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock and Two and One-Half Per Cent. on the Common Stock of George W. Helme Company were this day declared, payable July 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 13, 1914. Checks will be mailed.

E. D. CHRISTIAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Office of the
Lanston Monotype Machine Co.,
Philadelphia, Penn.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable on the 30th day of June, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 15, 1914.

J. SELLERS BANCROFT, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, June 2, 1914.

OFFICE OF
THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO.,
15 Broad Street, New York, June 2, 1914.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held on the 2nd day of June, 1914, a dividend of $2 per share was declared on the capital stock of the Company, payable on and after the 15th day of July, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914.

F. L. LOVELACE, Secretary.

American Can Company

A quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable July 1st, 1914, to Stockholders of record at the close of business June 17th, 1914. Transfer books will remain open. Checks mailed.

E. H. SIMON, Secretary & Treasurer.

THE NORTH AMERICAN COMPANY.
30 Broad St., New York, May 27th, 1914.
DIVIDEND NUMBER FORTY-ONE.

A quarterly dividend of ONE AND A QUARTER PER CENT. upon this Company's Capital Stock will be paid on July 1st, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on June 15th, 1914. The stock transfer books will not be closed. CHECKS will be mailed to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders at this office. J. F. FOGARTY, Secretary.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY & POWER CO.
No. 149 Broadway, New York, May 22, 1914.

The Board of Directors of the Virginia Railway & Power Company has this day declared a dividend of three per cent., equal to three dollars per share on the PREFERRED STOCK of said Company, payable on July 10th, 1914, to the Preferred Stockholders of record on June 13th, 1914. The Transfer Books will not be closed. Dividend cheques will be mailed.

G. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

NEW YORK TRANSIT COMPANY,
26 Broadway,
New York, N. Y., May 28, 1914.

A dividend of $8.00 per share has been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable July 15, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 24, 1914.

All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to the undersigned not later than July 8, 1914.

GEORGE CHESEBRO.

GEORGE W. HELME COMPANY,
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New York, June 3, 1914.

Dividends of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock and Two and One-Half Per Cent. on the Common Stock of George W. Helme Company were this day declared, payable July 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 13, 1914. Checks will be mailed.

E. D. CHRISTIAN, Sec'y and Treas.

Office of the
Lanston Monotype Machine Co.,
Philadelphia, Penn.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable on the 30th day of June, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 15, 1914.

J. SELLERS BANCROFT, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, June 2, 1914.

OFFICE OF
THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO.,
15 Broad Street, New York, June 2, 1914.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held on the 2nd day of June, 1914, a dividend of $2 per share was declared on the capital stock of the Company, payable on and after the 15th day of July, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914.

F. L. LOVELACE, Secretary.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3½@4 per cent. for the best names.
Tuesday...3½@4 " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

***

Transparent Goods for Fall.

From present indications there will be no decline in the demand for transparent goods this Fall. One prominent firm of importers is now showing a new transparent silk crêpe, which is called crêpe vinita. It is said to be very popular in Europe at the present time; it is very transparent, and has the appearance of a fine quality crêpe de chine. It is said to be used liberally in the newly imported waist and dress models, and from all accounts it is being taken up well here by the cutting-up trade. It is expected to be as popular for Fall as transparent organdies have been of late.

***

Cream Serges Now in Demand.

A bright spot has appeared in the present dullness of the market for seasonable woolen dress goods in the shape of a nice demand for cream serges, both in plain and pencil stripe effects. The demand for plain cream serges was said yesterday to have made its first appearance about a week ago, with the call for pencil stripes materializing since then. Ready stocks of these goods are said to be comparatively small in this market, and in at least one instance a prominent dress goods operator has borrowed merchandise from another operator with which to fill his orders. The most popular goods range in price up to a dollar a yard, wholesale. A heavy run on these goods is predicted for the next two months.

***

Hides and Leather Quiet.

The current demand in the hide market can hardly be called more than fair, but prices continue firm. There is a steady but limited call for the packer sorts, with the country hides not faring so well. Prices are firm also on imported hides, though the demand for them is unsettled. The tanners are operating only in a conservative way on all grades; but the lack of accumulations of stock keeps the values up. Leather is also quiet, but firm. Sole leather is being taken only in a small way, and there is even a smaller demand for upper stock. Some of the smaller belting concerns are buying leather in a fair way, however. There is little snap to the demand for upholstering leather, the present quiet in the furniture trade holding sales to a comparatively low level. There is also little call at present for these grades from the automobile builders.

***

Varnishes from Holland.

A number of elastic varnishes manufactured in Holland will be sold in this market shortly for the first time. They include engine varnish designed to withstand great heat, an acid and dust-proof carriage varnish, outside and brilliant oak varnish, flatting, and a floor varnish so made as to dry within thirty-six hours to a hard finish. This latter is used by railroads abroad and, after the stated interval for drying, it is claimed that one may sit on a paper for any length of time without the paper sticking. Another varnish gives a crystal or transparent finish and may be used in producing imitation marble effects. A cheap oak varnish that, mixed with paint, will give a good enamel has also been imported. Besides varnishes this company turns out, and will sell here, a brown iron paint suitable for railroad ironwork. The claim is made for this paint that it will not become brittle or flake. It is used entirely on all ironwork, bridges, &c., in Belgium and Holland. A white turpentine practically odorless is included in the line.

***

Printcloth Bids Refused.

There were some good sales of 39-inch 68-72s in the local gray goods market yesterday at 5¾ cents, for deliveries running into September. Bids for 25,000 to 30,000 pieces of these goods at a price slightly under this figure were refused. Bids of 5 cents failed to bring out 40,000 pieces of 38½-inch 64-60s, and bids of 4⅝ cents for 60-48s in the same width were also refused by the mills, which held both of these constructions a sixteenth to an eighth of a cent higher. There were a few good sales of 39-inch 72-76s at 6⅛ cents, at which figure the market was very firm on this construction. Reports received here from Fall River indicated that the mills in that city were following the lead of the Southern manufacturers and tightening up on prices following the recent crop report. Many of the Fall River mills seem unwilling to contract at current figures for deliveries running into August and September. The big buyers of sheetings have now satisfied the bulk of their needs, but there is still a fair business being done in them.

***

Buying Active at Claflin's.

The second day of the big sale of wash and white goods and other merchandise, which is now being held by the H. B. Claflin Company at their store at Worth and Church Streets, witnessed a continuation of the active buying which featured the opening day. Not only was the attendance of buyers good, but the orders received by mail and telegraph called for a considerable volume of goods. As on the opening day, printed wash goods sold in excess of piece-dyed and true wash cloths, and there was no change in the character of the design demand. White goods and drapery fabrics continued to move freely, and in the other departments, which did not figure so largely in the sale, an excellent demand was reported. This was especially true of woven cloths, hosiery, underwear and gloves, as well as for laces. In the last-named department the demand was well diversified, Vals., Clunies, shadow effects and Orientals all coming in for their share of orders. The sale will continue for the remainder of the week, and in the featured department new lines will be added from day to day.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Amusement Specialty Co.—City of New York, $189.
Adler, David, and Samuel Rosenblatt—L. Shuisky, $294.
Brennan, Adelaide L.—J. McPhillips et al., $128.
Baron, Henry, and John Doe—A. Balteransky, $201.
Beall, Upton—S. M. Smith, $170.
Cleckman, Oscar, and Simon—J. Giguet, $250.
Boyer, Charles H.—W. Friedlander, $139.
Bowman, Henry—Hannis Distilling Co., $161.
Brigante, Michael—Broadway Trust Co., $2,501.
Brown, Benjamin, and Doris—F. Epstein, $223.
Briggs, Benjamin M.—City of New York, $246.
Burns, Michael—Same, $246.
Baker, William—Same, $246.
Blaine, James B.—Eugartnom Realty and Construction Co., $796.
Cohen, Meyer—L. Schorr, $192.
Cukor, Bela—B. Mandel, $351.
Campbell, Coram Co.—City of New York, $106.
Coler's Bulletin—Same, $360.
Connors, John—Same, $246.
Clement, Henry—Same, $246.
Chinnock, Frank—Same, $246.
Calhoun, Patrick—E. J. De Forest et al., $1,804.
Cuff, Thomas—T. Roulston, $141.
Curren, Daniel—City of New York, $246.
Cook, Charles—Same, $246.
Collom, Alexander—Same, $246.
Compapetto, John—G. W. Linch, costs, $108.
Cohen, Max—Ettar Realty Co., $859.
Duncan, William, and William, Jr.—B. B. Wilson, $1,233.
Dean, William—City of N. Y., $246.
Duffus, Wm. M.—Same, $246.
Donovan, Patrick—Same, $246.
Dangler, Morris—Same, $246.
Dyett, Frederick G.—Same, $246.
De Bevoise, Chas. I., exr.—Same, $234.
Doctor, Robert, and Joseph Alimento—H. Hirsch et al., $242.
Delamater, Arthur G.—C. Geoly etal., $267.
Elchnerm, Mollie—B. Altman & Co., $107.
Ewton, John A.—F. E. Moss, $465.
Frazier, G. Blair—P. G. Elnter, $220.
Feder, Morris—I. H. Kempner, $3,498.
Goldberg, Netta—Tirrill Gas Machine Lighting Co., $238.
Gotman, Emma—Ludwig Baumann & Co., $288.
Ganz, Charles—M. Lumb, $559.
Heiser, Rudolph—J. B. Bissell, $460.
Herzog, Max and Harry—I. Kashare, $574.
Horovitz, Fannie—Edward Thompson Co., $238.
Hecht, Rudolph—M. Schling, $119.
Jones, Holmes—Edward Thompson Co., $255.
Kuehnert, Robert—Edward Thompson Co., $172.
Kahn, Jacob H.—E. D. Stein, $2,018.
Koscherak, Alfred—J. Crosby, $250.
Levinson, Max, and Sarah Glickman—M. Amdur, $171.
Lambert, Wm. T.—W. W. Rockwood, $176.
Leighton, Maude—West Side Construction Company, $171.
Lambert, William T.—A. F. Eggleston, $107.
Lesser, Frederick—J. Gillespie, $2,637.
Leanza, Bartholomew, and Maria Boune—People, &c., $500.
Levey, Robert E.—Union Exchange National Bank of New York, $3,887.
Levey, Irene—Same, $3,936.
Lackehin, Hyman—Samuel Kaplan and Brother, $203.
Leichtenberg, William E.—Security Bank of New York, $3,110.
Moore, Annie—A. Gavigan, $349.
Mahoney, Mildred—Joseph & Co., $247.
Merrick, Ernst—Hart & Cooley Co., $156.
Matthews, Robert V.—Robert Reis & Co.$2,071
McCarthy, Gilbert J.—Ormod Realty Company, $160.
Nasanowitz, Isaac or Ike—S. Bonis et al., $513.
Nikolanus, John—D. Bloom, $321.
O'Neill, Frank S.—J. Buckley, $812.
Osborne, William H.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Inc., $291.
O'Rourke, Thomas F.—J. Clark, $289.
Pranther, Emil F.—Edward Thompson Co., $216.
Parsons, George S.—Brighton Heights Development Co., $394.
Ruppert, Jacob—M. Dunn, Jr., $8,091.
Raphael, Louis—Lustina Holding Company, Inc., $111.
Same—Same, $111.
Sire, Meyer L.—B. W. B. Brown, $113.
Schisgall, Theodore—Dennett Surpassing Coffee Company, $316.
Swift, Helen—J. W. Smith, $119.
Schaffler, Louis, Joseph Flamm and Harry Kleindienst—A. Mandel, $1,043.
Schwinger, Samuel and William Simon—B. Spessman, $117.
Simonson, Ezekial—M. Mittenthal et al., $177.
Smith, Frederick A.—I. W. Bonner, $106.
Sparlol, Arthur M.—Singer Sewing Machine Co., $2,995.
Saxton, Shepard R.—F. N. Du Bois & Co., $422.
Simmons, Mike—Hannis Distilling Co., $424.
Scherer, Harry—Vandewater & Co., Ltd., $367.
Spellacy, Daniel J.—General Fire Extinguisher Co., $246.
Tolinia, Enrique and Juan—J. R. Tolibia, $1,039.
Urib, Harris H., Adolf Hirshfield, and Emanuel M.—A. Krulewitch—S. E. Techt, $11,687.
Van Schaick, Eugene—I. W. Street, $142.
Same—Same, $139.
Wohlgemuth, Samuel A.—John J. Jackson Co., $180.
Woland, Thomas, or Thomas Wolland—E. F. Bertram, $115.
Young, Victor—Duffy Contracting Co., $222.
Zarch, Isaac—A. Zarch, costs, $108.
Medrick Co., Inc.—E. Coleman, $1,204.
Standard Meter Co.—H. A. Smith, $993.
Atlantic Fruit Co.—People, &c., $2,478.
Marshall Field & Co.—M. Wormser et al., $525.
Jacobs Bread Co., Inc.—M. Gluck, $189.
Mulcahy & Gibson—168 Madison Avenue Realty Co., $137.
Henry Rosenberg Amusement Co.—H. P. Knight, $428.
N. Y. National Exclusive Film Exchange—Underwood Typewriter Co., $120.
Twenty-four and Twenty-six Vandewater St. Corp.—Otis Elevator Co., $171.
Carter Tile Co.—O. Pardee Works, $1,722.
Wagner Oil Co.—J. Little & Ives Co., $396.
Gingold Realty Co.—A. Pardi Tile Co., $2,200.
City of New York—J. P. Quinn, $891.
Ostro Construction Co. and Illinois Surety Co.—Manhattan Rolling Mill, $550.
Murphy Rivinoc Co.—A. P. Dienst Co., $112.
Illinois Surety Co.—C. B. Acheson, $6,547.
Sandhop Construction Co.—Eureka Sanitary Specialty Co., $136.

In Bronx County.

Cerbone, Francesco—S. J. Hickort, $889.
Delaney, Thomas M.—J. Newmark, $138.
Gorman, Mary A.—C. Anderson, $111.
Jacob Streifler Co.—Norma Realty Co., $2,704.
Kroll, Abraham—Bale & Weber, Inc., $136.
Kronenberger, Jacob, and Crownhill Construction Co.—23d Ward Bank of the City of New York, $751.
Murphy Rivinoc Co.—A. P. Dienst Co., $112.
Ocoro Construction Co.—Thedford Eltz Coal, $828.
Schneider, Fred P.—Sloane Aeroplane Co., $116.
Simon, Rose—B. Helberg, $128.
Scalzo Realty Co.—Mazza Construction Co., $229.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

B. F. Cummings Co.—R. W. Martindale, Jan. 26, 1914, $1,599.
Coffin, Cora A.—E. S. Coffin, March 31, 1913, $475.
Dill, Samuel J.—W. Thiel, May 28, 1914, $277.
Guidotte, Charles—E. P. Kilroe et al., April 13, 1914, $104.
Isaacs, Rieke—M. J. Kraus & Co., April 15, 1914, $140.
Johnson, Charles H.—C. Berry et al., Dec. 1, 1909, $136.
Langello, Gennaro—A. Capaldo, Jan. 16, 1913, $2,714.
Muller, Henry J. and Antonette—J. Engel, May 28, 1914, $119.
Renz, Adam, Jr.—A. S. Norton, Nov. 26, 1912, $4,062.
Regroff, Abraham, and Samuel Rudinsky—United Electric Light and Power Co., Jan. 16, 1914, $806.
Saranac Construction Co., Max Liebeskind, and Henry D. Davis—Lippl Fireproofing Co., Feb. 20, 1914, $436.
United Gas and Electric Corp.—W. Thiele, May 28, 1914, $277.
William Fox Amusement Co.—M. F. V. Kerr, Oct. 29, 1913, (vacated,) $836.
Powell, Harry P.—Germanie Life Ins. Co., Jan. 23, 1913, (canceled,) $4,578.
Same—T. Killian et al., Dec. 18, 1912, (canceled,) $4,440.

PROPOSALS.

GRAND UNION FOR SALE.

The Public Service Commission for the First District invites proposals for the wrecking of the Grand Union Hotel buildings, situated on the east side of Park Avenue, the north side of 41st Street, and the south side of 42nd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, as described in the buildings and information in regard to the terms and conditions of the contract are given in the information for Bidders and form of contract.

The valuable machinery used in the hotel will be included in the sale. This machinery includes:

A power plant, comprising three 150 horse-power Ball and Wood automatic centre crank engines, direct connected to 75 kilowatt Eddy D. C. generators;

A Worthington duplex fire pump, a Worthington duplex house pump, and 2 Worthington compound elevator pumps;

One Berriman feed water heater and 2 Berriman hot-water heaters;

Two 12-ton ice machines, connected to 48 ice boxes, (Lorillard Refrigerator Company,) and 2 engine compressors of Buffalo Refrigerating Machinery Company;

Two new water tube boilers, 125 horse power each;

One complete engine room switchboard, (Zindars and Hunt);

Complete laundry machinery, including one 5-roll 110-inch belt-driven steam mangle.

Copies of the information for Bidders and forms of contract and proposal may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the Commission at his office, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan. Sealed bids or proposals will be received by said Secretary at said office until the 8th day of June, 1914, at 12 o'clock M., at which time and place the proposals will be publicly opened.

Dated New York, June 2, 1914.
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT.
By EDWARD E. McCALL, Chairman.
TRAVIS H. WHITNEY, Secretary.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Office of the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y., until 11 o'clock P. M. June 17, 1914, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering to tidewater, New York Harbor, ten 12-foot Carvel built boats and five 14-foot Carvel built centreboard boats. Blank proposals and particulars may be obtained by addressing the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE OF BOSTON, located at Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, is closing its affairs. All noteholders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

W. R. WHITTEMORE, Cashier.
Dated May 28, 1914.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, NEWPORT, R. I., June 1, 1914.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Providence River and Harbor, R. I., will be received at the U. S. Engineer Sub-Office, Federal Building, Providence, R. I. until 12 o'clock noon, July 14, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. JOHN MILLIS, Col., Engrs.

FORT HAMILTON, N. Y., JUNE 1, 1914.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 12 M. June 15, 1914, and then opened, for Wire Fence to be erected at Fort Wadsworth. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Wire Fence," and addressed to Quartermaster.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY.

Memphis, Tenn., June 3d, 1914.

Dividends of One and One-Half Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock and of Three Per Cent. on the Common Stock of American Snuff Company were today declared, payable July 1st, 1914, to stockholders of record at close of business June 13th, 1914. Checks will be mailed. Transfer books will remain open. M. E. FINCH, Treasurer.

TENNESSEE COPPER COMPANY.

New York, June 3d, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend on the Capital Stock of this Company of THREE PER CENT. (75 Cents per share,) payable on June 20th, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Wednesday, June 10th, 1914.

WALTER M. BRIGGS, Treasurer.

WEYMAN-BRUTON COMPANY,

No. 50 Union Square North,
New York, June 3, 1914.

Dividends of 1¾ Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock and 3 Per Cent. on the Common Stock of Weyman-Bruton Company were this day declared, payable July 1, 1914, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 13, 1914. Checks will be mailed.

HUNTER BROOKE, JR., Sec'y and Treas.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 3.—Incorporated today:

Chatham Creek Mines, mineral lands; $500,000; W. R. Root, E. A. Jackson, 1,479 Sterling Pl., Brooklyn; E. L. Scrafford, Fairbanks, Alaska.

Maher Development Co., Buffalo; $100,000; H. L. Jaeh, G. A. Orr, O. B. Augspurger.

Beach & Maher Co., Ontario, Wayne County, coal and fuels; $75,000; C. R. Harris, M. P. Maher, J. B. Beach.

Williams Fels Co., children's dresses; $70,000; H. Simon, M. W. Manning, C. S. Fels, 249 W. 107 St.

Lintrose & Wyford Engineering Co.; $200,000; Matthews, E. A. Geoghegan, A. Selwyn-Brown, 332 W. 55 St.

Rapid Button-Attaching Machine Co., B'klyn; $100,000; S. A. Anderson, J. F. Curtin, H. O. Coughlan, 36 Nassau St.

S. M. M. Mfg. Corp'n, food products; $50,000; F. W. Roberts, A. J. Clayton, August T. Marsch, 398 Stanhope St., B'klyn.

Kent Iron & Steel Corp'n, B'klyn; $40,000; T. K. Mahlon, P. De Few, A. L. Burchell, 1 Liberty St.

Jay J. Forman Coal Co.; $50,000; H. J. Semke, H. Heckmann, A. J. Forman, 48 E. 88 St.

Fuller-Davis Corp'n, Amity, printers; $25,000; J. Jay Fuller, C. L. Davis, C. D. Howard, Wellsville.

Davitt Mining Co., Spring Valley, mining tools and machinery, $15,000; E. W. Hofstatter, J. Furey, Michael Davitt.

Selleck Realty Co., $25,000; W. R. Worrall, J. & C. Sanders, 296 Sterling Pl., B'klyn.

Classic Skirt & Coat Co., $10,000; Monroe Sobel, S. H. Cohen, H. Frank, 865 E. 172 St.

Fort Edward Brewing Co., Fort Edward, $150,000; M. F. Joy, G. F. Ferguson, F. McNaughton.

Berwick & Co., Poughkeepsie, drugs, medicines, sundries, $10,000; S. O. Darrow, C. J. Drake, E. S. G. Berwick.

Situnicon Co., patent substances, $10,000; J. A. Lynch, W. L. Fawcett, W. J. Kindgen, 51 Chambers St.

Tripiex Mfg. Co., gas, electric, and gasoline saving devices, $10,000; G. E. Touliopoulous, H. A. Harman, M. L. Chizzola, 47 W. 42 St.

Seeler-Mager Construction Co., B'klyn, realty, $5,000; L. Mager, K. W. and F. H. Seeler; 1,837 67 St., B'klyn.

Tubine Co., rubber substitutes, $10,000; T. B. Hoy, S. Brile, O. S. Burr, 23 Barclay St.

Lloyd Map & Guide Corpn., $5,000; D. Simon, H. C. and W. A. Lloyd, B'way and 38 St.

Pechter, Inc., bread, crackers, biscuits, confectionery, $5,000; S. Hagler, R. and B. Pechter, 70 Ridge St.

R. R. Hammond Co., N. Y. C., Custom House brokerage, $5,000; Vincent Giannasio, A. Grande, R. R. Hammond, Midland Road, Great Kills.

McGuire Bros., realty, $5,000; M. M. J. and J. J. McGuire, 3,612 13 Av., Bklyn.

Harry B. Levine, Inc., ladies' clothes, $5,000; R. and H. B. Levine, Nathan Lipschutz, 370 Fulton Av., Bklyn.

Lawler Fire Prevention Equipment Co., structural protection from fire, $10,000; J. F. McCall, J. G. Lawler, J. Stubber, 1,068 Franklin Av.

Rendel Hat & Cap Co., $10,000; D. Brown, H. L. Dindas, L. Feiner, 1,206 5th Av.

Hicks Street Corpn., realty, $10,000; L. Mertz, Jr., H. P. Linton, G. J. Brown, 26 Court St., Bklyn.

Mohonk Realty Corpn., $5,000; J. Ginsburgh, L. Levine, J. Dugan, 97 Concord St., Bklyn.

J. F. W. Utilities Corpn., machinery, mechanical, scientific instruments, photographic apparatus, hardware, $10,000; D. F. Prevost, C. G. Willis, W. H. Jackson, 500 5 Av.

Capital Increases.—Pasteur Filter Sales & Repairing Co., N. Y., $10,000 to $75,000; Frisbie & Stansfield Knitting Co., Utica, $2,500,000 to $4,000,000; Editions D'Art Co., N. Y., $15,000 to $40,000. Artcraft Press, N. Y., $5,000 to $15,000.

Voluntary Dissolutions.—Merchants' Barber Shops Co., N. Y.; Dougan Tobacco Mfg. Co., Albany; Charchian Co., N. Y.; Fulton Specialty Co., Fulton.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, June 3.—Charters filed to-day:

Huntoon Specialty Co., Elizabeth, real estate; $50,000; D. H. McLaren, Louis Messling, Jr., J. J. Coleman, Elizabeth.

Cogswell & Bouton Manufacturing Co., Newark, cotton and lace goods; $100,000; S. A. Young, J. P. Ingram, R. C. Hutt, Newark.

Newark Construction Co., Newark, construction; $125,000; J. C. Dunn, L. H. Wickware, J. E. Conlon, Newark.

Segal & Company, Newark, real estate; $25,000; Diana, Dora, and Joseph Segal, Newark.

Capital Increase: Clbaa Railroad Co., from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000.

Capital Increase.

TRENTON, N. J., June 3.—The Keily Springfield Tire Co. filed an amended certificate to-day with the Secretary of State increasing the capital stock from $5,149,500 to $10,299,000. The State filing fee was $1,100.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, June 3.—Charter filed today:

Standard American Dredging Co., $3,000,000; H. E. Latter, W. J. Maloney, O. J. Reichard, Wilmington, Del.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

THE YORKVILLE PLUMBERS' SUPPLY DEPOT, INCORPORATED, dealer in plumbers' supplies at 1,518 First Avenue, made an assignment yesterday to Henry B. Singer. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against the corporation by these creditors: Essex Foundry of Newark, N. J., $480; Jenkins Brothers of this city, $177, and Steele & Johnson Manufacturing Company of Waterbury, Conn., $24. The business was started in 1892 by Ignatz Vogel and was incorporated in September, 1912, with a capital stock of $50,000 and with Mr. Vogel President.

JOSEPH BAFF.—A petition has been filed against Joseph Baff, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 21 Rutgers Street, by these creditors: Rosenberg & Brand, $162; Kommel & Son, $162; Katz & Davidson, $104, and Usona Shirt Company, $161. Judge Hand appointed John L. Lyttle receiver under a bond of $1,000. Liabilities are $4,000 and assets $1,500.

BARNETT & KELENSON.—A petition has been filed against Sarah Barnett and Abraham Kelenson, who compose the firm of Barnett & Kelenson, manufacturers of furs at 46 East 20th Street, by Louis Kasuer, a creditor for $675. It was alleged that they admitted in writing inability to pay their debts.

GEORGE P. HALL & SON.—A petition has been filed against James S. Hall, trading as George P. Hall & Son, photographers, at 212 Broadway, by these creditors: Henry Schultheis Company, $460; Alfred Whiteley, $21, and Donald McLean Somers, $530. It was urged that on June 1 he admitted his insolvency in writing.

THE GOLDEN PERFUME COMPANY, manufacturer of toilet requisites at 204-208 East Twenty-seventh Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $8,732 and assets of $976, consisting of stock, $500; fixtures, $200, and accounts, $276. Among the creditors are Ben K. Curtis of Jersey City, $3,500; Mary Kerah, Brooklyn, $700, and Eureka Realty Co., $798. The company was incorporated on Sept. 26, 1905, with capital stock of $5,000. James F. Johnson is President and Mary K. Boyd Secretary-Treasurer.

EMIL FRAAD of 330 West Twenty-fifth Street, formerly President of the Fraad Contracting Company, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $52,678, and assets, one share of stock of the above company, of no value. The company is creditor by Mr. Fraad to the amount of $15,000. Of his liabilities, $20,000 is to two surety companies on bonds. The company made an assignment on March 25 last.

HENRY P. C. JOHNSTON, residing at 1 West Thirtieth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,222 and nominal assets of $73,600 in shares of stock at par value as follows: United Bread Machinery Company, $50,500; United States Bread Company, $2,500, and Foreign Patents Company, $10,600. The Equitable Trust Company obtained a judgment against him for $7332 for unpaid life insurance premiums. He has not been in business in ten years past. He was Vice President of the United States Bread Company in 1902, and of the United Bread Machinery Company in 1903.

MARION T. MILLIGAN of New Rochelle has filed a petition with liabilities of $1,674 and no assets. The debts were cont

FEDERAL ARBITERS NEEDED.

Industrial Commission Hears of Strike in Five States.

State mediation and arbitration of industrial disputes was the subject taken up at the hearing yesterday of the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations in the City Hall. John Lundrigan of the International Paper Company told of his experience as the arbitrator in the strike of longshoremen and marine engineers in 1906. He expressed the opinion that a board of three or a single Commissioner should be appointed to settle disputes in which compulsory arbitration was necessary. The salary of the Commissioner, he said, should be fixed at $15,000 a year, so that he could give his entire attention to the matters before him. Mr. Lundrigan also spoke of the strike of the International Paper Company's employes in 1910, and the need it displayed of a Federal system of arbitration, as it involved five States.

When Dr. Frederick C. Howe of the People's Institute took the stand he discussed at length the single tax and the principles of Henry George. Asked by Mrs. J. Borden Harriman how soon the effect of the abolition of a tax on buildings would be noticed, he replied: "Immediately."

William C. Rogers, chief mediator of the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration, was not in favor, he said, of compulsory arbitration, but of more investigation. He described the powers and work of the present State Board, and said that the value of investigations was that public sentiment often caused the settlement of strikes. For this reason it would be a good thing if the State Labor officials in each county should send to the Mediation Board advance information of any labor trouble they saw brewing.

Speaking of the Little Falls strike, Mr. Rogers described it as particularly hard to settle, as in it there were two strikers' organizations, the American Federation of Labor, which controlled the American workmen, and the I. W. W., which took over the care of the unorganized foreign element. As a result of a public hearing conducted by the State Board the unskilled workmen forced their leaders to accept a settlement which had been reached by the A. F. L. leaders some time before. The I. W. W. leaders, said Mr. Rogers, kept up the strike for some ulterior purpose of their own which he could not define. But he knew that the policy of the I. W. W. was to cause trouble, and that they considered a return to work the same as a return to slavery.

Next week when the commission takes up the conditions of labor along the water front, the officials of the International Longshoremen's Union are prepared to give testimony as to the use of launches and harbor craft in the white slave traffic. They have prepared statements, which they are ready to substantiate by affidavits, in which they will tell of the way in which girls are trapped in boats on the Connecticut shore and brought to this city. In this way the efforts of the police, the Federal agents and the Immigration authorities are often frustrated, it is said.

RIPLEY LESS PESSIMISTIC.

Atchison's President Finds Conditions Better in Southwest.

E. P. Ripley, President of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, arrived in New York yesterday for his first visit East this year with good reports of the agricultural outlook.

"The outlook for Winter wheat was never better," he said. "Fundamental conditions in the Southwest are sound. Farmers have not as yet felt the effects of the tariff readjustment, and there are opinions pro and con as to whether they will or not. There are some evidences of municipal extravagance in the Southwest, but that part of the country is freer from that evil than most sections.

"The Atchison has no extensive plans for expansion. We will not spend money, because we haven't it to spend, and we don't intend to borrow. This company will buy no additional equipment in the near future. But we have no retrenchment plans."

Mr. Ripley said that he had no wish to criticise President Wilson, but he thought he was too optimistic when he ascribed the business depression to psychological reasons.

$30,000,000 ST. PAUL BONDS.

New Issue of 4½ Per Cents. Offered at 96½ and Interest.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Bank are offering today $30,000,000 of 4½ per cent. general and refunding mortgage bonds of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul at 96½ and accrued interest, yielding the purchaser 4.66 per cent. The bonds are a legal investment for savings banks in New York, Massachusetts, and Connecticut.

The proceeds of this sale are to be used for double-tracking, betterments, additions, &c. The St. Paul is spending big sums for electrification, having undertaken to electrify the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound between Harlowton, Mont., and Avery, Idaho. In all, the St. Paul eventually will have more than 400 miles of electrified road over the continental divide. It is the first system to displace steam locomotives with electricity for lines where such a change was not necessitated by terminal problems.

STEEL TRADE STILL SLACK.

But Makers Are Again Hopeful of an Early Renewal of Demand.

The steel trade continues to hope for an early resumption of buying, but so far little actual improvement has been noted. The Iron Age says:

What encouragement it finds the steel trade is largely drawing from expected developments. But in a few lines there are signs of better buying. In May most steel works were on a 55 per cent. basis in ingot output, and buying was at a low point for the year thus far. June, in the view of some leaders in the trade, will bring the beginning of another January movement.

The Iron Trade Review says:

Renewed hopes of an early betterment in the iron and steel markets are being entertained by makers as a result of the developments of the last week. Buyers have been putting out inquiries more freely for their forward requirements of steel materials, and there has been some expansion, though not heavy, in the volume of current orders.

New Receiver for Pere Marquette.

DETROIT, Mich., June 5.—Samuel M. Felton of Chicago, Chairman of the Board of Receivers of the Pere Marquette Railway, today resigned and Judge Arthur Tuttle of the United States District Court appointed Paul H. King of Grand Rapids to succeed him. Mr. King will assume the duties of Chairman immediately. Mr. Felton, who is President of the Chicago Great Western Railroad, said that his resignation was caused by the press of other duties.

NEW ARREST IN BANK CASE.

J. Nichols Accused with Oppenheim & Co. in $200,000 Fraud.

As a result of an investigation of the affairs of Oppenheim & Co. of 111 Broadway, a promotion concern, Special Agent Pignolo of the Department of Justice yesterday arrested Henry J. Nichols, a lawyer living at 2,936 Bainbridge Avenue, the Bronx. Nichols is charged with being concerned in defrauding the National Bank of Amsterdam, N. Y., out of about $200,000.

Eugene F. E. Oppenheim, otherwise known as Baron Oppenheim, and Howard J. Rogers, members of the promotion concern, were arrested on the same charge last Friday. Three other men said to be concerned in the swindle are said to be working with the Government.

Nichols is a man of about 40 and has a family. He was arraigned before United States Commissioner Houghton, who paroled him in the custody of his counsel, William Michael Byrne, until to-day, when he will furnish bail of $2,500. He and the other men arrested will be taken before the Federal Court in Albany for a hearing next Wednesday.

Some of the money drawn out of the bank on alleged bogus check deposits, it was said yesterday, was used on a building project in this city. According to Mr. Byrne, Nichols's attorney, Nichols is only indirectly involved in the Government's case as attorney to the builders.

North German Lloyd's New Liner.

The agents of the North German Lloyd Company received a cable from Bremen yesterday stating that the new liner Columbus will leave for New York on her maiden trip in October, and is expected to arrive here on Oct. 11. The Columbus will be 10,000 tons larger than the George Washington, which is the biggest of the company's fleet at present. Her length will be 775 feet, her beam 88 feet and her gross tonnage, 37,000.

Boston Charter Bill Passed.

BOSTON, June 5.—The new Boston City Charter bill, increasing the membership of the City Council from nine to seventeen, was passed, to be engrossed by the House today. The bill already had passed the Senate. Under the present charter the Councilors are elected at large. The new bill provides that twelve of the seventeen members shall be elected by districts.

RESORTS.

1,000 Miles of Happiness—Weekly Trips

ON THE GREAT LAKES

ERIE, HURON and MICHIGAN, BUFFALO to CHICAGO. Leaving Buffalo 10 P. M. every Tuesday, (commencing June 30,) via Detroit River and Lake St. Clair, for MACKINAC—the fairy isle—MILWAUKEE and CHICAGO, arriving Chicago Saturday mornings. Free "sight-seeing," or longer, "visiting" stop-overs at all ports of call.

Luxurious accommodations—all outside staterooms, palm-garden, promenade deck; perfect service throughout the great 8,000 ton steel STEAMSHIP MINNESOTA. Absolutely unequalled meals in observation dining room; concerts, dancing, cabaret entertainments. The whole thing complete—transportation, meals and stateroom

ALL FOR $25.00

Automobiles Carried.

We suggest that you write immediately for a free booklet folder, which gives complete information and shows some of the scenes en route. It's free, together with any special information desired. Address

CHICAGO - MILWAUKEE - BUFFALO LINE
(Crosby Transportation Co.) Steamship "Minnesota"
H. M. MORGAN, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 285 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

NEW YORK—Adirondacks

Lake Placid in the Adirondacks

Take advantage of the big inducements and concessions offered by the railroads and hotels for June trips to visit the heart of the glorious Adirondack Wilderness and get rest for the body, peace for the mind, and renewed vigor for work.

Fishing, Hunting, Tramping, Camping, Golfing, Tennis, Coaching.

FOR SPECIAL JUNE INDUCEMENTS, ADDRESS

GRAND VIEW HOTEL, NORTHWOODS INN | THE STEVENS HOUSE, THE BELMONT

Through Parlor and Sleeping Cars direct to Lake Placid, N. Y., via N. Y. Central Lines and Delaware & Hudson System.

NEW YORK—Saratoga Springs.

GRAND UNION HOTEL

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y.

LELAND STERRY

of THE BREAKERS, Palm Beach, Florida, announces that the Grand Union Hotel

Will Open July 2d

for the season of 1914, under his management.

The Hotel has been renovated and renewed throughout, the service and cuisine will maintain a high degree of excellence, and every provision has been made for the entertainment of guests of discriminating tastes.

Bookings may now be made at 343 Fifth Ave., New York. Phone, 9230 Madison Sq.

NEW YORK—Long Island

$7 Special Week End Rates
Saturday Dinner to Mon. after B'kf't
Room and Meals
Two persons in one room, $13.
At Brighton Beach, N. Y. Ocean Parkway
Reisenweber's
HOTEL SHELBURNE
A delightful all-year-round resort
American & European Plan.
80 minutes from the heart of New York. 300 rooms, 75 private baths. Every convenience and comfort. Running water in rooms. Sun Parlor. Frequent social diversions. Dancing.
$30 up per week for 2 persons, AMERICAN PLAN
ROOM & MEALS
Special Terms to Families.
$10 up per week, European Plan. $14
Two persons in one room.
Write for Booklet.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

The Most Attractive Country Hotel Adjacent to New York City.

Garden City Hotel

GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND

One of the most exclusive country hotels in America. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel luxury seldom found.

Every outdoor and indoor amusement. 18 miles from New York. Frequent electric train service, 35 minutes to Penn. Station.

J. J. LANNIN CO., Props.

BE A
LONG BEACH INN-
-MATE
FAMILY RESORT
AMERICAN PLAN
LONG BEACH INN, LONG BEACH, L. I.

SEA VIEW HOUSE
SAG HARBOR, L. I.,
is now open; situated on Peconic Bay; bathing, boating, fishing, driving; all modern improvements; homelike and comfortable; rooms single and en suite, with bath, $18 and upward; table bountifully supplied from our own farm; catering to automobile parties a specialty; roads unexcelled; reached by L. I. R. R. or New York and New London boats. JOHN K. MORRIS.

PROSPECT HOUSE
Shelter Island Heights, L. I., N. Y.
Opens June 27th. Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Bathing, Garage. Delightful Climate. Country and shore combined. N. Y. Office, care of Hotel McAlpin, 34th St. and Broadway. Booklet B.

YOUR VACATION means health and vigor if spent at Modesty Health Farm, Babylon, L. I. Scientific exercise, outdoor sports, baths, billiards, parlor games, near fine beach; $18 weekly; booklet. Dates available.

RESORTS.
CANADA.

HOTEL TADOUSAC
TADOUSAC, QUEBEC
At the mouth of the Saguenay, and Manoir Richelieu on the St. Lawrence River, are the most exclusive

Summer Hotels in Canada

Average Summer temperature 70 degrees. Ideal climate. Hay fever and malaria are unknown. Open air and indoor recreations. Every comfort. Unexcelled service.

Large, private, salt-water swimming pool. Fine fishing camp. 6 private lakes. Service boats, boats, etc. at the Manoir. Casting a specialty; roads unexcelled; reached by L. I. R. R. or New York and New London boats.

For particulars, address Hotel Managers.

MANOIR RICHELIEU
MURRAY BAY, QUEBEC

NEW YORK—Adirondacks

ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS, MAPLE LODGE, Blue Mountain Lake, Adirondacks, N. Y.

Bungalows and cottages to rent; high-class cuisine; golf, tennis, and all Adirondack attractions. Mrs. A. Goldman, until June 15, 616 West 114th St. Phone Morningside 5643.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

The Catskill Mountains

The high altitude, romantic scenery, green fields, towering crags, native grandeur, wildwood charm, attractive hotels, boarding houses, farm houses, trout streams, popular walks, drives, parks and the purest and best air in this historic, picturesque and healthful paradise, are the attractions that increase its popularity each year as a Summer resort.

The ULSTER & DELAWARE R.R.

reaches all points in this mountain sanitarium and great pleasure ground, and in connection with West Shore R. R., operates through trains, including Pullman service.

The RIP VAN WINKLE EXPRESS leaves Cortlandt Street 10.40 noon, West 42d Street 1 o'clock P. M., daily except Sunday.

Steamers of the Hudson River Day Line make direct connection at Kingston Point with afternoon trains for all points in the mountains.

The Summer time schedule for season of 1914 will go in effect Sunday, June 28th.

The annual illustrated book with revised map of the Catskill Mountain section, also map showing the great Ashokan Reservoir, and containing corrected list of over 1,000 hotels and boarding houses, will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS, General Passenger Agent, Kingston, N. Y.

"At the Top of the American Alps."

Hotel Kaaterskill,
Catskill Mountains, N. Y.
Opens June 25th. Altitude 3,000 ft.
THE MOST BEAUTIFUL LOCATION AND SCENERY IN AMERICA.

Sterling silver trophies for Athletic and Dancing Tournaments, now on exhibition in Gorham's Show Window, Fifth Av. & 36th St.

Bookings may now be made at Berkeley Lyceum, 19 West 44th St. Phone 1860 Bryant.

PARENT & RICHARDS, Inc., Props.

"The World-Famed View"
CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE
OPENS JUNE 27. ALTITUDE 2,250 FT.
Electric lights, steam heat, pure spring water. Modern plumbing. Elevators. Rooms with hot and cold running water. Canoeing. Tennis. Garage. Orchestra. Dancing. Magnificent Ball Room, oak floor, 50x40 feet. Afternoon Teas.
Special weekly or season rates for guests arriving before July 4.
GEORGE H. BEACH, Manager, CATSKILL, N. Y.

"New" GRAND HOTEL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS, Altitude 2,500 ft.
Opens June 25. New Management.
15 to 20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Scenery unequalled. Hay fever and mosquitoes unknown. Perfect sanitary and hygienic conditions. Cuisine and service the standard of excellence. Superior grill and rathskeller. Reasonable prices. Magnificent Ball Room; perfect dancing floor. Symphony orchestra; dancing afternoon and evening; lady and gentleman instructors. Free daily tea dansants; prizes awarded. Golf, tennis, billiard, pool, bowling tournaments. Special rates for families. Transients $4 a day and up.
HARRISON S. DOWNS, Prop. Tel. Col. 3320.
At Hotel Ansonia, Broadway & 73d St., N. Y.
"Most Modern Equipped Hotel in the Catskills."

THE REXMERE
Stamford-in-the-Catskills
Open June 25. Finest Hotel in the Catskills. Golf. Tennis. Boating. New Swimming Pool. Garage. 100 Rooms; 40 Bathroom Suites. Booking Office, 1,180 Broadway. Tel. 4748 Mad. Sq. C. W. PECK, Proprietor.

Hotel Switzerland
Fleischmanns, N. Y.
Opens June 20th. Special rates for June and over July 4th. Elevation 1,800 ft. Excellent cuisine, orchestra, dancing, boating, bathing. 4 hours from N. Y. TOWNSEND & CO.

NEW YORK—Cooperstown.

Q-TE-SA-GA
On Otsego Lake, Cooperstown, N. Y.
OPEN JUNE 23D.
Booking Office, The Dakota, 1 West 72d St., New York.
See this column Sundays.

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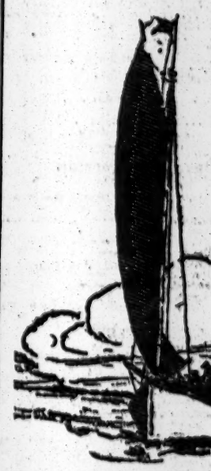

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KYLE CAMP FOR BOYS,
West Rip Van Winkle's Rock, Catskills. All sports in Woods, Supervised; no tents. KYLE SCHOOL FOR BOYS, Flushing, L. I.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 3. — Generally and quite marked low pressure prevails over the interior of the country, with the lowest barometer over South Dakota. Thunder showers were quite general over the interior districts west of the Rocky Mountains, but they were not of much consequence, although there were heavy showers, with high winds, over portions of the Dakotas, and also thunder showers in the upper lake region, with a heavy rainfall in Northeastern Wisconsin. There was no other precipitation of consequence.

It is colder in the upper lake and the greater portion of the plateau regions and the extreme Northwest, but elsewhere temperatures have generally risen and are much above seasonal in the central valleys and the Plains States.

The present pressure distribution indicates a continuance of the unsettled showery weather from the lake region westward, and on the middle plateau during the next two days, and its extension east into the central valleys by Thursday night, and into the Middle Atlantic States and New England by Friday. There will also be scattered thunder showers in the South Atlantic States.

In the Southwest and Central Rocky Mountain region the weather will be generally fair Thursday and Friday.

It will be warmer Thursday in the East, and cooler by Friday in the extreme Northwest.

Elsewhere temperatures will not change decidedly.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate, shifting, becoming south; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate south; South Atlantic Coast, gentle to moderate, mostly east and southeast.

FORECASTS: TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Unsettled and warmer Thursday, with showers in west portion. Friday, showers; moderate to fresh south winds.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Thursday; warmer in interior; showers at night or Friday; moderate to fresh winds, mostly south.

New Jersey—Partly cloudy and warmer Thursday. Friday, unsettled; moderate south winds.

Western New York—Thunder showers Thursday and probably Friday.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy and warmer Thursday; showers at night or Friday; moderate south winds.

Northern New England—Partly cloudy Thursday; warmer in interior. Friday, showers; moderate shifting winds, becoming southeast and southwest.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1913.		1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	61	58	4 P. M.	73	77
6 A. M.	61	60	6 P. M.	70	76
9 A. M.	68	62	9 P. M.	67	70
12 M.	70	73	11 P. M.	67	66

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 68; for the corresponding date last year it was 66; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 65.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 62; at 2 P. M. it was 74. Maximum temperature, 77 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum, 58 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 45 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 36 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.19 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.06 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:06—202 E. 108 St.; Harlem Bookbinding Company	Slight
2:40—25 Cleveland Pl.; Susan Olivo	Slight
10:06—79 Stanton St.; Benj. Granick	Slight
10:40—N. w cor. 190 St. & Audubon Av.; no one given	Slight
10:50—3,946 Park Av.; not given	Slight
P. M.	
12:15—330 E. 66 St.; Geo. Croffe	Not given
12:40—403 E. 74 St.; M. Lotlea	Not given
12:55—345 W. 43 St.; Mary Melia	Slight
1:10—338 E. 90 St.; Mrs. John Heller	Slight
1:40—Harrison Av. & 179 St.; not given	Slight
3:45—780 Columbus Av.; Frank Kotch	$500
6:30—37 South St.; A. J. Maynard & Co.	$5,000
7:15—394 Henry St.; David Boykoff	Slight
7:20—53 S Av.; Nathan Derber	Slight
7:30—377 E. 108 St.; Anthony Benoli	Slight
7:35—547 W. 40 St.; Burns Bros.	Slight
7:50—947 8 Av.; Herman Edgar	Slight
8:45—164 5th Av.; Frank's Pool Parlor	Slight
8:50—360 E. 113 St.; A. Vechio	Slight
9:25—113 Charlton St.; L. Hingsman	Slight
10:50—43 W. 17 St.; H. Anslar	$2,000
10:35—99 Monroe St.; M. Levine	Slight

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri.; gentle to moderate s. winds.

S. Car.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; gentle to moderate e. to s. e. winds.

Ga.—Thundershowers Thurs. and probably Fri.; gentle to moderate e. to s. e. winds.

Fla.—Thunder showers Thurs. and Fri.; gentle to moderate winds, mostly e., except s. over n. w. portion.

Ala.—Thunder showers Thurs. and probably Fri.; moderate s. winds.

Miss.—Cloudy Thurs. Fri., unsettled; probably showers; gentle to moderate s. winds.

La.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri.; probably showers Fri. in e.; gentle to moderate s. winds.

E. Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.; moderate s. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

Utah—Thunder showers Thur. Fri. fair.

Okla.—Fair, warmer Thur. Fri. fair.

Ark.—Fair, continued warm Thur. and probably Fri.

Tenn.—Fair Thur. and probably Fri.

Ky.—Fair Thur. Fri. unsettled.

Ohio—Showers Thur. or Thur. night and probably Fri.; warmer Thur. in s.; fresh s. winds.

Ind.—Thunder showers Thur. afternoon or night and probably Fri.; moderate to fresh s. winds.

Ill.—Cloudy and continued warm Thur., thunder showers at night or Friday, except fair in extreme s.; moderate to fresh s. winds.

Lo. Mich.—Showers Thur. and probably Fri., fresh, shifting winds.

Up. Mich.—Showers Thur. and probably Fri.; fresh e. to n. e. winds.

Wis.—Thunder showers Thur. and probably Fri., cooler Fri in s.; fresh, shifting winds.

Minn.—Showers Thur., cooler in w. Fri., unsettled; fresh n. winds, probably strong near Lake Superior.

Ia.—Thunder showers Thur. or Thur. night and probably Fri., cooler Fri.

Mo.—Fair, continued warm Thur. Fri., fair in s., unsettled in n. with probably thunder showers.

N. Dak.—Thunder showers Thur. and probably Fri.; cooler Thur.

S. Dak.—Thunder showers and somewhat cooler Thur. Fri., probably fair.

Neb.—Thunder showers and cooler Thur. in n. and Thur. or Thur. night in s. Fri., unsettled.

Kan.—Fair, continued warm Thur., thunder showers and cooler at night or Fri. in n., fair in s.

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SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—RENSSELAER L. CURTIS, as Receiver of the Atlantic National Bank, Plaintiff, against HENRY E. DE KAY, Defendant.—Summons.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 8th, 1914.

BARBER, WATSON & GIBBONEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Office and Post Office Address, No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Henry E. De Kay:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Honorable Eugene A. Philbin, Justice of the Supreme Court, County of New York, dated the 1st day of June, 1914, and filed with the complaint herein in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at New York, on June 2d, 1914.

BARBER, WATSON & GIBBONEY, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

No. 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Lt. Col. J. E. Hoffer, O. D., two visits prior to Aug. 1 to the Erie Forge Co.

1st Lt. B. M. Bailey, F. A., Salt Lake City to Atlanta, Ga., take station there in connection with his duties as instructor of the militia.

Col. J. Biddle, Gen. Staff, is relieved June 15. He will report to the Chief of Engrs. for duty.

Orders March 18, as amended by orders March 20, is further amended to direct 1st Lt. A. Boone, 4 Cav., to sail from San Francisco about Sept. 5.

Maj. A. S. Frost, retired, is detailed for recruiting service. He will receive instruction for ten days at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., then proceed to Memphis, Tenn., relieving Capt. E. J. Huebscher, retired, on June 30. Capt. Huebscher will proceed to his home.

Maj. S. H. Wadhams, M. C., Albany, N. Y., to N. Y. C. in connection with his duties as inspector-instructor of the sanitary troops of the New York militia.

Capt. E. A. Hickman, S. C., to Tobyhanna, Penn., for temporary duty pertaining to the Signal Corps installations in the camp at that place, then return to station.

Leaves: Maj. G. W. Martin, 17 inf., 6 mos.; 1st Lt. A. Boone, 4 Cav., 2 mos.; Capt. H. C. Whitehead, cav., 3 mos.; 1st Lt. L. J. Palmer, 30 Inf., 3 mos.

Navy Orders.

Lt. J. P. Lannon, the New Hampshire to Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, sick.

Lt. A. Sharp; the California, to com'd the Paul Jones.

Lt. E. R. Shipp, the Paul Jones, to the South Dakota as navigator.

Ens. C. K. Bronson, the Michigan, to the Mississippi.

P. A. Surg. H. A. Giltner, Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, to the San Francisco.

Ch. Mach. L. Grossenbaker, retired May 23.

Ch. Carp. F. C. Lepine, the Mississippi, to orders.

Marine Corps.

Capt. W. Brackett, recruiting duty, Detroit, to same at Chicago.

2d Lieut. Schmidt, orders to Marine Barracks, Puget Sound, revoked.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Preble at San Blas, Raleigh at La Paz, Nero at Acapulco, Hancock, Lebanon, Ontario, and Arethusa at Vera Cruz, Justin at Tiburon, Prairie at Hampton Roads, Warrington and Henly at New York, Birmingham at Boston, Wheeling at Guantanamo, Saratoga at Siakwan, and the Sacramento at Puerto Mexico.

Sailed—Glacier, La Paz, for Guaymas; Saturn, San Francisco, for west coast of Mexico; Jarvis, Galveston, for Tampico; Texas, Vera Cruz, for Lobos Island; Caesar, Norfolk, for Boston; Tallahassee, Severn, C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, and C-5, Almirante Bay, for Chiriqui Lagoon.

Prairie, now at Hampton Roads, ordered to New York.

Potomac has been salved, and will proceed from the coast of Newfoundland to New York.

Smith will leave the Charleston yard about the 15th inst. for a trip to New York and return.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Retired—Patrol. John Buckley, Health Squad, at $700 a yr. Appointed April 17, 1873. Mtd. Patrol.—Designated as Act. Mtd. Sergt., J. J. McCarthy, 66.

Transfers—Patrol., from Traf. Div. to prects, indicated: Div. A., Abraham Harrison, 172; Div. B., J. A. Morgan, 21; F. F. Long, 81; Jas. Meade, 21; B. J. Condon, 143; Bernard McByrne, 21; H. L. Schildge, 153; Div. C., P. J. Neenan, 42; F. A. Heilman, Jr., 285; Hannah Meaney, 65; Div. D., R. H. Lawless, 154; Denis O'Hara, 165; H. W. Jarrell, 155; J. A. Wegge, 169; Div., E., T. A. L. Duane, 285. Philip Suss, J. F. Gentleman, and Peter Langan, operators of motor for patrol wagon, 146 to 147.

Assignments—Patrol. Louis Rosenfeld, 29, to clerical and house duty.

Temporary assignments: Lt. Richard Gray, 18, to command 18 from June 2 to June 8; Act. Det. Sergt. M. A. Batto, Det. Div., to Dist. Atty's office, Bronx, for 5 days; Patrol. J. J. Shea, 4, to Det. Div., for 10 days; Peter Voelbel, 36, and T. J. Duffy, 148, to Com'rs office, for 10 days; J. C. Miller, 38, and C. E. Hooker, 43, to Det. Div., for 10 days; J. J. Quinn, 149, and W. S. Donnelly, 150, to Det. Div., for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Atty's office, Kings; J. T. Bateman, Traf. Div. C, to Com'rs office, for 20 days. To Traf. Div., from prects. indicated, for 15 days: Div. A, R. P. Murphy, 4. Div. B, Leo Ferda, 15; J. A. Hughes, 22; H. Dettmer, 28; J. W. Seymour, 18; W. I. Auld, 23; W. J. McGowan, 43. Div. C, Peter Meade, 48; Edward Barlend, 63; W. A. Murtaugh, 67. Div. D, E. C. Schoell, 63; W. C. Rosendale, 169; J. V. Lynch, 147; C. H. Waldeck, 171. Div. E, Henry Stake, 66. To Det. Div. from prects. indicated, for 10 days: Romolo Pagano, 10; Jas. J. McCarthy, 42; Joseph Pemolano, 80; W. J. McCafferty, 81; William Prantner, 43.

Leaves without pay: Patrol. E. J. Conran, 146, 1 day; Hugh McGuire, 157, 2 days; D. J. Prendergast, 171, 4 days.

Advancements to $1,400 grade: Patrol. B. P. Allen, 17; J. E. Ackerman, 40; P. A. McGann, 146; C. A. Picco, D. D.; M. H. Gillemann, 25; F. J. Sheehan, 65; J. G. Neun, D. D. to $1,200 grade: P. F. Masterson, 292.

Resigned: Prob. Patrol. G. C. Schwall, School for Recruits, on June 1.

Dismissed from the dept.: Patrol. F. J. McGowan, 12, conduct unbecoming an officer, neglect of duty, and violation of rules, intoxicated.

Fire Department.

Prob. firemen appointed and ordered to report to School of Instruction Thursday, June 4, for a thirty days' test. (Number of engine follows name):

D A. M.—A. F. McGlade, 6; Albert Kellermann, 25; A. M. Miny, 33; F. L. Maixner, 33; J. D. Mayne, 76; L. S. Taylor, 88; Julian Rauf, 202; J. J. Guily, 203; G. C. Weiss, 206; J. H. Rauch, 209; H. J. Garner, 218; C. M. F. Quinn, 2144 A. Hoey, 220; William Nikl, 221; P. J. A. Anderson, 224; G. C. Bressert, 283. (H. and L. number follows name.) J. F. O'Keefe, 2; H. K. Ness, 4; C. A. Forster, 17; J. A. Gebhardt, 35; J. W. Haffkosa, 118; J. J. Robinson, 104. 1 P. M.—(Engine number follows name.) B. M. Hemmes, 6; C. McGary, 33; Matt. Johnston, Jr., 42; H. G. Lauterbach, 25; William Eldenwell, 50; E. C. Seaman, 200; B. Barry, 210; F. P. Loughran, Jr., 218; M. J. J. Tierney, 226; F. A. Travis, 237; W. R. Bender, 257; W. H. Anderson, 279. (H. and L. follows names.) James Dea, 1; J. M. Bartley, 7; William Bitter, 8; Francis Canavan, 20; G. H. Hammond, Jr., 22; George Friton, Jr., 28; J. J. Hogencamp, 43; William Osterburg, Jr., 103; B. F. Keenan, 104.

Promotions.—Lt. to Capt.: Bernard Brockwell, Eng. 28; Chas. Jacobs, H. and L. 15.

1st grade to Lts.: W. R. Pelham, Eng. 249; Chas. H. Riley, Eng. 261.

1st grade to engineer of steamer: C. F. Boylan, Eng. 289; P. G. Hettrich, Eng. 273.

Assignments to duty: Capts. Bernard Brockwell, Eng. 44; Charles Jacobs, H. & L. 30; Lieuts. W. R. Pelham, H. & L. 15; C. H. Riley, Eng. 29; Engs. of Steamer C. F. Boylan, Eng. 215; P. G. Hettrich, Eng. 221.

Appointed prob. firemen and assigned for duty: A. F. Tyson, Eng. 5; T. F. McNulty, Eng. 10; F. J. Burke, Eng. 19; J. P. Lahey, Eng. 20; T. M. Lennon, Eng. 55; P. J. Coulter, Eng. 82. To accomplish more in one year than many schools do in two. No grades to retard the brilliant or discourage the backward pupil. Prepares for Regents and college. Delightful location. Boarding facilities unexcelled. 259 W. 75th St. Tel. 744 Col.

The Brown School of Tutoring

241 West 75th St. Phone Col. 8894.

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N. Y. U. Summer School

Six weeks, beginning July 1. 200 courses in commercial, pedagogical and collegiate subjects. University credit given.

Address J. E. Lough, Washington Square

DE LA SALLE INSTITUTE.—A school of character for young men and boys. Central Park South.

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DIAMONDS ON CREDIT

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Call or write for Illustrated Catalog D.

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EDUCATION NOTES.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has granted the request of the Board of Education that an examination be held for promotion to third grade stenographer and typewriter in the office of the District Superintendents, to be open to second grade stenographers and typewriters and second grade typewriting copyists.

It has been decided to renew the lease of the premises occupied by Public School 102, Manhattan, in the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 136th Street and Amsterdam Avenue.

Plans have been approved for the erection of an addition to Public School 18, Brooklyn.

The assignment of E. Gordon Hopper, draftsman, as assistant to the Deputy Superintendent of School Buildings, Manhattan, has been continued for four months longer.

Consent has been given to the Board of Education for the transfer of Mary F. Sullivan, stenographer and typewriter, from the Bureau of Supplies, Education Department, at $600 a year, to the Parks Department, at $900 a year.

The Board of Education has approved the report of its committee on Buildings fixing the compensation of the janitors of the Manual Training High School and Commercial High School at the rate of $9.50 a session for Sunday concerts held in their school buildings under the auspices of the People's Institute of Brooklyn from Jan. 1 to March 15, 1914.

It has been decided to renew the lease of the building on the southeasterly corner of Hamburg Svenue and Cornelia Street, Brooklyn, occupied as an annex to Public School 106.

The Faculty of Morris High School will hold a tea on the school campus tomorrow afternoon.

The Women Principals' Eligible List Association will hold a meeting at 4.15 P. M. tomorrow in the Martha Washington Hotel. I twill be the last meeting of the association for the current school term.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:31|Sun sets..7:26|Moon sets..1:39

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	3:50	4:20	9:58	10:45
Governors Island	3:54	4:37	10:27	11:17
Hell Gate	5:44	6:27	12:07	12:57

Arrived—Wednesday, June 3.

SS Imperator, Hamburg, May 27.
SS Saxonia, Gibraltar, May 24.
SS Thespia, Barbados, May 27.
SS Fernedene, Huelva, May 13.
SS Ulidia, Puerto Mexico, May 28.
SS Prins Joachim, Colon, May 26.
SS Bjornebjord, Lisbon, May 18.
SS Commewijne, Port of Spain, May 26.
SS Dalhanna, Shields, May 18.
SS Danube, Antilla, May 31.
SS Easkasoni, Kingston, May 2.
SS Havana, Havana, May 31.
SS Drunning Olga, Calbarien, May 28.
SS Comal, Tampa, May 28.
SS El Rio, Galveston, May 28.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Broadmayne	Shields	May 19
Chicago	Havre	May 22
St. Paul	Southampton	May 27
Roma	Lisbon	May 23
Manuel Calvo	Havana	May 31
Santa Marta	Santa Marta	May 26
Creole	New Orleans	May 30

DUE TOMORROW.

Aquitania	Liverpool	May 30
Adriatic	Liverpool	May 28
Maracaibo	Maracaibo	May 27
El Siglo	Galveston	May 30
Comet	New Orleans	May 28
City of Savannah	Savannah	June 2

DUE SATURDAY.

Savoie	Havre	May 30
Vestris	Rio Janeiro	May 19
Prins Fred. Hendrik	Haiti	June 1
Martha Washington	Palermo	May 26
Oceania	Fiume	May 10
Poleric	Aberdeen	May 24
Katuna	Oran	May 21
Uppland	Rosario	May 11
Amanda	Baracoa	May 31
Concettina de Giorgio	Sama	May 31
Fretoria	Hamburg	May 23

DUE SUNDAY.

Columbia	Glasgow	May 30
Admiral	Palermo	May 23
San Guglielmo	Naples	May 27
Manzanillo	Santiago	May 25
Santiago	Galveston	May 30
City of Montgomery	Savannah	June 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Allemania, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Berlin, Bremen	——	10:00 A.M.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg	——	2:00 P.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	——	12:00 M.
United States, Christiansand	——	2:00 P.M.
Principello, Rotterdam	——	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Celtic, (U. S.,) Vera Cruz	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Commewijne, Barbados	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Purus, Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Montoso, Santiago	——	12:00 M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Imperator, Hamburg	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Stephano, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Highland Watch, Bahia	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Pr. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Santo Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen	——	10:00 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Italia, Naples	——	2:00 P.M.
Minnewaska, London	——	8:30 A.M.
Napoli, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Carpania, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Danube, Jamaica	——	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Chicago, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 3.

SS Aquitania, Liverpool to New York, was 1,013 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 5th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SS Saxonia, Naples to New York, was 193 miles E. at 3:15 A. M.; due 4th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SS St. Paul, Southampton to New York, was 289 miles E. at 8 P. M.; due 4th, forenoon. American Line.

SS Adriatic, Liverpool to New York, was 811 miles E. at 1 P. M.; due 5th, afternoon. White Star Line.

SS San Francisco, Londonderry to New York, was 660 miles E. at 4 P. M.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Comanche, Galveston to New York, was 40 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 87 miles N. of Charleston at 7 P. M.

SS Ellen Bauta, Buenos Aires to New York, was 1,400 miles S. at midnight 2d.

SS Comet, Baton Rouge to New York, was 211 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at noon.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, was 123 miles S. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at noon.

SS Advance, Cristobal to New York, was 263 miles S. at noon.

SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 263 miles S. at noon.

SS Parima, Trinidad to New York, was 1,092 miles S. at noon 2d.

SS Carolyn, Ponce to New York, was 1,157 miles S. at noon 2d.

SS Vestris, Barbados to New York, was 853 miles S. at 8 P. M. 2d.

SS John D. Archbold, Baton Rouge to New York, was 883 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Iroquois, Turks Island to New York, was 83 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Santa Maria, Santa Marta to New York, was 404 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Maracaibo, Mayaguez to New York, was 415 miles S. at noon.

SS El Siglo, Galveston to New York, was 100 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 6 P. M.

SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 145 miles S. at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS France, at Havre, June 2.
SS Rotterdam, at Plymouth, June 3.
SS Kalomo, at Suez, June 3.
SS Ronan Prince, at Algoa Bay, June —.
SS Hagen, at Port Natal, June 2.
SS Perugia, at Gibraltar, June 3.
SS Hamburg, at Naples, June 1.

Sailed.

SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, from Southampton, June 3.
SS Oceanic, from Southampton, June 3.
SS Aruba, from Southampton, June 3.
SS Kandahar, from Oran, June 2.
SS Hermione, from Barbados, June 3.
SS Virginie, from Havre, May 31.
SS La Coq, from Bordeaux, May 31.
SS Pannonia, from Gibraltar, June 3.
SS Venezia, from Marseilles, May 30.
SS Brooklet, from Huelva, May 30.
SS Princess Irene, from Madeira, June 3.

Passed.

SS Karema, for New York from Shanghai, passed Pantellaria.
SS Masery, New York for Melbourne, passed Ascension.
SS Bergenstjord, New York for Bergen, passed Malin Head.
SS Colorado, New York for Hull, passed Brow Head.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. June 4, SS St. Louis.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. June 5, SS Imperator, and at 5 P. M. June 5, SS Kronprinz Wilhelm and SS Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.

France—Close at 5 P. M. June 4, SS St. Louis.

Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. June 5, SS Kroonland.

Greece—Close at 1 P. M. June 11, SS Athinai; at 12 M. June 15, SS Patras, and at 5 P. M. June 16, SS Barcelona.

Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. June 8, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 4, SS United States.

Norway—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 4, SS United States.

Italy—Close at 5 P. M. June 5, SS Napoli.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia (except West) and specially addressed mail for New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Ventura ..... June 4
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Canada Maru ..... June 4
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Manoa..June 4
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except west,) via Vancouver—Marama ..... June 8
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Seattle)—Antiochus..June 5
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Russia ..... June 6
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia ..... June 12

Pacific Mails

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, May 12; Hongkong, May 13; Shanghai, May 15, and Yokohama, May 21—which arrived per steamer Russia, were dispatched east from Seattle on May 30, and are due in New York on the morning of Thursday, June 4.

Five Latest Shipping See Page 2.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The medical and physical examination for taxi inspectors will be held by the Municipal Civil Service Commission at 2:30 P. M. tomorrow. There are 140 candidates. The mental examination has been postponed. A correspondent of THE TIMES, "J. C. A." asks if it would be a waste of time for him to take the medical and physical test, as there seems to be no vacancy to be filled. Neither Secretary Belcher nor Examination Clerk McDonald of the commission would give any advice yesterday on the subject. "J. C. A." will, therefore, have to determine the question for himself.

The commission at its meeting yesterday ordered examinations for Coroner's physician, pharmacist, and temporary clerk.

Mayor Mitchel has consented to the employment by the commission of J. Herbert Taylor of Washington, D. C., as an expert in connection with the forthcoming examination for finger print expert.

A communication has been received from the Secretary of the State Civil Service Commission saying that at a meeting of that board the resolution of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, classifying in the noncompetitive class for the Public Charities Department of the position of pharmacist at a compensation not to exceed $720 a year, with maintenance, had been ordered returned without approval.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination, on June 29, for dairy husbandman, for men only, to fill vacancies as they may occur in the Dairy Division, Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, at salaries ranging from $1,200 to $2,500 a year, and in positions requiring similar qualifications. The duties will include co-operative work with dairy farmers; advice and assistance with reference to instituting the keeping of records of productions of herds, the construction of silos, the construction and remodeling of dairy buildings, the feeding of dairy herds, the management of dairy farms, the care and handling of milk and cream, and the making of butter on farms; the organization and supervision of farmers' associations, bull associations, and cow testing associations; demonstrations at fairs, judging dairy cattle and dairy products, lecture work on subjects connected with dairy farming, and other forms of dairy farming extension work; collection of information concerning the dairy industry, and experimental work along dairy farming lines. The performance of these duties will involve considerable traveling, usually within one State. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on general education and scientific training, practical experience and fitness for carrying on work along lines related to subjects outlined in the statement of duties above, thesis of from 1,500 to 2,500 words. An educational training equivalent to that required for a bachelor's degree from an institution of recognized standing and in addition at least two years' responsible experience in connection with some phase of dairy husbandry since leaving college, are prerequisites. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first but not their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

HELMSKY, ANNA, (Feb. 14, 1914;) net estate, $11,025; realty, $250; bank, $3,691; bonds and mtgs., &c., $8,386.

MOFFAT, DAVID H., (March 18, 1911;) N. Y. estate, $15,877; details published elsewhere in THE TIMES.

Up the Hudson

150 Miles by daylight

June is the ideal month for the journey, with the river in the full glory of summer—Don't *miss* it.

ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, DAILY except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

Str. Mary Powell

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or by rail, $1.10.

West Point-7th Regiment Baseball Game.

On Saturday, June 6th. Go by Str. Albany, leaving Desbrosses St., 10:10; W. 42d St., 10:30; W. 129th St., 11 A. M. Leave West Point on return about 6:30 P. M., after game and dress parade.

Hudson River Day Line DESBROSSES ST. PIER NEW YORK

Iron Steamboat Co

CONEY ISLAND

Schedule for Thursday, June 4th.

LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET,
9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.

LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER,
10:20, 11:10 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.

LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK,
11:25 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, 4:55, 5:35, 6:10, 7:10, 8:35, 9:35, 10:40 P. M.

Deep Sea Fishing Str. "Taurus"

Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1, N. R., ONLY. Weekdays, 75 cents. Sundays & Holidays, $1.00.

St. GRAND REPUBLIC

Special Trip Sundays June 7-14

To NEWBURGH and RETURN

Stopping at HIGHLAND FALLS Both Ways

FARE ROUND TRIP 50 CTS.

Leave Pier 1, N. R., 9:30; West 129th St., 10:30; Yon

SUMS UP AGAINST READING.

Government's Attorney Attacks Holding Company as a Subterfuge.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—Final argument in the Government's suit to break up what the Government asserts is the largest of a number of combinations forming the alleged Anthracite Coal Trust was begun in the United States District Court today. The defendants are the Reading Company, a holding concern; Reading Railway Company, Reading Coal & Iron Company, Jersey Central Railroad, Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, Lehigh Coal & Navigation Company, Wilmington & Northern Railroad, Lehigh & Hudson River Railway, Lehigh & New England Railroad, and the Directors of the Reading Company, who are also Directors in a number of the other companies. The suit was filed in September, 1913.

G. Carroll Todd, an Assistant United States Attorney General, made the chief argument for the Government. "A lawyer," he said, "assured a committee of stockholders at the time of reorganization that under the State Constitution the Reading Railway Company could not hold the stock of the coal company. So then we had the spectacle of the organization of the Reading Company, a moribund corporation, which does no business of any kind, to hold all the stock of the coal company, the idea being that, although it had the same President and other officers, and virtually the same stockholders, it was a different corporation. "In thirty-seven years the railroad and its successor, the Reading Compnay, have given in preferences to the coal company an amount equal to $80,000,000."

While Mr. Todd was speaking Judge Buffington interrupted to ask, "Do you contend that it is unlawful for a railroad to transport the coal of a coal company where the stock of both is held by a holding company?"

"In this case," replied Mr. Todd, "the Reading Holding Company, the Reading Railway Company, and the Reading Coal & Iron Company are practically one and the same corporation. If a coal company is operated by money furnished by a railroad company then the companies embody an unlawful combination in restraint of trade. The Supreme Court has decided that a holding company used to make two companies one is unlawful. Under the commodities clause of the Hepburn act also this use of a holding company is unlawful."

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

July closed 1c higher here and ¾c higher in Chicago, against ⅛ to ⅝c advance in later positions. Crop news was generally favorable, especially in Spring wheat States, where rains have relieved drought.

No. 2 hard Winter here was quoted at $1.04¾, cost, insurance, freight; new No. 2 red, 95c. July shipment, cost, insurance, freight; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.04¾, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.05¾, free on board, afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
July	97	96	97	96 1-16	98 1-16
September	....	....	94	93¾	96¾
December	....	....	96	95¾	....

CHICAGO PRICES.

July	87⅞	86⅞	87⅞	87	90
September	86	85⅜	86	85⅝	89⅝
December	88½	87⅝	88	87⅞	91⅞

CORN.

The corn market sold up to new high levels and closed practically at the top, being ⅝ to ⅞c above the previous night.

At the close No. 2 yellow corn here was quoted at 82¼c, cost, insurance, freight, prompt. The Liverpool market came ⅝d net higher. Cash corn was firmer and country offerings reported to be light.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last
July	70⅜	69¾	70⅜	69¾	58¾
September	67⅝	67¼	67⅝	67¼	59½
December	59½	58⅝	59	58⅝	57½

OATS.

Last prices were unchanged from Tuesday's closing quotations to ⅜c net higher. In New York standard white was quoted at 46½@47c; No. 2 white, 47@47½c; No. 3 white, 46@46½c; No. 4 white, 45½@46c; ordinary clipped white, 46@46¾c; fancy clipped white, 47½@49½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
July	40¾	40	40¾	40	38½
September	38½	38¼	38⅝	38⅝	38

PROVISIONS.

An increase of outside buying, coupled with firmness in the hog market and decreased stocks, caused a sharp advance in the provision market yesterday.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
Lard—					
July	10.10	10.07	10.10	9.97	10.95
September	10.30	10.20	10.25	10.15	11.05
Ribs—					
July	11.32	11.27	11.30	11.22	11.62
September	11.42	11.35	11.37	11.32	11.32
Pork—					
July	20.45	20.27	20.45	20.25	20.25
September	20.00	19.90	19.95	19.87	19.77

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market showed a firmer tone and closed 2 to 5 points net higher.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	7.25@7.33	7.20
June	....	....	7.25@7.30	7.23
July	7.36	7.35	7.34@7.35	7.29
August	7.48	7.46	7.45@7.46	7.42
September	7.55	7.53	7.53@7.54	7.50
October	7.38	7.36	7.35@7.36	7.33
November	....	....	7.00@7.05	6.95
December	7.00	7.00	6.99@7.00	6.93
January	....	....	6.90@7.05	6.91

COTTON.

There was further heavy realizing in the cotton market and prices were more than $1.50 per bale under the high level of last Monday on most of the active positions, with the close barely steady at a net loss of 6 to 17 points as compared with the closing figures of Tuesday.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, with prices 10 points lower at 13.65 for middling upland; sales, none.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	13.18	13.17	13.20	13.20
July	13.24	13.11	13.12@13.13	13.20
August	13.13	13.02	13.02@13.04	13.08
September	12.87	12.87	12.84@12.87	12.94
October	12.80	12.72	12.72@12.73	12.84
November	....	....	12.54@12.70	12.64
December	12.80	12.74	12.74@12.75	12.86
January	12.73	12.50	12.59@12.60	12.70
March	12.75	12.63	12.63@12.64	12.70
May	12.92	12.81	12.75@12.76	12.89
May	12.90	12.76	12.76@12.77	12.89

COFFEE.

Closing prices were 7 to 15 points net lower. December contracts sold off to 9.37 during the day, comparing with 9.52, the high point of Tuesday morning, and 8.68, the low level of last March. Havre closed at a net decline of ⅝ franc and Hamburg was ⅛ to 1 pfennig lower.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	....	....	8.85@8.87	8.92
July	8.98	8.96	8.96@8.98	9.02
August	....	....	9.05@9.07	9.12
September	9.18	9.12	9.15@9.16	9.22
October	....	....	9.24@9.26	9.31
November	....	....	9.32@9.34	9.40
December	9.48	9.37	9.41@9.42	9.48
January	....	....	9.45@9.47	9.53
February	....	....	9.49@9.51	9.58
March	9.58	9.53	9.53@9.55	9.64
April	....	....	9.54@9.56	9.67
May	9.57	9.55	9.55@9.57	9.70

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 10,540 packages. Buyers held off and there was very light trading. Creamery, extras, 27@27½c; firsts, 25¾@26¼c; seconds, 23@25c; thirds, 21¼@24c; State dairy, finest, 25¼@26c; good to prime, 23¼@25c; common to fair, 19@23c; process, extras, 21@21½c; firsts, 19½@20¾c; lower grades, 17@18¾c; ladies, current make, firsts, 19@19½c; seconds, 18@18½c; lower grades, 16@17½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 17@17½c; lower grades, 15@16½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 23,120 cases. Market is firm and values well sustained. Fine fresh, to pass inspection as high-grade firsts or better, asking prices tend a little higher. Medium grades clearing fairly well, but anything showing pronounced heat effects is rather hard to sell. Good demand for fancy dirties, which are scarce. Checks dull. Fancy white eggs in light supply. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 23¾@24c; extra firsts, 21½@22c; firsts, 20@21c; seconds, 19½@19¾c; thirds and poorer, 16@18c; No. 1 dirties, 17½@18c; No. 2 dirties and poorer, 15@17c; checks, good to prime, dry, 16½@17c; undergraded, 13@16c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, fine to fancy, 23½@24½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by gathered whites, fine, 22@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by whites, fair to good, 20½@21½c; Western, gathered whites, 20@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery brown, 23@24c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19½@22c; quick eggs, State and near-by, Indian Runner, 24c; mailmore, selected, 20@23c; Western, 19@21c; Tennessee and other good Southern, 18@20c.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.
Bowers Rubber Wks‹ Strong, M & S Co. | Steiff‹Bing.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Equity Calendar—Chatfield, J.—At 10 A. M.
US benefit Van Cliefˆ Marriek et al.
NATURALIZATION PROCEEDINGS—Chatfield, J.—At 9:30 A. M.
EQUITY CALENDAR—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
O'Connor‹Goldowitz.
Paragon Metal Cap‹ Amer Metal Cap. | Williston‹Raymond.
Wittemann Co‹Wittemann Bros.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

People, rapts., v. Bimartini, aplt.—Motion to extend time to bring on argument to next session. Time to bring on argument extended to June 17.

Deloyer, rapt., v. Britt et al., as Comrs., apts.—Motion granted and case set down for argument on June 8.

In re the application of the electors of Onondaga, &c.—Motion granted and case set down for argument on June 15.

DAY CALENDAR.

Hebard‹CNY
Kelliher‹NYC RR.
Gardner‹Buffalo St'm Roller.
People ex rel Lynch‹ Waldo.
People ex rel Mac-Nish‹Waldo.
Matter of Oneill‹ Waldo.
People ex rel Morrissey‹Waldo.
People ex rel Bowden ‹Waldo.
People ex rel Sanguinetto‹Waldo.
People ex rel Reilly‹ Johnson.
Matter of St'd Bitulithic Co.
In re CNY‹Grand B'yd & Concourse.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, Laughlin, Clarke, Dowling, Hotchkiss, JJ.—Enumerated motions—At 2 P. M.
CNY‹Bleecker St, &c., RR.
Hughes‹BreakwaterCo
Blossom‹Chisholm.
People‹Cole.
First Com'l Bk, &c‹ Valentine.
Cohen‹Atlas Assur.
Dowd‹Casey,
In re Akin.
Brown‹SunP&P.
Whitman‹O'Donovan.
Raessle‹Raessle.
Auditorium Co‹Shubert Booking.
Sinnott‹Ward Bread.
Lawrence‹Heaney.
Drury‹Am Fruit Prod

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
In re Union Trust Co, (Wash Trust.)
In re Curtis, (same.)
In re same.
In re Jarvie, (Wash Trust.)
In re Ten Brook, (same.)
In re Smith, (same.)
In re Bristow, (same.)
In re Union Trust Co, (same.)
In re Prentiss & Co., (same.)
In re Brown, (Berg.)
Goodman‹Goodman.
Union News‹CNY.
N Y, West & Boston Ry‹CNY.
Bayliss‹Eberhardt.
Trustees of Presby‹ Westm Presby Ch.
Blumenthal‹Milne.
Johnston‹Bailey.
Fatman‹Stanley.
Westmin Presby Ch‹ Trust of Presby.
Snow‹Snow. Jr.
Panny‹Heide.
Volpe‹Volpe.
Tresouthic‹Dwyer.
CNY‹Smyth Donegan.
CNY‹Un Plumbing.
Zwisler‹Zwisler.
Pfeiffer‹Mayhew.
Same‹same.
Seaman's B'k of Saving‹Raabe.
Hallahan‹Hallahan.
In re Reisch.
PART II.—Philbin, J.—Ex parte business—At 10:30 A. M.
PART III.—Giegerich, Motions.
In re W 168th St.
In re W 161st St.
In re same.
Merle‹London.
Same‹Same.
Miller‹Miller.
Ungerleider‹Burg.
Asphalt Con‹Rourke.
Siskind‹Siskind.
In re Cottage Place.
In re Spuyten Duyvil Road.
Mut'l All Tr‹Cheney.
Hemphill‹Hemphill.
Schneider‹Schneider.
Jones‹Mitchell.
Same‹Same.
Kobre‹Rosdorf Co.
Huste‹Huste.
Cone‹114 E 23 St.
Katzman‹Halpin.
Fishman‹Halpin.
Preferred case.
Norton Co‹114 E 23 St.
General calendar:
Lawrence‹Morris.
Same‹‹Same.
Banks‹Banks.
Heinz‹Allison.
NY Co N Bk‹Peckworth.
Same‹same.
Wedergren‹Peckworth.
PART IV.—Lehman, J.—Case on; Part V., Pendleton, J., case on; Part VII., Erlanger, J., case on.

TRIAL TERM.

PART II.—Newbourger, Inquest—Fisk Rubber Co‹Boyl Bros, &c. Co.
Wright Fur Co‹Isaacs
Mercelis‹Crutchfield.
Place‹Halstead.
Gallagher‹Bruner.
Rosenthal‹Lilling.
Bartlett‹Ahrens.
Sturtevant‹Fiss, D & C.
Gutzfitt‹Schlegal.
Carlton Illus‹Am Loc Co.
Ehrlich‹Ehrlich.
Harle‹Alexander.
J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Shapiro‹Klinck.
Sherry‹Merz.
Horner‹Schreiber.
Renard Co‹Stand Acct Ins.
Weber‹Col Amusg.
Brooks Audit‹Dundee Woolen Mills Co.
Reddy‹Silverman.
Collings‹De Lamater Byrnes Auto Co.
Heller, Straus & Co‹ Atl Fertilizer.
Lewis‹City Realty.
Kevilock‹Dzikowska.
Chapman‹Am Palace Car.
Case on.
PART III.—Whitaker, Inquest—Fuchs‹ Greenfield.
Webb‹Hemperley.
Tracey‹Oliver & Burr
Heimer‹33 Ave R.R.
Jennings‹Thomas & B
Cazzola‹O'Brien.
Armonni‹same.
Schnell‹C R T.
Jones‹Callahan.
J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Doenzal‹H C Kotten.
Murphy‹Hafner.
Bowser‹Pitts Cont.
Davega‹Wilson Trads Ass'n.
Kahn‹Packard Motor.
M Kahn‹same.
Billich‹Bronx Gas, &c., Co.
Case on.
PART IV.—Adjourned until June 15.
PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Reichstadt‹Halstead.
Coyle‹I R T
Varcos‹NY Rys.
Naftal‹C R T.
Patterson‹I R T.
Vilins‹NY Mailing.
Griffin‹Elty.
McGarry‹McConnell.
Same‹same.
Sullivan‹I R T.
Held‹same.
Rose Bldg Co‹Cons Gas.
Case on.
PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Levine‹Miller.
Flynn‹Rodgers & Hagerty.
J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wittner‹Madsan.
Slavis‹Roddi.
Rosen‹Bradley Con. Case on.
PART VII.—Adjourned for the term.
PART VIII.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Kennedy‹Hudson Nav
Carroll‹Cons Gas.
Fingerman‹Sheffield Farms.
Walt‹Merkert.
Wine‹Bear Lithia.
PART IX.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Guinan‹Crum.
Myers‹NY Rys.
Wall‹Merkert.
Wine‹Bear Lithia.
PART X.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on.
Hennell‹Cohnwseller.
Murphy‹New Eng L.
PART XI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wybrecht‹Schock.
Brown‹Newman.
Yuchs‹NY Rys.
Watt‹Cons Gas Co.
Hynds‹Press Pub.
Jakal‹Whitt Firepfg.
Byston Rlty‹Am Fireproof, &c.
Kenwood‹NY Rys.
Case on.
PART XII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Donnelly‹Astoria Lt
Rotman‹CNY.
Miller‹CNY Trans RR.
Doerr‹CNY.
Case on.
PART XIII.—Adjourned for the term.
PART XIV.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Sullivan‹Sullivan.
Lawson‹Ward.
Dowse‹NY Yacht, L & E Co.
Shaw‹Royal Ins.
Homenway‹Schmidt.
Somerville‹Read.
Collins‹CNY.
Levison‹Ill Surety.
Mine & Smelter Sup‹ Herman.
Rapp‹Rapp.
Beach‹Am Palace Car. Case on.
PART XV.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Poss‹Poss.
No day calendar.
PART XVI.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inquest—Leitner‹ Wonderland.
McKnight‹McKnight.
Bridger‹Bridger.
Jacobs‹White.
NY Art Pub‹Mason Henry Press.
Rafter‹Plaer.
Radcliffe‹Fowler.
Coe‹Katz.
Caspary‹Hatch, Jr.
Gallagher & Shean‹ Barton.
Goldstein‹NY Life Ins
Silberstein‹Anable.
Case on.
PART XVII.—Adjourned until June 15.
PART XVIII.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inquest—E Gribbens Co‹Sanborne-Cobb Inquest—Goldstein‹Ind Bialastocker Ass'n.
Jones‹Woodin.
Richardson‹McDermott & Hunnigan.
Peoples Surety Co‹ Ludington's Sons.
Kurinsky‹Harburger.
Amster Bldg Co‹Mesa.
O'Connell‹Gildersleeve & Son.
Roberts‹Reinitz.
Tebbs‹Tebbs.
Scanlon‹Carrollan.
Farley‹Buttner & Guar Trust Co.
Weber & Co‹Isaacs.
Mercelis‹Crutchfield.
Place‹Halstead.
Gallagher‹Bruner.
Rosenthal‹Lilling.
Bartlett‹Ahrens.
Sturtevant‹Fiss, D & C.
Gutzfitt‹Schlegal.
Carlton Illus‹Am Loc Co.
Ehrlich‹Ehrlich.
Harle‹Alexander.
C A Brown‹A Brown.
Allott‹Thorne.
Thomas‹Thomas.
Fenn‹Davis.
People‹Parisi.
People‹Pugliese.
People‹Cucurullo.
People‹Dashby.
People‹Bryant.
People‹Fegelli.
Rudd‹Cropsey.
Noble‹Remsen.
Therkats‹Waldo.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estates of:
Gertrude C Raetse,
Robert Raetse.
Wills for probate:
Nellie M Noe.
Benjamin T Elmore,
Meta Kobbe,
Maurice H Baumgarten,
Laura Hays,
John F Lockwood,
Kate W Goodwin,
Caroline Rice,
Cornelia E Cornell,
Rose Kessler.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estate of Fisher Grossman.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—La Fetra, J. Litigated motions.—At 10 A. M.
Gottlob‹Boeck Co.
Dickinson‹Buxbaum.
Chayes‹Schmidt.
Doyle‹Finlay.
Vanderpoel‹Whitmore.
Bergman‹Buchner & Fisher.
Dall‹Brinckerhoff.
Nunes Co‹Liberman.
Glasner‹Hollander.
Bayside Lumber Co‹ Holm Bldg Corp.
Shortmeier‹Elliott.
Same‹same.
Maas‹Ventimiglia.
Jersey City Gal Co‹ Davidson.
Davidson‹Leavitt.
Same‹same.
Bayer‹Duder.
Jacobs‹Shapiro.
Washer‹Shdanek.
Kalt Lumber‹Stepian.
Conn Cab‹Sampter.
Yellow Taxi‹Salmon.
Burns Bros‹Rose & Bros.
Triwilli‹Sinclair & Valentine.
Collins‹Rosenzweig.
Murray‹Purdy.
Jacob‹Heinze.
Leonardo‹Stevens Con.
Hatt‹Powers.
Marino‹Runkel Bros.
Williams‹Yellow Taxi.
Levine‹Shillander.
Sandt‹Sanford.
Roth‹Sepler.
Berta‹Agnibene.
Oxman‹Resnick.
Judson‹Duncan.
Ms Vernon Tr‹Pendfield.
Bryan‹Gobbi.
Hoffman Brew‹Klein.
Kingsley‹Harli.
Payne‹Corbin.
Schneider‹same.
De Silver‹same.
Freziosi‹same.
Jordan‹same.
Unterberg‹same.
Saal‹same.
Schien‹same.
Lichtenstein‹same.
Schoen‹same.
White‹same.
Fress‹same.
Walsh‹same.
Silverman‹same.
Weitz‹same.
Agastinelli‹same.
Holzman‹same.
Alston House, &c‹ Dalberg.
Case on.

PART III., Lynch, J., case on; IV., O'Dwyer, J., case on; V., Smith, J., case on; VI., Finelite, J., case on; VII., Ranson, J., clear; VIII., Delehanty, J., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Lincoln Trust Co‹Rohman—Louis F. Doyle. Same‹Maisel—Louis F. Doyle. Esperanto Mfg. Co‹Bholo Realty Co—Peter Gatens. Crossin‹Pepper—Harry W. Newburger. United Hebrew Charities‹Loewenstine—Abraham S Gilbert.
SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Brown‹ Norton—William A. Boyd. In re CNY, (227 St)—Benjamin Jackson.
SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J. Weisenhofer ‹Greenfield—Harold H Herts.
SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Hunter ‹Hunter—Wilbur Larramore. In re Turnbull—Charles C Burlingham. Mann Sav Inst‹Klotz (2)—Phoenix Ingraham. Fairchild‹Katz—Harold V Story.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Jemmie Rentzler—Benjamin Rentzler — Maxwell Lustig.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION. — Jenks, Burr, Thomas, Carr, Rich, Stapleton, Putnam, JJ. —Motion calendar.
Seifter‹Am Bdg Co. Enumerated day calendar—At 1 P. M.
Bond‹Walker.
Arbling‹Gutchio.
Connell‹Jankelson Co.
Kaplan‹Feinstein.
Dann‹Eppinger.
Rosekrans‹Rosekrans.
Dashby‹Dashby.
Matter of Duffy.
Griffith‹Am Bridge.
Buttacaroli‹Stevenson.
Fryar‹Lewis.
Kinsila‹Shubert.
Merritt‹Archer.

NOTICE.

The Appellate Division fixes time and place for holding an additional Special Term for the naturalization of aliens as June 20, before Justice Lester W. Clark, at 10 A. M., at St. George, Richmond County.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Aspinall, J.—Litigated motions.
Klein‹Klein.
Koch‹McLaughlin.
In re Uzzo.
In re Beresoff.
Werthein‹Mt. Hope C.
Rideout‹C RR of N J
Kahn‹Kahn.
Bockman‹CNY.
Subin‹Nat Exam.
Schneider‹Schneider.
N Y Co-op Bldg & Lc‹ Pollock et al.
In re Carroll St, (McGarvey.)
Nibacher‹Wilson.
In re Ginzburg & an, (Snyder.)
Cicola‹Holbrook, Cabot & R.
D'Angelo‹same.
Nieman‹White.
People‹Mintz.
Da Vito‹Palumbo.
McMenamy‹Rogers Impt Co.
Hanson R'lty‹Longstreet.
Goldberg‹Hoch.
Ajar‹Am Parlor Fr.
Bergen‹Hecker-Jones-Jewell.
Higgins‹Hudson Riv Line.
Rushforth‹Old Dom L
Barrett Mfg Co‹Currier.
In re People's Trust.
Ahrens‹Schmitt Bldg.
Field‹Flatbush Gas.
In re Clarke.
Sullivan‹Int Cork.
Irwin‹De Pace.
Katz‹Williams.
Lais‹N Y Mach Exch
Pines‹Riso.
Hoppe ex rel Karpf‹ Cohen.
Pendleton‹Bennett.
Finkleson‹Bren et al.
Brown‹Assoc Operat'g
In re Chester St‹Brittol St, (Nas Elec R)
Eastast‹Burke & Sons
Bonanzi‹Scranton & L Con].
In re Flatbush Av Ex

PART II.—Crane, J.—Ex parte business—At 10 A. M.
PART III.—Kelly, J.—At 10 A. M.
Petakofsky‹Pellicier.
Us Title Guar‹Brown.
Pabiszewski‹Segelman.
Scheidel‹Schiedel.
Davis‹Davis.
Israil‹Judge.
People ex rel Am Mfg ‹ Purdy (5 cases.)
People ex rel Cunningham R'lty‹Purdy (2 cases.)
Morgarowsky‹Glassberg.
Auer‹Hab Bldg.
Marron‹Boyce.
Neger‹Gen Sav Bk.
Roller‹Roller.
Rose‹Poshelsky.
Todaro‹ Somerville R'lty.
Highest number reached, 1063.
Elliot‹Elliot.
Bitelli‹Rizzo.
Lamato‹Lamano.
Lafayette Trust‹(Leon Caplan Co. Reserve calendar:
Yuengst‹Yukelson.
Lacker‹Lacker.
Cash‹Borough Bank.
Berman‹Berger.
Carman‹Co'Y.
Weisman‹Weisman.
Arnold‹CNY.
Miles‹Miles.
Yates‹Delap.
L I RR‹86 B'klyn Ry.
Blisnewski‹Blisnewski
Terrky‹Terrky.
Aiello‹Aiello.
Rensa‹Bd of Ed of Cortlandt.
Berry‹NYC RR.
Murray‹W St Ry Co.
Primrose‹Burke.
Tarnowska‹Sikarzycki
Garrety‹Un Ry.
Grim‹L Valley Coal.
Stamp‹Purroy.
Kelly‹Kerbaugh Con.
Rosenberg‹NY Mut Gas.
Pareto‹Nichols.
See‹Ocean SS Co.
Cole‹Harris.
Samela‹NY & Stamf Ry.
Linahan‹Silver.
Tackman‹Leibhold Co.
Gardella‹Pitts Con.
Gardner‹NY, NH RR.
Nugent‹Willard.
Gutaant‹I R T.

TRIAL TERM—Trial TERM—Jaycox, Van Sicien, Maddox, Blackmar, JJ.—At 10 A. M.
Scherer‹Fitzgerald.
Lehmann Exp—B RR.
Johnsen‹Gillies Co.
Broderick‹B H RR.
Brown‹Brown.
Obermeyer & Liebmann ‹NY & LI Trac.
Elstein‹McCou et al.
Sherer‹NY Rys.
Benson‹Wardell et al.
Boehm‹Dinkel.
Casben‹Obray.
Catharine‹Nichols Cop.
Maher‹C I & B RR.
Flaherty‹Bk for Sav.
Service‹B RR.
Maurer‹Ford Motor
Barnett‹Am Stop Co.
Melillo‹Penn Tunnel.
McKee‹Stand Oil.
Guinan‹Cent Un Gas.

Dotten‹B H RR.
Mela‹Waterbury Co.
Krinsky‹CNY et al.
Riotto‹Pages.
Reitser‹B, S C & S RR
Grayshinsky‹Smith.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Olsen‹Nat B'dge & ano.
Donovan‹Meyer.
Warner‹Star Co.
Daly‹Horton's IceC'm.
Edelstein et al‹Grossman et al.
Stanton‹Colwell L Co.
Hirsch‹Zenn et al.
Mark‹Brigant.
Kuzel‹Moreno.
Koellner‹B U El RR.
Rodzborski‹Am S Ref.
Lent‹Tilyou.
Zeldin‹Am Ice Co.
Wilcox‹Staley et al.
Bierschenk‹Kelly.
Highest number reached, 3892.

Furlong‹Roberts&ano.
Kusick‹So Pac Co.
Barracco‹Bono (2 acts)
Haeberle‹C I & B RR.
Cipolla‹Cipolla.
Cohen‹Mendelson.
Sea Cliff Bk‹Willman.
O'Brien‹B,QC & SRR.
Anderson&Post & Mc. Troy‹CNY.
Matthews‹B U El RR.
Campbell‹Adler(2acts)
Carroll‹Knapp.
Kenny‹Am Sug Ref.
Anderson‹Miller.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—At 10 A. M.
The wills of:
Rosalie Gussey,
Mary Koether.
Mary Morrison,
George Klipae,
S. Goldstein.
Accts. in estates of:
John Murphy,
John Mattern,
John Schraff,
Elsie Julig,
Louis Gruttefield,
Mary Farnham,
Elizabeth Clarkin.
Teresa O'Hara,
Ann Cleary,
Beril Schachue,
James Lamont,
Herman Reiners,
Joseph Harper,
Nicholas Ryan,
Mark Stadler,
Amelia Dillingham.
Estates of:
Theresa Martenello,
Luigi Passardallo,
Catherine McClellan,
Caroline Braun.

CONTESTED CALENDAR.
The wills of:
Matilda Webb,
Frederick Nast.

County Court.

CIVIL—Recess for one week.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.
Motion calendar.
In re Houlihan.
Elway‹Kelly.
Porco‹Ebling Brew.
Rubenstein‹Rubenstein.
McGarvey‹I R T.
Braun‹same.
Goldstein‹same.
Cohen‹same.
Hunter‹Dennerlein.
Gilleran‹Colby.
McLoughlin‹Ideal I Work.
Wolski‹Pitts Con.

SPECIAL TERM—Trials.—Brady, J.
Neuburger‹Michelson.
Davis‹Harrison.
Holiday‹Holiday.
Williams‹Williams.
Briggs‹Briggs.
Garnier‹Garnier.
Feldman‹Feldman.
Pege‹Pege.
Maggio‹Maggio.
Strauss‹Strauss.
Gunning‹Gunning.
Beroza‹Beroza.
Petzke‹Petzke.
Schmidt‹Schmidt.
Cohen‹Cohen.
Trotter‹Trotter.
Roeth‹Roeth.
Landauer‹Landauer.
Miller‹Miller.
Waller‹Waller.
Becker‹Becker.
Kreuter‹Friedenberg & an.

SPECIAL TERM—Trials.—Blanchard, J.
No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM.—Brady J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Motion calendar. E. Greenbaum‹Banker
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J.—Harlem Savings Bank‹Brennan and an.—Myron Sulzburger. Gerard‹Santangelo et al.—Ely Neuman.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Scudder, Garretson, JJ.—At 10 A. M.
Bode‹Weichselbaum.
Kahl‹Edgewater Saw Mills Co & ano
Walter‹B H RR.
Blumenthal‹L I RR.
Cowen‹Kligalion.
Selvaggi‹Tisdale Lumber Co.
These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Zimmer‹NY & Q Co Ry Co.
Reilly‹Same.
Kossmann‹Merkt & ano (2 Acts.)
Stubbings‹NY Rys (2 Acts.)
Holmes‹B H RR
Rooney‹same.
Engelhardt‹Lake.
Pfliger‹NY & Q E L & P Co (2 Acts.)
Schlereth‹NY & Q E L & P Co (2 Acts.)
Geoghegan‹NY & Q Co Ry.
McCarren‹Same.
Highest number reached, 525.
Remlinger‹Neptune Meter Co.
Tompkins‹NY & Q Co Ry.
Murphy‹Same.
Adamec‹Hueg.
Cleary‹same.
Clayton‹Davis (2 Acts.)
Zang‹Noll.
Hock‹Hock.
Schroeder‹Elflein et al.
Schrader‹Hirschman.
Callahan‹Nichols Cop.
Maher‹C I & B RR.
Flaherty‹Bk for Sav.
Service‹B RR.
Maurer‹Ford Motor
Barnett‹Am Stop Co.
Melillo‹Penn Tunnel.
McKee‹Stand Oil.
Guinan‹Cent Un Gas.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Morschauser, J.
Kelsey Smith & Co‹ Douglas.
Dinisci‹Olsey.
Judson‹Duncan.
Ms Vernon Tr‹Pendfield.
Bryan‹Gobbi.
Hoffman Brew‹Klein.
Kingsley‹Harli.
Payne‹Corbin.
Birkenstock Studios‹ Hegedale.
NYC RR‹Miller.
McDonald‹McDonald.
Katz‹Katz.
Bangs‹Hoyt.
Feller‹Conts.
Purdy‹Tuttle.
Ganung‹Ganung.

DAY CALENDAR—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Dalisern‹Hearn Con.
Diederich‹I R T.
Johnson‹W St Ry
Edwards‹NYC RR.
Bennet‹Husted.
Levy‹NY & LI RR.
Hudson Stove Wks‹ Ruth Rlty.
Maloney‹Rodriquez.
Hoffman‹Same.
Sledzinski‹Kanwoodie Co Club.
Cholouski‹F Sug Ref.
Miletto‹N Y, W & B Ry.
Mariotta‹McMullen.
Schorck‹C N Rochelle
Wolski‹Pitts Con.

These causes may be either marked ready or marked over to another term:
Falco‹NY, NH RR.
Tedford‹Vikla Steel.
Whalen‹NYC R R.
Kidd‹Witheridge.
Hayes‹Cedar.
Wright‹Dravo.
Marcus‹Powers Motion Picture.
O'Grady‹Rinehart & Dennis.
Randall‹Beach.
Dunn‹NYC RR.
Buchanan‹Redding.
Glanzer‹Mt. Vernon.
Hudson‹Lent.
Steplin‹City & Co Co.
Croft‹Peekskl Light.
Thompson‹Heman.
Welsh‹David Mayer Brewing.
Riggio‹NY Rys Co.
Reilly‹NY, NH RR.
Highest number reached, 365.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Platt, J.
McCartney‹W'cnester
Lynch‹Dow.
Menchak‹Yonkers Ry.
Schell P'k Assoc‹Kellen.
Lasley‹Starr.
Rizzi‹Martone.
Krida‹Goldfin.
Roe‹Tarrytown Yacht Club.
Forbes‹Hills.
Florito‹Decarlo.
Rizzi‹Mosiello.
Garagan‹Brodhead.
Oleary‹same.
Curtin‹same.
Chickering‹Albro Place Co.
Ellis‹CNY & Stam Ry.
Yand‹Stuart.
Larchmont Water‹ Reynolds.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,030 and 1,032; Reigler Heating Co. against Compact Realty Co., Frankford Realty Co., and Fanny Jeffer, owners; Berlin Rental Agency, contractor. $290

LEWIS ST, s w corner of 7th St, 57x61; David Suchnin against Wendall Estate and J. D. Wendell, owners; Jacob Klinger, lessee and contractor ..... $

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

NEXT SATURDAY

Stewart McDougall is going to sell his 600 lots on New Utrecht Ave., at 44th St., on the direct line of the NEW DUAL SUBWAY SYSTEM, now building. Right at the Fort Hamilton Parkway Station.

15 Minutes from City Hall will be the running time with a 5-CENT FARE to all parts of Greater New York.

He has held the property 38 years, although solidly built up blocks face the lots on all sides.

He must sell now, as he needs the cash, and has authorized the

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of every lot to the highest bidder without reserve on

NEXT **SATURDAY, JUNE 6, 1914,**

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600 DUAL RAPID TRANSIT STATION LOTS

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Every up-to-date City Improvement.

FREE TITLE POLICIES from Title Guarantee & Trust Co.

70% on Mortgage at 4½%, or 60% at 4%.

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Take the Fifth Avenue Elevated (West End Line) from Brooklyn Bridge, Manhattan, and get off at 44th Street and New Utrecht Avenue, the property. FARE 5 CENTS NOW.

Take Brooklyn Subway to Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, then the Fifth Avenue Elevated (West End Line) and get off at 44th Street and New Utrecht Avenue, the property.

TAKE MY ADVICE

Follow the Direct Line of Subways

BUY SUBWAY STATION LOTS

Bryan L. Kennelly
Real Estate Auctioneer,
156 Broadway, New York

SEND FOR BOOK MAP

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Free and Clear All Incumbrances.

By order of United States District Court, CHAS. SHONGOOD, U. S. Auctioneer, will sell on the premises on

Saturday, June 6, 1914

At 2 P. M.

Hollywood Hotel

Completely furnished and equipped

and 8 Furnished Cottages

Bath House, Steam Laundry, Stable, Garage and

150 Plots of Land

Most exclusive section on Jersey Coast at

Hollywood (NEAR Long Branch) New Jersey

Hour and a half from New York via Pennsylvania or New Jersey Central Railroad, or Sandy Hook Boats.

The opportunity of a lifetime to purchase a summer residence.

For Catalogues with particulars apply to

Carl E. Trulock, Trustee, 1181 Broadway, New York.
Frederick Klein, 277 Broadway, N. Y.
S. C. Sugarman, 35 Nassau St., N. Y. } Attys. for the Trustee.
Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

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FOREST HILLS, LONG ISLAND.

15 minutes from Herald Square.

The advantages and attractions of Forest Hills Gardens are peculiar to itself. It differs from all other suburbs. It is individual, artistic and practical.

$3,500,000 spent in development work, and 180 distinctive houses—detached, semi-detached and in groups—insure permanency of values and the perpetuation of neighborhood influences.

Houses and building plots in the Gardens may be purchased at reasonable prices. The cost of houses ranges from $7,900 to $20,000, and where desired, upon a small cash payment, terms can be arranged to approximate what would ordinarily be rental. Those interested in homes of stability, with beauty and utility of design are invited to visit Forest Hills Gardens, and see how it differs from and exceeds every other suburb.

Long Island electric trains leave Pennsylvania Terminal, Manhattan, at frequent intervals, arriving at Forest Hills station in 13 to 15 minutes. By trolley cars from Queensboro (59th St.) Bridge to Forest Hills. Twenty-five minutes by automobile from Herald Square via Queensboro (59th St.) Bridge and Hoffman Boulevard to the property.

For transportation, booklet, or any desired information address New York Office, Dept. T, 47 West 34th St.

Sage Foundation Homes Company

Forest Hill, Long Island

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Banking Department OF THE State of New York.

IS SELLING AT PRIVATE SALE SUBURBAN HOMES AND BUILDING LOTS AT AN AVERAGE OF

LESS THAN 50% OF FORMER PRICES.

THE OBJECT OF THESE LOW PRICES IS TO DISPOSE OF THE PROPERTY QUICKLY.

THE PROPERTIES ARE LOCATED IN NEW JERSEY, ALONG THE PALISADES, ABOUT OPPOSITE GRANT'S TOMB, AT GRANTWOOD, HUDSON HEIGHTS, PALISADE, MORSEMERE, LEONIA AND EDGEWATER; ALL REACHED BY TROLLEYS WITHIN A FIVE CENT FARE ZONE.

Title guarantee policies furnished free to purchasers; 70% and 75% of purchase price may remain upon bond and mortgage.

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A New Departure in High-Class Apartments

Embracing the Ultimate of Comfort and Elegance

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Occupying the Entire Block Front East Side of Broadway, 78th to 79th St.

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Suites of **5-6-7 Rooms** with baths

Spacious Foyers and Abundance of Large Closets

3 Room Suites on Ground Floor for Physicians

Representative always on premises.

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601 West 115th St., Corner Broadway.

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Apartments,

1,730 Broadway.

Convenient Central Location.
To lease from October 1.
Immediate possession can be given; excellent terms to those leasing now; one 5 and one 8 room apartment, with eastern and southern exposure.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.
Tel. Col. 4291.

155 Riverside Drive

CORNER 88TH ST.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Apartments of
7, 9 & 10 Rooms & 3 Baths
Extra large rooms, ample closets,
$1,800 to $3,750
to lease from October 1.
Immediate possession can be arranged,
Apply Superintendent, on premises,
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69th St. & Central Park West.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
APARTMENTS OF
7 Rooms & 2 Baths, $2,250 & $2,500
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Extra large rooms, ample closets.
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94th St. NEAR RIVERSIDE 314 315 321

BIG CONCESSIONS

High class elevator apts.; all improvements. Large, light rooms. 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms & bath, $42.50 to $79.50.

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Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors, electric light, elevator service day and night; convenient Subway, elevated station, and all surface lines. $1,200-$1,800. Inquire Superintendent.

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Seven large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; 2 elevators night and day, passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,800. Supt., on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

TO SUBLET

A fine new apartment, renting unfurnished at

$175.00 Per Month,

can be had for

June, July and August,

Splendidly furnished, at

$100.00 Per Month.

Apply on premises,
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THE BELNORD.—Beautifully furnished 7 large outside rooms, 2 baths; living room, 32 feet; chambers overlooking garden; rent $110 month for Summer; includes light and refrigeration; actual rent $2,200; linen, silver, piano, Victrola; cool and airy.
Apartment 208, 225 West 86th St.

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ASTOR HOUSES,

ONLY TWO LEFT
8-26 WEST 130TH ST.
Beautifully decorated and with their spacious rooms.
FRONT PORCHES, LAWNS, &c.,
are worth investigating; reasonable rents.
AGENT ON PREMISES, OR
ROBERT LEVERS, 376 LENOX AV.

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New Modern 12-Story Fireproof Building (NO COLUMNS.)
SUITABLE ANY BUSINESS.
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YOUR OWN BROKER OR SUPT.

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A NUMBER OF CHOICE LOTS ON AND NEAR THE SHORE
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For Sale—A cosey new brick and shingle eight-room house; all appointments; VERY ATTRACTIVE; price $6,500; a bargain; easy terms; privilege to beach and tennis courts, only 300 feet away; Sound view; address DRAWER "R," Greenwich, Conn.

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Also one

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Exceptional Service.
Many Unique Features.

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Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

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Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

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8 Rooms & 2 Baths and 10 & 12 Rooms, 3 & 4 Baths.
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5, 6, 7 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths,
In THE REGNOR
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3-4-5 & 6 Rooms and Baths
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Also Doctor's Office on ground floor.

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Single and Duplex Apartments.

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Thirty cents a line.

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Ridgewood, N. J.—Thirty minutes from New York. I have built and offer two attractive, small houses; also few choice lots, upon which I will assist buyer seeking permanent home to finance and build. I have set out shade and fruit trees, hedges, bushes, and small fruits. These lots, being adjacent to my residence, will be restricted as to character of improvements. F. J. Heiderich, Accountant, 80 Broadway, New York, (Tel. 4794 Rector,) and Ridgewood, N. J.

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All-year bungalows; double floors; steam heat; every convenience; restricted section; extra large plots; 5 minutes express station; finest section New Jersey, adjoining Ridgewood; would rent to intending buyers only. Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J.

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Fanwood, N. J.—Ideal suburban homes, and large building plots sold on very easy terms; small monthly payments, easy as paying rent; write for particulars and free railroad tickets. H. C. LOCKWOOD CO., Woolworth Building.

Mountain bungalow; 52-foot rustic porch; open fireplace; overlooking Pequannock River; 39 minutes Lackawanna, also Erie; $650; easy terms. Address Pine View, 72 Times Downtown.

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MONTCLAIR.—Will sacrifice for two-thirds its value beautiful 14-room residence; best locality; little cash required. R. M. North, 99 John St., N. Y.

Farms, every description, everywhere; send for illustrated catalogue. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

Asbury Park to Long Branch; Summer homes. Jacob A. King, 206 Broadway, New York, and North Asbury Park, N. J.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

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BUNGALOW SITES. New Dorp Beach, 45 min. from B'way; 10c fare; ideal bathing, boat'g, fish'g; plots $170 up, easy terms. Latham, 1478 Hy., N. Y.

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Winter home, nine rooms, three baths, large shaded plot, near Sound, with unobstructed views, bathing, boating, fishing; near stores, schools, churches, golf, tennis, and yacht clubs; fifty minutes from New York. Thomas J. Good, 505 5th Av., New York.

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Mount Vernon.

Attractive homes $3,500 up. J. T. Grant, 14 South 5th Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

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Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

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100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

ROOF GARDEN READY EARLY IN JUNE. Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $22, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, 72d and 73d Sts.
Furnished apartments,
6, 8, and 9 rooms,
2 and 3 baths.
Possession at once. Summer rates.
See Manager, 175 West 72d St.
Tel. Columbus 8547.

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Great Neck.—New residence on large waterfront estate completely furnished; seven bedrooms, two baths; garage, bathhouse, tennis court, &c.; rent, $750. Abram Wolf. Telephone 212 Great Neck.

Exceptional six or seven rooms, charmingly furnished or unfurnished; cool, light, conveniences; river view. Call 1, 3 or 6, 8 P. M.; by appointment, 536 West 113th, Apt. 82. 4534 Morningside.

Opportunity to lease in the Belnord, Broadway and 86th St., a handsomely furnished apartment from June to October. Apply Apartment 810, The Belnord. 'Phone Schuyler 10400.

121st, 509 West.—Elegant Summer location; near Subway, Parks, Drive; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; elegantly furnished; restaurant, reception room, roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

39th, 52 West.—2 rooms and bath; extension room; 8 windows; easterly, westerly, southerly exposure; delightfully cool; electricity, telephone extension; immediate possession.

95TH ST., 319 WEST, (Between Riverside and Broadway, overlooking Hudson.)—High-class elevator apartment; five cool outside rooms, piano, $55. Riverside 4650.

Furnished or unfurnished, eight rooms, two baths, 109th St. and Riverside Drive; best bargain in the city. Ask for Superintendent, or call Riverside 2477.

To Sublet—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; ideal location for the Summer; to be rented from June 20 to Sept. 20. 33 Claremont Av., 2 B.

At sacrifice, rent until October 4, large outside rooms, overlooking Columbia College; exquisitely furnished., 434 West 120th. Morningside 8440. Apt. 5A.

Studio apartment, delightfully cool; attractively furnished; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; electricity, telephone; possession June. 62 South Washington Square.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED 7 OUTSIDE ROOMS, BALCONY, OVERLOOKING HUDSON, REASONABLE. BRESSLER, 622 WEST 113TH ST.

Morningside Heights, seven light rooms, all conveniences; unusually cool; desirable for Summer months; $30; by appointment. Phone 6164W Morningside.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished apartment near Riverside Drive, sublet for Summer. Call, mornings, 311 West 93th St. Ask for Superintendent.

Furnished corner apartment, opposite Columbia College; six rooms; Summer rates; all improvements. De la Barre, 422 West 115th St.

High-class, artistic home on Riverside Drive; bargain for Summer; 90th St. Subway; immediate possession. Telephone 5340 Riverside.

Elegantly furnished five-room apartment; shady side; everything complete; from June 20 to Sept. 20. 414 West 121st, Apt. 41.

676 Riverside Drive, corner 145th St.—Sublet cool six-room apartment, facing river; handsomely furnished. Ringler, Apt. 9D.

57 West 58th St.—Small furnished apartment; 2 large outside rooms and bath; rent, $65. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

Riverside Drive, 600.—7 rooms; beautifully furnished; opposite Palisades; Subway; reasonable. Burkhardt.

5 West 16th St.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments; service, 'phone, electricity; $40 to $60 monthly.

Corner apartment, six outside rooms, beautifully furnished. 49 Claremont Av., (119th St., West.)

Suite two rooms, kitchenette; $35 monthly; electricity, gas; private telephone. Riverside 8802.

Sublet well furnished apartment very reasonable. 508 West 122d, near Columbia University.

Fort Washington Av., 447.—Seven-room apartment to September 1. Audubon 495. Joiner.

310 West 79th St.—Beautiful apartment, modern, nine rooms, three baths; $2,300.

Apartment, four rooms, bath, June-October; rent $30. Turrill, 160 Waverly Place.

113TH, 562 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, 8 outside, corner rooms; two baths.

118th St., 405 West.—Bright and attractive five rooms; indefinitely. Supt.

East Side.

To let for the Summer, attractive furnished suite at less than half regular rate; immediate occupancy.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

To let for the Summer months, room with bath at greatly reduced rate.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

Brooklyn.

Two to four rooms and bath, cool and comfortable, for the Summer; modern improvements; corner building; opposite Hotel Bossert; immediate possession. Apply to Davidson & Bulkley, 84 Montague St. Phone 929 J Main.

New Rochelle.

NEW ROCHELLE.—Furnished apartment; excellent board nearby; convenient location. Birch, 10 May St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

96th, 67 West.—Four unusually large, light rooms; top floor; private house; apartment with owner; excellent steam, hot water, bath; all improvements; $30. Scott.

Apartment to sublet until October; four large rooms, third floor front; $30. 569 West 182d St., Apartment 32.

120th St., 223 West.—Five large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; steam heat and hot water; $27.

133d, 525 West.—4 and 5 large light rooms and bath; newly decorated; hot water supply; $15-$18.

1,911 Anthony Av.—4, 5, and 6 large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; $22-$38.

113th St., 76 West.—Elevator apartment; six extra large, light rooms; bath; $50.

East Side.

124th St., 314 East.—Seven large, light rooms and bath; heat, &c.; newly decorated; $26.

124TH ST., 104 EAST.—7 large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; rent, $20.

Madison Av., 1,763.—Six large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $21.

1,787 Madison Av., (near 118th St.)—Seven rooms, bath; steam heat and hot water; $31.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 504-508 West 48th. Telephone 2867 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE CO.
Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal 137-139 West 99th St., or Telephone 3062 or 3063 Riverside.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

DEAL BEACH, N. J.

Elegantly furnished cottage, beautiful grounds, corner Sidney Av., near Hathaway Inn, for rent, $1,500 for the Summer; has always rented for $2,000. Apply D. H. Knott, 103 Waverley Place.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

Colonial house, 16 rooms, facing Lake Crystal, New Hampshire; boating, fishing; magnificent trees; 16 acres; wonderful country; 1,900 elevation; handsomely furnished; bathroom, fireplaces, garage, stable, telephone, ice, boats. New Hampshire, T 320 Times.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

Opportunity to rent before buying and have rent apply on the purchase price; nine rooms, three baths; near splendid bathing beach; unobstructed views of Sound; between Sound Beach and Stamford. C 43 Times.

For Sale—One of the prettiest little country farm homes you ever saw, (our own,) furnished ready for occupancy; fourteen acres, near Huntington, Conn. Write for photo and description. Haselton, 220 Broadway.

Mortgage Loans.

Thirty-five cents a line.

$7,000 first mortgage at 6 per cent. on a good two-family house near Burnside Av., Bronx. L. Hamann, 2,339 7th Av.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Following Page.

MASTER'S SALE.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF KANSAS, FIRST DIVISION, IN EQUITY. CONSOLIDATED CASE NO. 1,262.—UNITED STATES & MEXICAN TRUST COMPANY, ET AL., COMPLAINANTS, vs. THE KANSAS CITY, MEXICO & ORIENT RAILWAY COMPANY, ET AL., DEFENDANTS. NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE AND SALE. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the decree of foreclosure and sale in the above entitled cause, made by the District Court of the United States for the District of Kansas, First Division, on the second day of February, 1914, and certain decrees ancillary thereto, duly entered in the several courts having jurisdiction of the several parts of the property hereinafter described, I, Bernard Kelly, as Special Master thereto duly authorized and empowered by the decrees above mentioned, will sell, in the manner hereinafter specified, at public auction, to the highest and best bidder or bidders, at the west front door of the County Court House situate in the City of Wichita, Sedgwick County, State of Kansas, at ten o'clock A. M., on the sixth day of July, 1914, the following property of The Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company, to-wit: All the mortgaged railroads, property, rights, franchises, functions, immunities and appurtenances to the same belonging, rolling stock, corporate stocks, or bonds or interest in corporate stock, or bonds, contracts, choses in action, interests in any litigation affecting the mortgaged property or any part thereof, brought by or on behalf of said The Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company, or the trustee under its first mortgage, dated February 1st, 1901, or to which said trustee may for the time being be a party, property, premises and rights of every kind and description covered by and embraced in said first mortgage of said Railway Company, all of which are hereinafter referred to as Lot "A."

For a more detailed description of the property to be sold, prospective purchasers are referred to the aforesaid decree of foreclosure and sale entered in the above entitled cause on Februry 2nd, 1914.

At the same time and place I will sell, in the manner hereinafter specified, to the highest and best bidder or bidders, all other property of said The Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway Company, real, personal and mixed, rights, franchises, functions, immunities and appurtenances of every kind and description belonging to the said Railway Company and not covered by or included in the aforesaid first mortgage, dated February 1st, 1901, or subject to the lien thereof, all of which property is hereinafter referred to as Lot "B."

The said property, designated as Lot "A," shall be sold, free and clear of any liens or charges, to secure the payment of the outstanding receivers' certificates and receivers' notes, such lien or charge being transferred to the money to be paid into court to pay off and discharge said certificates and said notes and interest thereon, as in the aforesaid decree of foreclosure and sale provided, but subject to a lien to secure the payment of any other indebtedness, obligation, or liability which shall have been duly and lawfully contracted or incurred by the receivers in the operations of the railway properties in their custody and control, and also subject to the rights and claims of certain other persons or companies as in said decree of foreclosure and sale provided, if and to the extent to which the same may hereafter be established, and not otherwise.

Said Lot "A" shall first be offered for sale and bids received therefor; then said Lot "B" shall be offered for sale and bids received therefor.

Immediately after said Lots "A" and "B" shall have been offered for sale and bids received therefor, all the property constituting Lots "A" and "B" shall be offered together as a single lot or parcel and bids received therefor.

If the highest bid for all such property when offered together as a single lot or parcel shall exceed the aggregate of the highest bids received and noted for said Lots "A" and "B" when offered separately, as aforesaid, then all such property shall be struck off and sold together as a single lot or parcel to the purchaser making the highest bid therefor; and if no bid shall be received for said Lots "A" and "B" when offered together which shall exceed the aggregate of the bids for said lots when offered separately, then said lots shall be struck off to the highest bidders therefor when the same shall have been offered separately.

No bid for Lot "A" shall be received from any one offering to bid therefor unless such person so offering to bid shall have first deposited with me, as Special Master, as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of its acceptance, the sum of One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000.00) in cash or by certified check upon any bank or trust company acceptable to said Special Master, or bonds secured by said first mortgage or certificates of deposit of Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company therefor in the amount of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars ($500,000.00.)

No bid for Lot "B" will be received unless the person offering to bid therefor shall have first deposited with me as Special Master, as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of acceptance, the sum of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00) in cash or by certified check upon any bank or trust company acceptable to such Special Master.

No bid for said railroads, franchises, property, and premises embraced in Lot "A" less than the sum of Six Million Dollars ($6,000,000.00) will be accepted by said Special Master, and no bid for the property embraced in Lot "B" less than the sum of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00) will be accepted by the said Special Master, and unless said sums shall be bid for said lots respectively, the sale will be adjourned.

Upon the acceptance of any bid for Lot "A" the person or persons making the same shall, after the application thereto of any amounts theretofore deposited by him or them in cash, make payment in cash to the Special Master within ten (10) days after the entry of an order of the Court directing such payment, of such amount as shall be necessary to pay and satisfy the costs in the above case, the allowances that shall be made, and any taxes which may be a lien upon the mortgaged premises; and such purchaser will also be required, upon confirmation of the sale, to deposit in such bank or trust companies as may be approved by the Court, the sums of money mentioned in the aforesaid decree of foreclosure and sale dated February 2nd, 1914, for the purpose of discharging and satisfying the obligations specified in paragraph 19 of said decree.

The balance of the purchase price of Lot "A" not required in cash, may be paid either in cash, or the purchaser may satisfy and make good the balance of his bid in whole or in part by turning in to be paid and cancelled, or to have payment on account credited thereon, first mortgage bonds and coupons, and such purchase shall be credited therefor on account of the purchase price with such sums in cash as would be payable on such bonds and coupons out of the proceeds of the sale, if the whole amount of the purchase price were paid in cash.

The amount payable upon the acceptance of a bid for Lot "B" shall be payable in cash, any moneys deposited to qualify the purchaser to bid being first applied thereon.

In case any bidder or purchaser shall fail to make good upon his bid accepted or secure by the Special Master, by making any of the payments as hereinbefore provided in consummation of his purchase then the sums paid on deposit by such bidder or purchaser shall be forfeited as a penalty for such failure, and shall be applied toward the payment of the expenses of a resale, and toward making good any deficiency or loss in case the property shall be sold at a less price upon such resale, and for any other or further purposes that the Court may direct. If any sale for which a deposit has been made shall not be confirmed by the Court, such deposit shall be returned to the purchaser and the deposit of any unsuccessful bidder shall be returned to him when a bid other than that made by him shall have been accepted. The right is reserved to retake and resell the property upon such notice as the aforesaid Court shall direct in case the purchaser shall fail or omit to make any payment on account of the purchase price as hereinbefore required.

Upon payment of the purchase price by the purchaser or purchasers of said property, or his or their successors or assigns, or upon making such provision for the payment thereof as the Court shall approve, and upon confirmation of the sale, the Special Master making the sale will execute and deliver good and sufficient deed or deeds and instrument or instruments of transfer, giving and transferring the property purchased to the purchaser thereof, or his or their nominee or nominees, assignee or assignees, and upon the execution and delivery of said deed or deeds or instrument or instruments of transfer, the grantee or grantees therein named shall be let in to possession of the property and premises thereby conveyed and transferred.

For a more specific statement of the rights and property to be sold as aforesaid, and the terms and conditions of the sale thereof, reference is hereby made to the decree of foreclosure and sale entered in the aforesaid Court on February 2nd, 1914, as hereinbefore stated. BERNARD KELLY, Special Master.

Dated June 4th, 1914.
GUGGENHEIMER, UNTERMYER & MARSHALL, Solicitors for Complainants.
SAMUEL UNTERMYER,
SAMUEL W. MOORE,
Of Counsel.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Bungalows,

Semi-Bungalows and pretty English Cottages overlooking the ocean—40 minutes from N. Y. 100 trains a day. Terms to suit, highly restricted, exclusive residence section. Write today for booklet of photographic views showing the Beach, the Clubhouse and many of the handsome residences. Address J. K., 241 Times.

Twenty Plans

and photographs of the most attractive country houses around New York are shown in the May issue of Architecture and Building. Can be obtained at any newsstand for 20c. a copy, or sample copy will be mailed free on application to the publishers.

THE WILLIAM T. COMSTOCK CO.,
23 Warren Street.

Forest Hills Gardens, L.I.

15 minutes from Herald Sq.

Corner Plot Cheap.

7 minutes from station.

Smaller inside plots adjoining are selling from $200 to $400 more.

SMALL CASH PAYMENT.
Quick Sale to Right Party.

Address M. LINK, 751 W. 180th St., N. Y. C.

SALTAIRE

In the cool embrace of the ocean

BUNGALOWS FOR SALE FOR RENT

All improvements; low prices; easy terms.
CASINO OPENS JUNE 20TH.
Call, phone or write for booklet.
FIRE ISLAND BEACH DEV. CO.
1328 Broadway. Phone Greeley 1697

One of the Oldest Houses

on Long Island; in fine condition.
To Lease, furnished, 7 master's sleeping rooms, 2 baths; large stables and garage; deep water frontage on Hempstead Harbor.
S. Osgood Pell & Co., Agts., 542 5th Av., Cor. 45th St., New York.

BATHING AND BOATING.

Huntington, L. I.; don't board in the Summer, buy a little place where you can go every Summer, and fix it to suit yourself, and where you and your family are free at all times; raise your own vegetables, chickens, etc.; $5 a month will do this for you; only one hour out. Write for full particulars, VACATION, DEPT. C.; 89 Times Downtown.

New California Bungalow.

75,000 sq. ft. of rich soil; bungalow consists of 5 large rooms; range and stationary tubs in kitchen; cement cellar under whole house; fine shade around house; some fruit; handy to depot and harbor; best fishing, boating, etc.; town of 7,000; can be bought very reasonable; $200 needed; balance $18 a month. BRYAN, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Cottage, Newly Decorated.

7 rooms; large, airy, and lots of sunshine; all improvements; plenty of ground for table vegetables and fruit; restricted neighborhood; only 10 minutes' walk to bank or stores; $150 cash; balance $18 a month; one month free to buyer. Address HOME, Box 125 Times Downtown.

This Is the Place and No Other

Cottage containing seven rooms, bath; beautifully decorated; all modern improvements; only thirty minutes from Brooklyn Bridge and Pennsylvania Station. A Big Bargain. Terms to suit. Write at once, H. W., Box 52 Times.

OLD HOUSE

needs repairs; plenty of land for poultry and vegetable garden; one hour from city; 3 minutes from station and trolley to harbor; must have $150 cash at once; balance $18 a month. Address OWNER, Box 73 Times Downtown.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Cottage With Water Front Rights

all privileges to beach, yacht club, and dock, tennis courts, etc.; restricted locality; exceptionally high land; suitable for all year home; every improvement; fine piece of property; sewerage, macadam roads, curbs, sidewalks, etc.; 2 minutes from station; 35 minutes from New York; only $300 cash required; balance to suit. McCAW, 343 West 34th St., N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BORAH GARDINGER, Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, June 11th, 1914, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 71 W. 23d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of manufactured petticoats, piece goods, taffeta, silks, cotton goods, trimmings, laces, office fixtures, safe, &c.

Inspection June 9th and 10th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Receiver.
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Receiver, 78 Chambers St., New York.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Fieldston 242d Street & Broadway

Riverdale-on-Hudson
An Exclusive Suburban Centre.
Convenient to Subway & N. Y. Central Lines.
Booklet "F" sent on request.
DELAFIELD ESTATE,
27 Cedar Street
Tel. 277 John. New York.

LARCHMONT MANOR— One Block from Sound and Fine Bathing Beach on Horseshoe Harbor. Attractive 11-room house, 2 baths, steam heat, gas, electricity; 100x100; facing Sound. For sale at low price, easy terms, or rent fully furnished for Summer at reduced rate. Apply to O'CONNOR & McCANN, 221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594 New Rochelle, N.Y.

MY ALL-YEAR-ROUND HOME

Best section of Westchester County, 10 rooms, 3½ baths, all improvements, large piazza; garage; large grounds; beautiful shade and ornamental trees, abundance of shrubs; no reasonable offer refused. Owner, 143 Times.

FOR RENT FURNISHED NEW ROCHELLE
Attractive residence, near Sound—$125 monthly. 10 rooms, electricity, gas; modern appointments; garage. Possession now; lease to Sept. 15th.
O'CONNOR & McCANN,
221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594, New Rochelle, N. Y.

ALONG THE SOUND & HUDSON and Throughout Westchester County, PARTICULARLY BRONXVILLE, SCARSDALE, BRIAR

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Owing to business reverses owner cannot occupy his handsome country estate on the North Shore of Long Island, and has placed it in my hands to dispose of within 30 days; 10 large rooms, 3 baths, concrete cellar, cold storage room, &c.; all modern improvements; over 2 acres of handsomely wooded grounds, overlooking Long Island Sound; garage; bargain to quick purchaser; terms. For further particulars apply Room 50, 11 Wall St.

To effect a quick sale, will sacrifice magnificent property on the north shore of L. I.; near enough for all water sports, and still in the highest section for all-year home; shade trees on the place worth more than my price; ideal location and fine investment; to close deal at once, will take $425; $25 cash; balance in 5 years. Brand, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

House, furnished and ready for occupancy, North Shore island, on water, with unobstructed view across Long Island Sound; ten rooms, 3 baths, 5 open fireplaces, electric light, running water; 4½ acres of shaded lawn; will be on premises to show every day this week; ask for me at the Shoreham Inn. Julian S. Dillon, Shoreham Inn, Shoreham, L. I., N. Y.

Want to make money? Will sell large corner plot that cost $4,200 for $2,700; $600 cash required; near Great South Bay; 28 miles, 48 minutes, from Pennsylvania Station; 3 minutes of station; 50 trains daily; bathing, boating, motoring, golf, &c.; will show to interested parties; must sell this quickly; no brokers. D 13 Times Annex.

For Rent, Unfurnished.—House, 7 rooms, in good condition, on Peconic Bay, overlooking Shelter Island, water front; barn on property; two miles from Southold Station; rent reasonable for season. THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST CO., as Trustee, 22 William St., New York.

SMALL FARM, 2¼ ACRES.

Good soil; level, cleared; large 7-room house; small barn; 8 minutes' walk to trolley, store, &c.; one mile to Sound shore; $4,600; $500 cash, balance terms.
EDWIN N. ROWLEY,
Northport, L. I.

Fertile farm land for commuters of 1 to 10 acres, without buildings, near R. R. station; hour out; $250 up. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Northport, actual shore front, plot ½-acre; commuting distance; price $900. Theo. S. Hall, 47 West 34th St.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Would consider modern suburban home; nine, ten rooms in part payment for good income property. Owner, R 36 Times.

Country Property

To Let—Furnished.

Highland Mills, Orange Co., N. Y.—Several cottages and bungalows, (two housekeeping,) nicely furnished; modern conveniences; meals at "Hillcrest Hall" (Hotel); golf, tennis, bowling, fishing; 1,200 ft. elevation; 49 miles from city. HARRY A. GOFF.

Rockaway Park.—For rent, 37 1st Av., new house, handsomely furnished; ten rooms; seven are bedrooms; half block from ocean, four blocks from station. J. H. Naughton, 155 East 53d St. Phone Plaza 2100.

Furnished bungalows of three rooms at Oakwood Beach, Staten Island, $100 season; bungalow sites for sale; commutation, $5.25; forty-five minutes from Battery. Address Fox, Oakwood, S. I., or phone Orchard 3767.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL.
Furnished Cottages.
W. C. BURROUGHS, Asbury Park, N. J.

Bungalow, furnished, sleep 6 or 8; $150 season; also tent, $20 monthly. Apply Lesourd, 3d St. and Elm Av., Midland Beach.

Six rooms, bath; open fireplace; large piazza; improvements; electricity; fine location; reasonable rent; bathing. M. Sammis, Rowayton, Conn.

Eight-room residence; sun parlor; large lawn, shade, fruit trees; modern improvements; reasonable rental. M. Sammis, Rowayton, Conn.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—Beautiful stucco house, eight rooms and bath; all improvements; well furnished. S 6 Times.

A list furnished houses; low prices, near Northport; $200 up; some on shore. Codling, telephone 88, Northport, L. I.

Furnished cottage, 8 rooms; sleeping porch; ideal surroundings. Box 383 Ridgewood, N. J.

To Let—Unfurnished.

Unfurnished modern bungalow, eight rooms, overlooking Ramapo Mountains; garage, barn; 13 acres; 30 miles from Manhattan, mile from station; references required. Ramsey, S 34 Times.

Country Board.

Thirty cents a line.

Staten Island.

Private family will take two gentlemen, paying guests; beautiful grounds; extensive views; tennis, riding, bathing. E 299 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

Newly furnished stucco cottage, South Shore, Long Island; grove, lake; 8 rooms, 2 tiled baths, electricity, gas, heat, phone; country club; bathing, boating; rent season or longer; reasonable to desirable party. Address R. R., Times Harlem.

Long Island.

The coolest spot within 100 miles of New York; only 30 minutes from Broadway; commutation $7.50 a month; finest, safest ocean beach; glorious bathing; select boarding house; 100 high-class guests; offers beautiful rooms, bountiful table; room and board, June, $10 a week; two in one room, $18; limited number at these less than cost rates. THE STAFFORD, GASTON AV. ARVERNE-BY-THE-SEA, N. Y. PHONE 415 HAMMELS.

Private cottage; exceptional Summer home; best residential section; five minutes' walk to beach; same distance to Edgemere Station; all modern improvements; excellent table service; special season rates. Address Brackenridge, Atlantic Av., corner Cedar Av. Telephone 596 Far Rockaway.

EUREKA HOUSE—STALLEY, PROP.
CEDAR AVENUE—FAR ROCKAWAY.
Perfect home; spacious grounds; table best; boating, fishing. Refined people only. Moderate terms.

BEECHURST.—Refined home, on shore; bathing, tennis, piazza; table a specialty; every modern appointment. Address The Whitehouse, Beechurst, L. I.

New York State.

ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS.
MAPLE LODGE,
Blue Mountain Lake,
Adirondacks, N. Y.

Bungalows and cottages to rent; high-class cuisine; golf, tennis, and all Adirondack attractions. Mrs. A. Goldman, until June 15, 616 West 114th St. Phone Morningside 5643.

Wanted two more boys to make up a camp of four boys under the supervision of young lawyer and wife on the shores of Lake Champlain; tutoring for full college examinations, trips arranged to Adirondacks and neighboring lakes, canoeing, swimming, and mountain tramps. Y 292 Times Annex.

KYLE CAMP FOR BOYS.
near Rip Van Winkle's Rock, Catskill Mountains; model bungalows; no damp tents; all land and water sports; free courses in English and German if desired; rifle range, billiards, bowling alley. Dr. Paul Kyle School, Flushing, L. I., Box 84.

Tuckahoe, N. Y., private family; everything desirable. Tel 87W. Mrs. Foote.

New Jersey.

Attractive, large rooms; modern conveniences; very high altitude; station conveyance; 42 minutes Lackawanna Road; $12 week. W. H. Mears, Murray Hill, N. J., (adjoining Summit.)

EAST ORANGE—LENOX MANOR.
New thought private home; large, cool rooms; veranda inclosed; exceptional table; special Summer rate. 75 Lenox Av. Phone 5075.

Private family offers two gentlemen refined home comforts; nicely furnished rooms; newly decorated; excellent table; five minutes from station. Box 138 East Orange.

East Orange.—Parties desiring cool, quiet home, good board, will find same at 131 South Burnett St. Modern house, shady grounds, seven minutes to station.

Rest, invalid; chronic cases; beautiful surroundings; 20 miles New York, Pennsylvania Railroad; Metuchen, N. J. Dr. Ellis.

HEALTH AND REST in hills New Jersey; nurse's supervision. S. Straley, Newton.

New England.

PARK HOTEL, WINSTED, CONN.

The place to spend your Summer vacation; all home cooking; everything fresh from the country; beautiful location; facing park; rooms with bath; electric and gas lights.
H. I. SMITH, PROPRIETOR.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty cents a line.

Nice rooms; first-class board; fine location; block from train or trolley; moderate. 27 Jasper Av., Flushing, L. I.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Twenty cents a line.

209 West 53d, near 8th Av.—Four-story building; store and first floor suitable for business; possession now; rent low. Inquire Sauervein, 882 8th Av., first floor.

Offices.—Light, clean, newly renovated; $15 up. Apply office, 109 Broad St.

At 309 Broadway, suite 807, furnished, private office and desk room to let.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

57TH AV., 47.—Cool rooms, single, en suite, with bath; references.

9TH, 13 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms; private bath; Southerners; reasonable.

11TH ST., 29 EAST.—Large and small rooms; running water; excellent table; moderate.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Rooms, large, small; private bath; excellent table.

84TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Desirable single, double rooms; board.

53D ST., 37-52 EAST.—Large and small rooms; references; table board.

62D ST., 16 EAST.—Fine suites, separate rooms; board optional; Summer prices. American.

MADISON AV., 193, Near 34th.—Large single rooms; baths; transients accommodated; references.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46, (corner 11th.)—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; references.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

46TH, 309 WEST.—Pleasant, large, small rooms, adjoining; quiet; telephone; excellent board.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Special rates until September for superior rooms and board; refined, homelike atmosphere; Southern cooking; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single, double rooms; Summer rates; references.

57TH, 332 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent board; home cooking; table guests; reasonable.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Nicely furnished large rooms; Summer rate; good board; reference; telephone.

57TH, 411 WEST.—Outclassing for price; large rooms, $10; single, $7; Southerners.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, private bath; board optional; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private bath; electricity; exceptionally well-appointed house, suitable for refined people; Southern cooking.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners; telephone; reasonable.

71ST ST., 135 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; single rooms; board optional.

73D, 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms; Subway and elevated express; references; table board.

73D, 136 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, single, double rooms; refined environment; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 127-129 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable rooms, cool for Summer. Excellent table.

76TH ST., 237, 239.—Delightful large, small rooms; excellent table; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; references.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms, with board; Summer rates; high grade.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Room with board; Summer rates; high grade.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST, (Riverside Drive, Central Park.)—Cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool rooms, single, en suite; private bath; excellent cuisine; Summer rates.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable rooms; electricity; generous table; special rates; Summer guests.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large room, private bath and others; telephone; extremely moderate.

82D, 55 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front; also medium room; baths adjoining.

83D ST., 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; business or permanent guests; transients; unsurpassed table; modern improvements; references.

86TH, 28 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; board; high-class; Summer rates.

87TH, 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; refined neighborhood; Summer rates; references.

92D ST., 7 WEST, (Apt. 65.)—Room and board; $18 two; $10 single; private family.

93D, 29 and 31 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; table guests.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Desirable room, all comforts, suitable one, two; excellent board.

96TH, 54 WEST, Near Central Park.—Large and small rooms; terms moderate.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Attractive large front rooms, near Riverside; table guests; terms reasonable.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractively situated large, single room; table guests; Summer rates.

115TH, 604 WEST, (Riverside.)—Large room; elevator apt.; couple, two young men. Peters.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; refined house; home cooking; reference; moderate.

136TH ST., 245 WEST.—Elegant large second story front room, with board; private laundry; electric light; table home; 7th and Subway; also hall room; Summer rates; private family; references.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; large room; private bath; electricity; reference.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Double, single rooms at reduced Summer rates; excellent board.

DURING THE SUMMER I will rent rooms, with board, for $10; baths; telephone; electricity; references required. Box Y 317 Times Annex.

THE ANDERSON.
102 WEST 80TH ST.,
near the Park; cool and comfortable; one and two room apartments with bath; high-class table board; hotel service; Summer rates.

WOODBURY, 655 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds; dancing. Audubon 4412.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5th Av., 47.—Cool rooms, single, en suite, with bath; references.

11TH ST. AND BROADWAY, ST. DENIS HOTEL; OPPOSITE GRACE CHURCH.—SUMMER RATES; $5 WEEKLY; BATH; TELEPHONE; HOTEL SERVICE.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room, bath, telephone, $4; also others, $3.50.

177TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable furnished rooms, en suite or single; Southerners, transients.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private family; all conveniences; phone.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large and small, comfortably furnished, cool, clean rooms, $4 up.

36TH ST., 38 EAST.—Newly furnished; all conveniences; reasonable Summer rates; references.

43D ST., 130 EAST.—In private family; beautifully furnished room for business lady or gentleman; connecting bath; separate entrance; near Grand Central; $5; references. Gammond's bell.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

46TH ST., 19 EAST.—Two connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette, and one room, bath.

53D, 58 EAST.—Large, handsome room; bath adjoining; all conveniences; private house.

IRVING PLACE, 14. — Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Nicely furnished, cool, comfortable rooms; private bath; board optional.

Nicely furnished double room; twin beds; large closets; all conveniences; Summer prices. 820 Lexington Av., (63d.)

West Side.

11TH, 35 WEST.—Nice, extra, large room; also small; fine surroundings; phone; reference.

11TH St., 28 WEST.—Clean, well-kept rooms; running water; telephone.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms.

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

12TH, 111 WEST.—Cool, pleasant, medium-sized room; private house; telephone; references.

13TH ST., 131 WEST.—Large, airy, newly furnished; running water; reasonable; refined location.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall rooms; running water; bath; $4, $4.50.

44TH, 25 WEST.—Bachelor; two rooms, bath, $9; also five-room apartment to sublet, furnished, $60. Janitor's bell.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private bath; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, cool, airy room; private bath; also small room; reasonable.

57TH ST., 153 WEST.—Handsome room; private bath; electricity; conveniences; Summer rates; telephone.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; all modern improvements; Subway, elevated; references. Hammond.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; all conveniences; electric light. Phone 2308 Columbus.

60TH, 22 WEST.—The New York. Phone 10240 Columbus. Hot water every room; electric lights; restaurant; tailor, barber; hotel service; Subway and "L," half a block; $3 to $10.50 per week. $1 per day.

63D, 105 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room; very moderate; gentlemen; references.

68TH, 70 WEST. — Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; running water; telephone; references.

69TH ST., 50 WEST.—Clean, well-furnished, large, medium, and single rooms; conveniences; gentlemen.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Large and small rooms; all conveniences.

70TH, 134 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, private bath; reasonable; all conveniences; references.

70TH, 128 WEST.—Desirable room, with private bath; references exchanged.

71ST, 71 WEST.—Large, small rooms; newly furnished; doctor's office; private bath-room.

71ST ST., 135 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths; electricity; single rooms; board optional.

71ST ST., 161 WEST.—Desirable medium-size furnished room, private house; gentleman only.

71ST ST., 163 WEST.—One large room; also one small; conveniences; private house.

71ST, 308 WEST.—Select front room, adjoining bath; suitable two; $6. 9967 Columbus.

73D ST., (between Broadway and West End Av.)—Room for gentleman; private family. Y 278 Times Annex.

73D, 255 WEST.—Exceptional low Summer rates; large and small rooms; single, en suite.

73D ST., 156 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; Summer prices; reference.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private bath; also single rooms; reasonable; references.

74TH, 106 WEST.—Large or small, with or without bath; clean, cool.

75TH, 102 WEST.—Three large, bright, newly furnished rooms, single or en suite; elevator; Summer rates. Apartment 26.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large, sunny room; continuous hot water; references; electricity.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; suitable physician or couple; reasonable.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; small room.

78TH, 214, WEST.—Exceptional accommodations, with or without private bath; gentlemen; phone.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, cool rooms, light housekeeping, $3-$9.

78TH ST., 303 WEST.—Large, nicely furnished room; also small room.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful, large room; private bath; housekeeping privileges; also small room; Summer rates; Subway; references.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool, homelike rooms, single or en suite; private bath; Summer rates.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, exceptionally cool front room; modern conveniences; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 276 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortable, large, small rooms; electricity, shower; all conveniences.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Large room with bath; newly furnished; private house.

80TH, 142 WEST.—Rooms, single and en suite; electric light, telephone; private bath.

82D, 56 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms; private bath, electricity; convenient transportation; select neighborhood.

82D, 118 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large, medium rooms; private bath; Summer rates; homelike.

82D, 170 WEST. — Summer prices; large, small rooms; cool, clean, comfortable, desirable; bath; doctor's house. Schuyler 8809.

82D, 140 WEST.—Neat rooms; cool; Summer rates; private house; telephone; reference.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—Desirable cool, large rooms; new house. Summer rates.

82D ST., 134 WEST.—Summer rates; large room, private bath; also small room.

82D, 152 WEST.—Large, front room; abundant closet room; running water; telephone.

84TH, 250 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large front room, facing Broadway; telephone; references. Barton.

87TH ST, 105 WEST.—Desirable large room, dressing room, and bath; gentlemen; moderate.

87TH, 55 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room; bath adjoining; references; reasonable; gentlemen; private house.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—Handsome large room, private family; gentleman; references.

88TH, 183 WEST.—Desirable rooms; running water or private bath; select; reasonable.

93D, 128-130 WEST. — Rooms in high-class house; superior board; table guests.

93D, 157 WEST.—Large rooms, plenty closet, running water; gentleman; private family.

97TH, 136 WEST.—Large room; private baths, parquet floor, Oriental rugs, vacuum cleaning; cultured people only; references. Riverside 2087.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Light, cheerful rooms, single, suite; high-class apartments; near park; telephone, electricity; housekeeping; $3-$7. McNamara.

103D ST., 150 WEST.—Private family, room adjoining bath; all conveniences; Subway, "L"; $3.50. Filippin.

111TH, 208 WEST.—Furnished room in up-to-date apartment; electric light; telephone. Feinsong.

112TH, 601 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, near Riverside. Mathison.

137TH ST., WEST, 611.
Elegantly furnished rooms, single, suites; private baths; overlooking Hudson; special rates for Summer, with or without board. Call Apartment 81.

118TH, 523 WEST.—Comfortably cool, single, double rooms; private lavatory; telephone; electricity.

113TH, 541 WEST. (Apt. 3.)—Adjoining rooms; suitable two gentlemen; private entrance; moderate.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—Parlor, kitchenette, apartment; private bath, shower, electricity; other rooms.

114TH, 528 WEST.—Charming, cool rooms; private house; all conveniences.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Very large, delightfully cool corner rooms, overlooking park; magnificent view from heights; celebrated restaurant; very moderate.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Cool, attractive single rooms; elevator; shower; reasonable. Apt. 41.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Cool single rooms; Summer rates; shower; electricity. Apt. 32.

120TH, 423 WEST.—Large, airy, handsomely furnished rooms; also housekeeping suite. Apartment 53.

121ST ST., 414 WEST.—Newly decorated outside room; elevator; top. Apt. 63.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; near Subway, parks, and drive; Columbia grounds opposite; beautiful double room, with kitchenette; single room also; restaurant, reception room, roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

121ST, 147 WEST.—Large furnished room; southern exposure; all conveniences; private house.

122D, 523 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Single and en suite outside rooms, $3 up. Sherman.

129TH, 4 WEST.—Cool, large, airy rooms, all outside; near bath; modern. Maguire.

135TH, 601 WEST.—Light, airy room, comfortably furnished; elevator; private family; gentleman. Carroll.

137TH, 606 WEST.—Near Riverside Drive; desirable large front rooms; elevator; electricity; reasonable. Norbury.

170TH ST., 600 WEST.—Room for gentleman; conveniences; no other roomers. Apt. 51. Audubon 3830.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 200 WEST 22D ST.
(For Bachelors Only.)
Hotel and club conveniences at rooming house prices; new fireproof building; elevator; hot and cold running water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $6 to $8.50 weekly each.

CLAREMONT AV., 49, (113th St. West.)—Large outside rooms; continuous hot water; electricity; reference.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

COOL, COMFORTABLE ROOMS.
Front, $4, $5; suite, $10; select home, 350 West 23d St.

FAIRMONT PLACE, 725, (Bronx.)—Furnished rooms; private; between Clinton and Prospect Avs.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, corner 135th St.—Outside, airy, southern exposure; facing Hudson; elevator; shower, adjoining bath; gentlemen. Apartment 66.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful front room; electricity, running water; private family; small room; Summer rates; 91st Subway; references.

Bronx.

190TH, 66 EAST, (Bronx.)—Summer months, apartment five large, new, exceptionally cool rooms, overlooking St. James's and Poe parks; Christian family; references. Briggs, 2960 Fordham.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Twenty cents a line.

HERREW GENTLEMEN desire furnished room, with or without board. L 3 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

Large, light, attractive room, with bath adjoining; closet of closet room; electricity and gas; select. 64 East 58th.

Help Wanted Female

Twenty cents a line.

ASSISTANT bookkeeper; must be capable of taking off trial balances, neat and accurate; good salary to right party. J. J. Fehn & Co., 407-409 W. 13th St.

AWNING OPERATORS.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require the services of a number of experienced hands on awnings. Apply at upholstery workrooms, fifth floor.

BOOKKEEPER and CASHIER.—Insurance brokerage office requires the services of a young lady to act as bookkeeper and cashier; must be accurate, do neat work, and write a good hand; also be able to furnish good references as well as a bond if required. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary expected, Broker, E 309 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; graduated girl, quick at figures, experienced all around office work; $10; good opportunity for right party; references required. L 5 Times.

COMPANION.—A young woman wanted, of some education, as useful companion to semi-invalid lady in her home this city; no children; permanent position; state experience, creed, and salary desired; address in writing only. G. W. G., 74 Broadway.

COOK, &c.—Girl wanted to do plain cooking and general housework. Apply Apartment 12N, 601 West 110th St.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
Brooklyn, require a number of thoroughly experienced saleswomen for their shoe and hosiery departments. Apply to Superintendent, 4th floor, after 4 P. M.

MARCEL WAVER and MANICURIST.—First class, for out of town. Call or address Mrs. J. A. Scanlon, Hotel Woodstock, between 5 and 7 P. M.

MODELS.—A desirable position as dress model in fitting department for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust. Apply to P. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

NURSE wanted; experienced nurse for baby and young child; country for Summer; full details or no attention paid. Horatio, Plainfield, N. J.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34TH STREET, NEW YORK,
REQUIRE EXPERIENCED
GIRL PACKERS.

SALESLADY.—Excellent opportunity, saleslady for candy department; one with experience preferred. Apply between 12 and 1, Mr. Miller, Gray Drug Co., 43d St. and Broadway.

SALESWOMEN.—Experienced sales ladies wanted for cloaks and suits, 59 miles from New York; salary and commission. Inquire 12 West 31st St. sixth floor.

SPANISH YOUNG WOMAN, WELL EDUCATED, BRIGHT, AND UNDERSTANDING DRESSMAKING, CAPABLE OF MAKING GRAMMATICAL SPANISH TRANSLATIONS FROM THE ENGLISH. APPLY W. C. REED, BUTTERICK BUILDING, SPRING AND MACDOUGAL STS., NEW YORK.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR
TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Special Summer session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

PACKERS—Require experienced clothing and dry goods packers. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent, Subway Floor, East Building.

BOOKKEEPERS FOR CHARGE CUSTOMERS LEDGERS; ABLE TO HANDLE LARGE NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS; MUST WRITE GOOD ROUND HAND AND BE NEAT, RAPID, AND ACCURATE WORKERS; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY TO COMMENCE. ADDRESS COMPETENT, BOX L 6 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR wanted—one who thoroughly understands operating a Cadillac car; must be trustworthy and a careful driver; references necessary. D 8 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR wanted; useful man lawns; wife as cook; Staten Island; give references, wages, &c. Address E 311 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced and qualified to run Cadillac 1914 model car; must have personal city references. Address D 12 Times Annex.

CLERK. — LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS CONCERN HAS OPENING IN THE SALES DEPARTMENT FOR BRIGHT YOUNG MAN FAMILIAR WITH ORDER AND STOCK BOOKS; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. BOX P 287 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ESTIMATOR AND SOLICITOR by interior decorator; thoroughly experienced woodwork and furniture estimating and compiling figures; acquainted with manufacturing trades and good knowledge of values; practical draughtsman, accustomed to meeting clients and architects; preferred; good opening for right man. Write, stating experience, reference, and salary, L. M., 325, 1,364 Broadway.

FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMAN wanted, experienced in sugar refinery work; none other need apply; furnish references. Boy, Y 334 Times Annex.

FOUR young men, 25 to 35 years old, with accounting experience and knowledge of office systems; must be hard workers and anxious to get into the selling end with a first-class firm where they will be paid a salary while being trained to sell established high-grade office specialty; men who can qualify will be trained and placed in territories where they can make some money; write, stating why you think you can sell and give full experience.
Box E 235 Times Downtown.

MANAGER FOR CHARGE
LEDGER BOOKKEEPING
DEPARTMENT
REQUIRED BY A LARGE NEW YORK DEPARTMENT STORE; APPLICATIONS WANTED ONLY FROM THOSE WITH COMPLETE KNOWLEDGE OF SUCH DEPARTMENT. ADDRESS BOX S 37 TIMES.

SALESMEN wanted to follow up leads and inquiries on new and unique reference publication; commission only; $100 weekly can be averaged by competent man. Mr. Mansfield, 39 East 42d St., Room 3, afternoons only.

SALESMAN.—HIGH-CLASS WAIST SALESMAN WANTED TO REPRESENT A PROMINENT MANUFACTURER IN THE MIDDLE AND NORTH WEST. GIVE PARTICULARS. DRAWING ACCOUNT ALLOWED. ADDRESS Y 328 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN with own trade in ladies' underwear and negligees; references; commission. Box Y 331 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Best proposition in New York. Call Room 714, 182 Nassau St.

WE HAVE positively the easiest selling property and the best value for the money on the market; we pay no drawing accounts and furnish no leads, but for those who have clients or who can get clients or who know people whom they can interest in buying real estate we have property which they are sure to sell; we pay liberal commission and divide half the amount received with the salesman. Write or call. Wm. B. McLain, 47 W. 34th.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty cents a line.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Good marker and packer, capable taking entire charge; unless experienced handling shirts, pajamas, or kindred line, don't apply; state reference and salary desired. Write "Manufacturers," 104 E. 14th.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay; write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1001 C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

Agents Wanted.

Twenty cents a line.

AGENTS.—Men with selling ability wanted to sell life insurance; splendid opportunity; good commission. S. Samuel Wolfson, 45 Bible House, 9th St. and 3d Av.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

DRESSMAKING WORKROOM—Require for the Special Order Section experienced Sleeve Trimmers. Apply to Manager of Workroom, Fifth Floor, Central Building.
ALSO
DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING—Require a number of young girls as parcel wrappers. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, Subway Floor, Central Building.

ACCOUNTANT, stenographer, typewriter seeks position as secretary or office manager. L 1 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced manufacturing lines; stenographer, typewriting; references. E 298 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT, housekeeper, or assistant, hospital; experienced. Golden, 101 West 99th St.

BOOKKEEPER,
stenographer; several years' experience; open; close accounts; highest credentials. S 9 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—Experienced; high school education; reference. Sherr, 212 West 140th St.

COMPANION.—Parisian young lady, highly educated, desires situation as companion; would teach pure French and travel; exchange references. Yaladert, 2,170 Rue Wavery, Montreal, Canada.

COMPANION.—Lady to act as companion or chaperon to individual or party going abroad; experienced; best of references. E 312 Times Downtown.

COMPANION.—Middle-aged lady; experienced traveler; fine seamstress. N 22 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent; home, out. Telephone 2900 Audubon. Apartment 26, 569 West 150th St.

ENGLISH speaking Polish girls; state positions. Polish-American Agency, 184 2d Av.

FRENCH GIRL, newly arrived, wishes position private family. Bolvin, 119 West 63d St. 'Phone 5215 Columbus.

GOVERNESS.—Family unable to have governess with them this Summer, would like to find a position for her during the Summer months; a capable French woman; good with children, or as traveling companion. Box N 153 Times.

HOUSEWORKER.—Neat, reliable colored girl; general housework, day's work, or half time; willing, obliging; reference. Weeks, 64 West 90th St.

NEAT COLORED GIRL wants half-time work, in forenoon; reference. Care J. Scott, 504 or 506 Lenox Av.

NURSE.—Graduate of massage Institute, Stockholm, Sweden, with hospital experience, wishes position as masseuse and nurse for invalid lady; highest reference. Djerf, 242 East 50th.

NURSE.—Young lady, experienced nurse, wants position as companion or nurse to invalid. Address P. O. Box 243, Chatham, N. J.

NURSE.—Care invalid lady, gentleman; efficient, capable; hospital training. F. L., Times, Harlem.

SECRETARY.—COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN WITH EXECUTIVE ABILITY SEEKS POSITION AS SECRETARY WHERE CONSCIENTIOUS EFFORT AND INTELLIGENCE WILL BE REWARDED; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS FURNISHED. ADDRESS B 28 TIMES ANNEX.

SECRETARY, CORRESPONDENT, EXPERIENCE, EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY, DESIRES POSITION; EXCELLENT REFERENCE. D 10 TIMES ANNEX.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, CONFIDENTIAL ASSISTANT.—Highly educated; several years' experience; (25;) assume responsibility; unquestionable references; $17. E 288 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, secretary, confidential assistant; 6 years' experience; accurate, reliable, painstaking; $14; references. Miss Benson, 411 West 128th.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; clean cut; broad, technical experience; well cultured; highest credentials; $12. E 283 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright American girl, beginner; office assistant; two years' high school; refined; no agency; $8. E 266 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; long experience, trial balance; accurate figurer; exceptional ability; reference; no stenog. Solomon, 11 Avenue E.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent to make good; do utmost to please. Eleanor Casey, 695 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, 3½ years' experience; good references; law office preferred; salary, $12. M. Gerosa, 1,220 53d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Bright, intelligent beginner; business school graduate; $6. E 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, willing; business school graduate; refined American; $6. E 297 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; best references; moderate salary. R. Lerman, 479 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, excellent qualifications; reference; small salary. B., 959 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined, capable; understands office requirements; references. C., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; intelligent correspondent; executive ability; $10, $12. B. S., 14 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, two years; conscientious worker; reliable; best of references: $8. B 38 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TELEPHONE OPERATOR.—Two years' experience; $8; references. E 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years; familiar with filing, billing, &c.; $10; references. E 307 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Limited experience; high school graduate; wishes position; $6. E 244 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; any standard machine; references; $15. E 250 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; high school graduate; competent; $15. E 310 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner

SEES RAILWAY RUIN IN RAYBURN BILL

Would Break Up Systems and Force Many Roads Into Bankruptcy, Says Lovett.

HANDICAP ON FINANCING

Ripley Predicts Dead Stop to New Construction if Bill Is Passed—New Haven Books "Falsified."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Bankruptcy for many of the now solvent railroads would follow the enactment of the Rayburn anti-trust bill, as it now stands, Judge Robert S. Lovett, President of the Union Pacific Railroad, told the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee today. A. H. Harris, General Counsel for the New York Central, and Edward P. Ripley, President of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé, took substantially the same view.

Judge Lovett objected to the section which prohibited a person from serving on more than one railroad board without the consent of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"Take the case of the Union Pacific," he said. "We own every share of the stock of the Oregon Short Line, by which we get to Portland from Salt Lake City. Under this bill we could not have the same traffic officers, the same President—the head of the system could not unify his management. It would prevent the standardizing of equipment, of maintenance, and operation. It would mean the turning of the wheels of progress backward and destroying the continuity of management.

"The Union Pacific is not peculiar in this respect. Should this bill pass and be enforced, the New York Central would terminate at Buffalo, the Pennsylvania would be cut in two at Pittsburgh, and the Baltimore & Ohio would terminate at Parkersburg, W. Va. The Southern Pacific, a continuous ocean-and-rail line from New York to San Francisco, and through to Portland, Ore., would be divided into seven or eight parts."

"If your Directors were compelled to get off the boards of these subsidiary companies, would it not compel you to use dummy Directors?" asked Senator Brandegee.

"That would be the natural consequence," said Judge Lovett. "But what I want to call attention to is what would be the evident intention of the law, which would be to divorce the properties, and break up the continuity of management.

Implies Pardoning Power.

"I called the attention yesterday of Interstate Commerce Commissioners Clements and Hall to this situation, and they said they might obviate the difficulty by permitting us, to continue with the same officers and Directors. That might work out all right in our case, but I submit that it is practically asking Congress to pass a law to condemn a condition and then relying on a pardoning power to excuse what would otherwise be a violation of the law. There never has been, to my knowledge, any objection to the control of a continuous line of railroad by one management. That has always been regarded as a big benefit to the country.

"Many of the companies that own links in the big chains have issued bonds and other securities, the value of which would be seriously affected by such a splitting up of the railroads."

"Would you be satisfied if this clause regarding the Directors were limited to prohibiting them from serving on boards of competing railroads?" asked Senator Brandegee.

"If such a regulation should be made, and should not be made retroactive," said Judge Lovett, "I think the railroads would have no objection to it, provided, of course, the test of competition were made the Sherman law, and not merely the pack of competing lines.

"Another clause of the bill to which I particularly object is that which prevents the issuance of new securities by a railroad company except where they are, in the language of the bill, 'necessary in the public interest to the proper performance of its service for the public.' Such a provision would absolutely prohibit the purchase, for instance, of a branch line. Such a purchase could not be considered 'necessary in the public interest to the proper performance of its service for the public.'

Brake on Improvements.

"This provision would also prevent us from making improvements out of cash on hand, and later recouping the treasury by the sale of bonds, so as to restore the amount of cash on hand for the purpose for which it was being saved. This is a universal practice of all railroads—to make improvements out of cash on hand, and sell the bonds when the market is right."

"Couldn't you arrange in advance for the commission's permission?" asked Senator Saulsbury.

"We would have to state in detail, according to this bill, just what we proposed to do with the money," said Judge Lovett. "We might change our minds about what we wanted to do."

Judge Lvett pointed out that the bill would usurp many State functions and deny to the railroads the right to exercise privileges given to them by the States, while at the same time it would not take away the State supervision by providing Federal incorporation. He explained the difficulties in waiting for a long time before the commission for permission to sell securities, and said that this might result in a lower price or the good market passing.

Senator Sulsbury inquired about a provision forcing the companies to sell securities direct to the public by competitive bidding. Judge Lovett declared that his might not injure strong companies materially, although he did not think they would get as good prices for their bonds, but that it would seriously injure small companies which the general public did not know so well.

Mr. Ripley of the Santa Fé said that the proposed law in regard to the issuance of new securities would put a dead stop to the construction of new branch lines and roads in the wilderness.

"Probably that it what is intended," he added, smiling, "and I don't suppose the old roads would make any material objection to that policy."

He advocated the widest possible publicity for all security issues.

"Would you favor holdings Directors' meetings in public?" asked Senator Saulsbury.

"That would be a grave mistake," said Mr. Ripley. "Suppose we wanted to discuss the purchase of a branch line or of a coal mine or of some pending labor trouble, do you think we would want that discussion public? Why, such a course would make business secrets impossible."

Asked whether open Directors' meetings would not have prevented the New Haven troubles, he said:

New Haven Books "Falsified."

"In the first place, there was plain falsifying of the books of the New Haven, which apparently showed that there were sufficient earnings for dividends. That could not be avoided by publicity. Then apparently there were errors in judgment in the purchase of properties, acts which were extremely injudicious, but not criminal."

"It would be a physical impossibility," said Mr. Harris of the New York Central, "for the Interstate Commerce Commission, as at present constituted, to supervise the issuance of new securities by all the railroads of the country."

He argued that the best thing that could be done at this time would be to provide that all railroads should give notice to the Interstate Commerce Commission before issuing any new stocks or bonds. The resulting publicity, he said, would tend to check improper issues and to prevent large underwriting profits.

"If, after this has been tried a few years, it is found that something more is needed," he concluded, "it will be easy enough to give the Commerce Commission more power."

The proper method of dealing with the common carriers, he declared, was not by such legislation as was being discussed in Congress, but by a Federal incorporation act, so that State regulations would not hamper the roads.

"I'd like to adopt that plan," said Senator Cummins, "but I think you would have to get the consent of the States."

Mr. Harris did not think this objection would prove too great to be overcome.

MRS. CLAUSSEN SUES JUDGE

Says Rosalsky Defamed Her Character After Conviction.

Mrs. Ida Claussen, who is in the Blackwell's Island Penitentiary, where she was sent for sending a threatening letter to Charles Strauss, President of the Board of Water Supply, had summonses filed yesterday by her lawyer, Randolph M. Newman of 37 Liberty Street, in suits for $250,000 each against Judge Otto A. Rosalsky of General Sessions and Mr. Strauss. Judge Rosalsky presided at her trial last month, which ended in a conviction.

No complaints were filed in the suits, but Mr. Newman told reporters that the suit against Judge Rosalsky was for defamation of character and that the suit against Mr. Strauss was for the part he played in connection with her indictment and trial. Mr. Newman further said that Dr. William F. Honan, from whom Mrs. Claussen got a divorce in South Dakota in 1905, would be served with a summons in a suit for $250,000.

Twenty days are allowed Judge Rosalsky and Mr. Strauss in which to file their answer. The actions, Mr. Newman said, would not be brought in New York County, but would come up in some nearby county, probably Westchester. The action against Judge Rosalsky, Mr. Newman said, was not for any part he took in the trial, but for remarks which he is alleged to have made after the verdict was brought in.

"Judge Rosalsky" said that Mrs. Claussen ought to be in some institution, and, furthermore, he read from a decision by Judge Mills in which it was said that Mrs. Claussen was insane," Mr. Newman said.

The lawyer showed the reporters copies of letters which he wrote to Mayor Mitchel, requesting Mr. Strauss's dismissal from the Board of Water Supply; to the Bar Association, asking for disbarment proceedings, and to District Attorney Whitman, in which it is suggested that proceedings be brought against Mr. Strauss for his testimony at the trial.

CONGO, BABY HIPPO'S NAME.

Little Miss Mandelkern Calls Lion Cubs Panama and Manila.

It was naming day in the Central Park Zoo yesterday, and names were conferred on the new hippo baby, and the two lion cubs that the children of the city have been so interested in lately, by 10-year-old Isolde Mandelkern, sister of Mrs. L. W. Fehr, whose husband is Secretary of the Park Board. The lion cubs were brought out to a patch of grass outside the lion house and the girl dropped flowers on them as they played about her feet like overgrown kittens. They didn't pay any attention at all when she said "I christen thee Panama" and "I christen thee Manila," but Bill Snyder, the only person who is sure he knows them apart, will see that they are brought up properly, so that no mistake such as Little Buttercup made over Capt. Corcoran and Ralph Rackstraw mars their lives.

There wasn't anything but democratic simplicity connected with the christening of the baby hippo. It was done indoors, and little Miss Mandelkern just reached through the great bars of the tank, threw some carnations, and said, "I christen thee Congo." Congo promptly ate the flowers. The ceremony seemed to touch his little hippopotamic heart, and he smiled a ten-inch smile. The gigantic hippo mother over in the corner recognized at this moment that her thirteenth offspring was being honored, and she added her two-foot grin to the general effect. The sponsors were Park Commissioner Ward, Secretary and Mrs. Fehr, all the animal keepers in the Zoo and as many of the public as could crowd within seeing distance.

SECT BANS AUTOMOBILE.

German Baptists Advise Against Owning or Operating Them.

Special to The New York Times.

FRANKFORT, Ind., June 3.—At the National Conference of the German Baptist Church, commonly called the Dunkards, which is in session on the Metzger Farm, north of this city, arguments were made against the use of automobiles by members of the church, after which a vote was taken. Three thousand votes were cast against the use of the automobiles, while only three delegates in the convention voted for it. The conference adopted this resolution:

Whereas, We realize the difficulty and unpleasantness in dealing with the automobile spirit, we advise all churches not to allow their members to own or operate an automobile, automobile truck, motor cycle, or any motor vehicle, at least until such time as they become in general use or until we get more light on the subject.

The leaders in the convention spoke strongly in favor of the resolution which was greeted with a storm of amens.

When this vote was taken, seven acres were reserved for the parking of automobiles of members of the organization. A count showed that 956 automobiles were driven to the grounds.

NEWCASTLE, Penn., June 3.—Members of the United Presbyterian Church who are members of clubs having sideboards, attorneys who represent applicants for liquor licenses or property owners who rent their buildings for saloons may be disciplined by the church of their membership if the individual churches care to take up the question, according to the conclusion reached by the General Assembly here today.

AGAIN POULTRY MEN CHARGE MONOPOLY

Federal Authorities Investigate Jobbers' Allegation of Attempt to Control Market.

SHIPMENTS HELD, THEY SAY

Sand and Gravel Fed to Half-Starved Chickens to Increase Weight, It Is Charged.

Despite the recent convictions of some members of a combination charged with attempting to create a monopoly to maintain higher prices in the live poultry trade, new combinations have been formed to accomplish the same results in a new way, it was charged by jobbers yesterday. The jobbers, who were members of the New York Live Poultry Dealers' Association, at a meeting held at 18 Tenth Avenue, accused Western shippers, and also agents and receivers of consignments here, of a systematic effort not only to fix prices, but to control the market.

This latest complaint, which has been presented to the Federal District Attorney on the ground that the Interstate Commerce law has been violated, charges that car shipments are held back, and other cars in the railway yards on the Jersey shore are not permitted to be unloaded when the market does not suit those alleged to be in control of the general supply. Assistant United States District Attorney Knox, who is now engaged in an investigation, has received copies of telegrams alleged to have passed between shippers and agents and receivers here advising hold-up of shipments.

It is further alleged that the consumer is swindled by the methods of feeding live poultry for this market. Just before chickens are unloaded sand and gravel are fed them to increase their weight, and the customer must ultimately pay for this extra weight, it is charged. The fowls are said to be usually starved previous to the feeding, so that they readily devour the dead weight in their food. Telegrams ordering this feeding and others instructing a continuation of the starving method, which passed between agents here and the Western Live Poultry Shippers' Association at Kansas City, it is alleged, have been obtained by the jobbers for evidence.

A half dozen scrawny chickens, with crops distended to a size larger than the regulation baseball, were taken to the meeting by the jobbers and laid on the desk of their President, William Simon, as samples of what deception the trade was practicing upon the public.

"There is about a pound and a half of feed sand and gravel in this chicken, which is paid for at the rate today of 16 cents a pound to the jobber," said M. Frankel, Secretary, holding up one of the exhibits. "It raises the cost to the consumer to about 35 cents a pound."

About 80 per cent. of the live poultry received here goes to the Jewish trade. While purchases are made five days in the week by the jobbers, butchers and slaughter houses, the bulk of the retail trade is confined to Friday of each week. The remainder, or 20 per cent. of the supply, is taken by the Gentile trade. The weekly supply required is approximately 110 cars, each averaging 5,000 chickens.

The price for live poultry yesterday was advanced to 16 cents a pound—one cent higher than the day previous. The sellers demanded this on the basis of supply and demand, but the jobbers insisted it was a false standard created by the refusal to unload cars. It was charged that eight cars of poultry were being held on the Baltimore & Ohio tracks at Jersey City, ten at the Erie terminal, and ten at the Lackawanna station.

"By the present system of juggling prices a jobber or dealer never knows whether he will make any profit or have a heavy loss for the week," said Philip Cohen, a jobber at 420 Keap Street, Brooklyn. "Last week, for instance, I had a net loss of $900. I bought for delivery to meet Friday's trade. After the shippers and receivers had unloaded on the market the prices were out 4 cents below what I had paid."

All of the 100 or more jobbers at the meeting agreed to refuse to pay the advance in prices, but afterward some of them were compelled to buy at the higher rate to protect their customers. Not more than 50 per cent. of the usual trade was transacted. Some of the large wholesalers, who were accused of "kiting" the prices, overbid the jobbers, and through a chain of retail shops controlled by the wholesalers made arrangements to compete directly with the jobbers and their customers.

Many of the jobbers said they were warned that their refusal to purchase at the prices demanded would result in a cut-price competition to bring them to terms. This threat, they said, meant that they would run the risk of losing a large part of their trade. The fear of this result caused some of them to break their meeting agreement and hasten to buy what they needed at the higher price.

Near the pier of the Cunard Line, in the North River, at Fourteenth Street, where a large part of the live poultry trade was delivered from the cars across the North River, an angry crowd of dealers and jobbers threatend to mob some of the representatives of the shippers, whom they charged with holding back cars of freight to "bull" the market. The police prevented actual hostilities.

Conditions similar to those here also applied to the Philadelphia, Newark, and Boston markets, it was said, so far as prices were concerned.

MITCHEL'S DAY IN CHICAGO.

Mayor Visits Schools, City Hall, Court, and Twice Is Entertained.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 3.—John Purroy Mitchel, Mayor of New York, spent a busy twelve hours today. Whisked away from the Blackstone Hotel at 9 o'clock this morning, visiting four schools in one hour, rushed to the City Hall for a reception, following the intricate machinery of government for an hour, and then shot in an automobile through a bracing lake breeze to the City Club for luncheon, the visitor admitted that there was nothing slow about the city except the way the clocks ran.

Following the luncheon in the City Club, Mayor Mitchel visited City Hall, where he was received by Corporation Counsel W. H. Sexton on behalf of Mayor Harrison, who is out of town. He later visited the Municipal Court and held a brief conference with Chief Justice Olson regarding the work of the city courts here.

Alderman Charles E. Merriam and Charles R. Crane gave a dinner in Mayor Mitchel's honor this evening, and at 8:30 o'clock he left over the Lake Shore road for Auburn, N. Y.

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Trusty Warner Hatter to Mr. Goodrosser

"Trifles do not make perfection,
But perfection is made up of trifles."

Continued observance of that time-proven maxim may account for the fact that Churchill's cuisine in the opinion of the discriminating is unequalled—served in such a manner as to give a new meaning to "a la carte service."

It may also explain the fact that its Special Dinner, six to nine, $1.35, represents a culinary achievement.

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